

Product Datasheet

PSD-95 Antibody (6G6-1C9) - BSA Free NB300-556

Unit Size: 100 uL

Store at -20C. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles.

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NB300-556

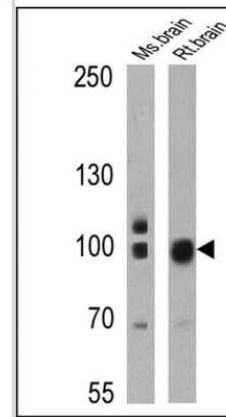
PSD-95 Antibody (6G6-1C9) - BSA Free

Product Information	
Unit Size	100 uL
Concentration	3.3 mg/ml
Storage	Store at -20C. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles.
Clonality	Monoclonal
Clone	6G6-1C9
Preservative	0.05% Sodium Azide
Isotype	IgG2a
Purity	Protein A purified
Buffer	PBS
Product Description	
Description	Novus Biologicals Mouse PSD-95 Antibody (6G6-1C9) - BSA Free (NB300-556) is a monoclonal antibody validated for use in IHC, WB, Flow, ICC/IF, IP and ChIP. Anti-PSD-95 Antibody: Cited in 32 publications. All Novus Biologicals antibodies are covered by our 100% guarantee.
Host	Mouse
Gene ID	1742
Gene Symbol	DLG4
Species	Human, Mouse, Rat, Invertebrate, Primate
Reactivity Notes	Invertebrate reactivity reported in scientific literature (PMID: 18182049). Primate reactivity reported in scientific literature (PMID: 20519524). Please note that this antibody is reactive to Mouse and derived from the same host, Mouse. Additional Mouse on Mouse blocking steps may be required for IHC and ICC experiments. Please contact Technical Support for more information.
Marker	post-Synaptic Marker
Specificity/Sensitivity	Detects Post Synaptic Density 95 kDa (PSD-95) from rat tissues.
Immunogen	Purified recombinant rat PSD-95.
Product Application Details	
Applications	Western Blot, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin, Flow Cytometry, Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence, Immunohistochemistry, Immunohistochemistry-Frozen, Immunoprecipitation, Block/Neutralize, Chromatin Immunoprecipitation (ChIP)
Recommended Dilutions	Western Blot 1:2000, Flow Cytometry 2 ug / test (100ul), Immunohistochemistry 1:10 - 1:500, Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence 1:100 - 1:2000, Immunoprecipitation 1:10 - 1:500, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin 1:10 - 1:500, Immunohistochemistry-Frozen 1:10 - 1:500, Chromatin Immunoprecipitation (ChIP) 1:10-1:500, Block/Neutralize
Application Notes	WB: Detects an approx. 95 kDa protein and a slightly larger band in rat brain extracts. Flow usage was reported in scientific literature (PMID: 19187438). IHC usage was reported in scientific literature (PMID: 21289286). IHC-Fr usage was reported in scientific literature (PMID: 24875483).



Images

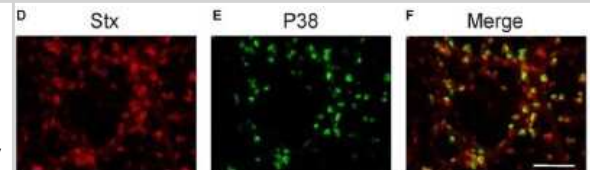
Western Blot: PSD-95 Antibody (6G6-1C9) [NB300-556] - Analysis of 25 ug of mouse brain (lane 1) and rat brain (lane 2) cell lysates.



Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence: PSD-95 Antibody (6G6-1C9) [NB300-556] - Control immunolocalization of plasma membrane AMPA receptor subunits (external epitopes) in hippocampal neuronal cultures. (H) Immunolabeling of non-permeabilized neuronal cultures with anti-GluA1 (green). (I) Immunolabeling with the postsynaptic marker anti-PSD95 [66] after permeabilization of neuronal cultures. (J) Merging of (H) and (I) showing postsynaptic labeling of GluA1. Scale bar (valid for all images): 10 um. Image collected and cropped by CiteAb from the following publication (<https://dx.plos.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0140868>), licensed under a CC-BY license.



Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin: PSD-95 Antibody (6G6-1C9) [NB300-556] - Confocal images of dissociated hippocampal cultures. Double labeling with anti-syntaxin-1 (D) and synaptophysin (E) indicates that syntaxin-1 is colocalized with presynaptic marker (F). Image collected and cropped by CiteAb from the following publication (<https://journal.frontiersin.org/Article/10.3389/fnmol.2016.00010/abstract>), licensed under a CC-BY license.



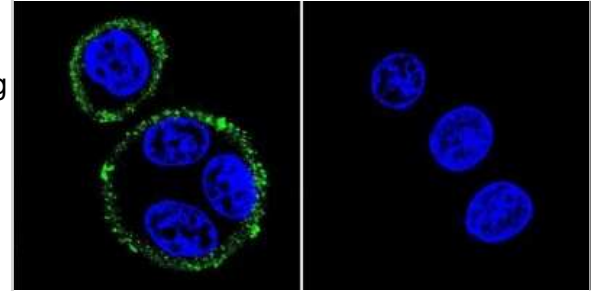
Flow Cytometry: PSD-95 Antibody (6G6-1C9) [NB300-556] - An intracellular stain was performed on HeLa cells with PSD-95 Antibody (6G6-1C9) NB300-556AF488 (blue) and a matched isotype control (orange). Cells were fixed with 4% PFA and then permeablized with 0.1% saponin. Cells were incubated in an antibody dilution of 10 ug/mL for 30 minutes at room temperature. Both antibodies were conjugated to Alexa Fluor 488.



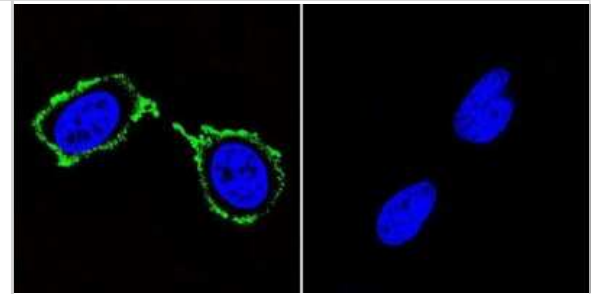
Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence: PSD-95 Antibody (6G6-1C9) [NB300-556] - Analysis of PSD95 using PSD95 Monoclonal antibody (6G6-1C9) shows staining in HeLa cells. PSD95 staining (green), F-Actin staining with Phalloidin (red) and nuclei with DAPI (blue) is shown. Cells were grown on chamber slides and fixed with formaldehyde prior to staining. Cells were probed without (control) or with or an antibody recognizing PSD95 at a dilution of 1:100-1:200 overnight at 4C, washed with PBS and incubated with a DyLight-488 conjugated.



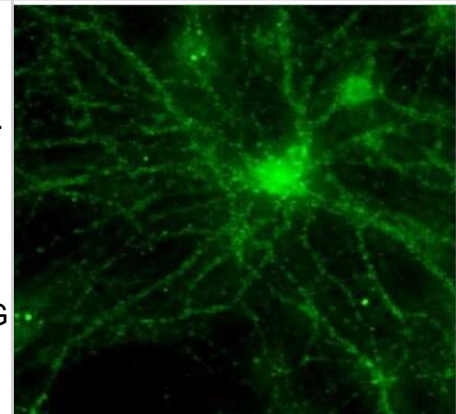
Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence: PSD-95 Antibody (6G6-1C9) [NB300-556] - Analysis of PSD95 using PSD95 Monoclonal antibody (6G6-1C9) shows staining in U251 glioma cells. PSD95 staining (green), F-Actin staining with Phalloidin (red) and nuclei with DAPI (blue) is shown. Cells were grown on chamber slides and fixed with formaldehyde prior to staining. Cells were probed without (control) or with or an antibody recognizing PSD95 at a dilution of 1:100-1:200 overnight at 4C, washed with PBS and incubated with a DyLight-488 conjugated.



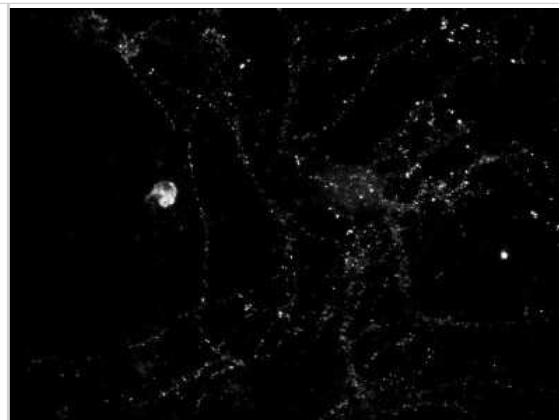
Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence: PSD-95 Antibody (6G6-1C9) [NB300-556] - Analysis of PSD95 using PSD95 Monoclonal antibody (6G6-1C9) shows staining in C6 glioma cells. PSD95 staining (green), F-Actin staining with Phalloidin (red) and nuclei with DAPI (blue) is shown. Cells were grown on chamber slides and fixed with formaldehyde prior to staining. Cells were probed without (control) or with or an antibody recognizing PSD95 at a dilution of 1:100-1:200 overnight at 4C, washed with PBS and incubated with a DyLight-488 conjugated.



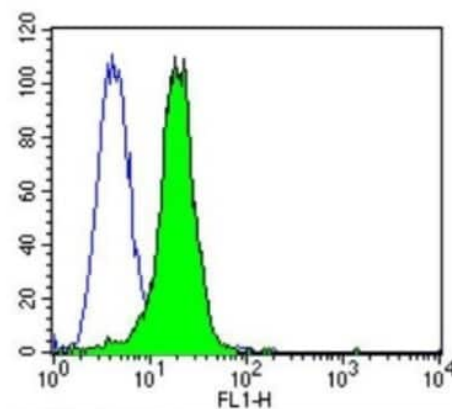
Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence: PSD-95 Antibody (6G6-1C9) [NB300-556] - Analysis of Post Synaptic Density 95kD protein (PSD95, green) in cultured primary cortical neurons. Primary cortical neurons are isolated and cultured using the Primary Neuron Isolation Kit. At day 28, neurons were fixed with 4% paraformaldehyde, permeabilized with 0.1% triton X-100 in HBSS for 10 minutes at room temperature, and blocked with 3% BSA in PBS for 30 minutes at room temperature. Cells were probed with a PSD95 monoclonal antibody at a dilution of 1:500 for 2 hours at room temperature or overnight at 4C, washed with HBSS, and incubated with DyLight 488 goat anti-mouse IgG secondary antibody at dilution of 1:500 for 1 hour at room temperature.



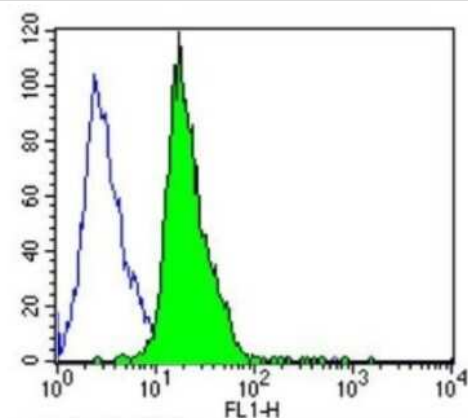
Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence: PSD-95 Antibody (6G6-1C9) [NB300-556] - Mixed 3 week old rat cortical cultures (21 DIV) were labelled with anti-PSD95 (1:650) and visualised with anti-mouse Alexa647 (1:2000). The antibody labels small punctae along neuronal processes as expected. This image was submitted via customer Review.



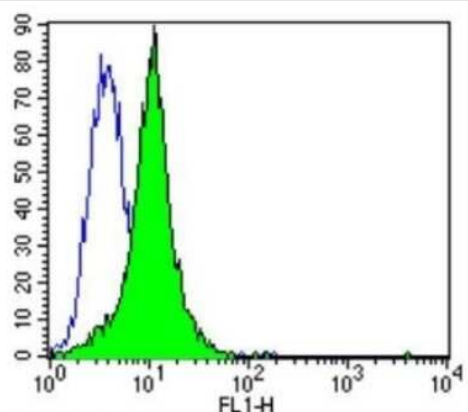
Flow Cytometry: PSD-95 Antibody (6G6-1C9) [NB300-556] - Analysis of PSD95 in Neuro-2a cells compared to an isotype control (blue).



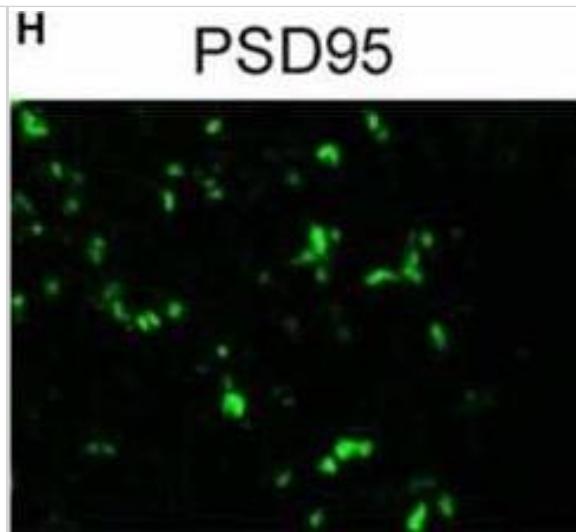
Flow Cytometry: PSD-95 Antibody (6G6-1C9) [NB300-556] - Analysis of PSD95 in SH-SY5Y cells compared to an isotype control (blue).



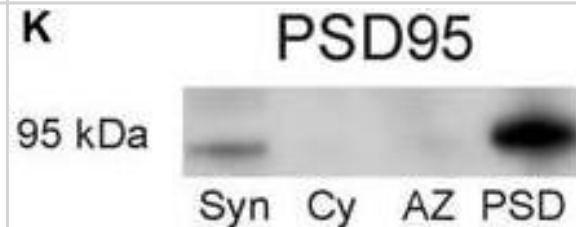
Flow Cytometry: PSD-95 Antibody (6G6-1C9) [NB300-556] - Analysis of PSD95 in U87-MG cells compared to an isotype control (blue).



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence: PSD-95 Antibody (6G6-1C9) - BSA Free [NB300-556] - Confocal images of dissociated hippocampal cultures. Double labeling with anti-syntaxin-1 (A) & anti-Tuj1 (B) demonstrates that syntaxin-1 is located along the dendrites & gives characteristic punctate labeling (C). Double labeling with antibodies against syntaxin-1 (D) & synaptophysin (E) indicates that syntaxin-1 is colocalized with presynaptic marker (F). Double labeling for syntaxin-1 (G) & PSD-95 (H) shows partial colocalization postsynaptic (I). Scale bars: 10 μ m. (J–L) Western blot analysis of synaptosomes (Syn), synaptic cytosolic fraction (Cy), active zone (AZ) & post synaptic density (PSD). Labeled with anti-synaptophysin (J) anti-PSD95 (K) & anti-syntaxin-1 (L). Image collected & cropped by CiteAb from the following publication (<http://journal.frontiersin.org/Article/10.3389/fnmol.2016.00010/abstract>), licensed under a CC-BY license. Not internally tested by Novus Biologicals.



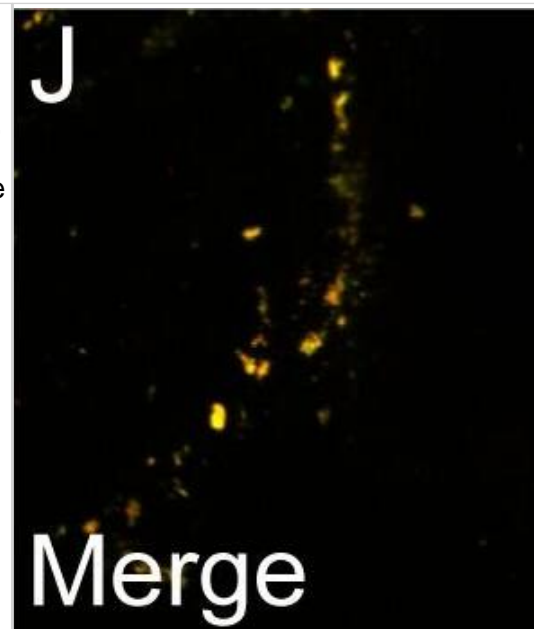
Western Blot: PSD-95 Antibody (6G6-1C9) - BSA Free [NB300-556] - Confocal images of dissociated hippocampal cultures. Double labeling with anti-syntaxin-1 (A) & anti-Tuj1 (B) demonstrates that syntaxin-1 is located along the dendrites & gives characteristic punctate labeling (C). Double labeling with antibodies against syntaxin-1 (D) & synaptophysin (E) indicates that syntaxin-1 is colocalized with presynaptic marker (F). Double labeling for syntaxin-1 (G) & PSD-95 (H) shows partial colocalization postsynaptic (I). Scale bars: 10 μ m. (J–L) Western blot analysis of synaptosomes (Syn), synaptic cytosolic fraction (Cy), active zone (AZ) & post synaptic density (PSD). Labeled with anti-synaptophysin (J) anti-PSD95 (K) & anti-syntaxin-1 (L). Image collected & cropped by CiteAb from the following publication (<http://journal.frontiersin.org/Article/10.3389/fnmol.2016.00010/abstract>), licensed under a CC-BY license. Not internally tested by Novus Biologicals.



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence: PSD-95 Antibody (6G6-1C9) - BSA Free [NB300-556] - Confocal images of dissociated hippocampal cultures. Double labeling with anti-TUJ1 (A) & anti-VAMP2 (B) demonstrates that VAMP2 is located along the dendrites & gives characteristic punctate labeling (C). Double labeling with antibodies against synaptophysin (P38) (D) & VAMP2 (E) indicates that VAMP2 is colocalized with the presynaptic marker (F). Double labeling for PSD-95 (G) & VAMP2 (H) shows partial colocalization postsynaptic (I). Small, high-resolution pictures of single synapses from (F) & (I) are shown in the right part of these images, respectively. Scale bar: 20 μ m. Image collected & cropped by CiteAb from the following publication (<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/26488171/>), licensed under a CC-BY license. Not internally tested by Novus Biologicals.



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence: PSD-95 Antibody (6G6-1C9) - BSA Free [NB300-556] - Control immunolocalization of plasma membrane AMPA receptor subunits (external epitopes) in hippocampal neuronal cultures. (A) Beta-tubulin (green, anti-TuJ1) labeling of dendrite, after anti-GluA1 external epitope [66] labeling & subsequent plasma membrane permeabilization. Note punctate GluA1 [66] labeling along the dendrite. (B) Synaptophysin (P38, green) & GluA1 [66]. (C) Synaptophysin (green) & GluA2 [66]. (D) Labeling with anti-GluA1. (E) Labeling with anti-GluA1, but the antibody was preincubated with the peptide antigen before staining. (F) Labeling with anti-GluA2. (G) Labeling with anti-GluA2, but the antibody was preincubated with the peptide antigen before staining. (H) Immunolabeling of non-permeabilized neuronal cultures with anti-GluA1 (green). (I) Immunolabeling with the postsynaptic marker anti-PSD95 [66] after permeabilization of neuronal cultures. (J) Merging of (H) & (I) showing postsynaptic labeling of GluA1. Scale bar (in A, valid for all images): 10 μm . Image collected & cropped by CiteAb from the following publication (<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/26488171>), licensed under a CC-BY license. Not internally tested by Novus Biologicals.



Publications

Bose C, Hindle A, Smith S et al. Low-dose dietary vorinostat increases brain histone acetylation levels and reduces oxidative stress in an Alzheimer's disease mouse model. *Journal of Alzheimer's disease : JAD* 2025-07-01 [PMID: 40598871]

Mei Y, Gosztyla M, Tan X et al. Integrated multi-omic characterizations of the synapse reveal RNA processing factors and ubiquitin ligases associated with neurodevelopmental disorders. *Cell systems* 2025-03-03 [PMID: 40054464]

Bareghamyan A, Deng C, Daoudi S et al. A toolbox for ablating excitatory and inhibitory synapses *eLife* 2025-04-29 [PMID: 40298577]

Zhang Z, Pilch J, Lundt S et al. A sensory and motor neuropathy caused by a genetic variant of NAMPT *Science advances* 2025-09-26 [PMID: 41004591]

Diaz A, Torre E, Yepes M. Preparation of Synaptoneurosomes to Study the Synapse in the Murine Cerebral Cortex *BIO-PROTOCOL* 2021-01-20 [PMID: 33732785]

Muangsanit P, Chailangkarn T, Tanwattana N et al. Hydrogel-based 3D human iPSC-derived neuronal culture for the study of rabies virus infection *Frontiers in Cellular and Infection Microbiology* 2023-08-25 [PMID: 37692167]

C Morel, A Christophe, K Maguin-Gat, J Paoli, JD Turner, H Schroeder, N Grova Head-to-Head Study of Developmental Neurotoxicity and Resultant Phenotype in Rats: alpha-Hexabromocyclododecane versus Valproic Acid, a Recognized Model of Reference for Autism Spectrum Disorders *Toxics*, 2022-04-06;10(4):. 2022-04-06 [PMID: 35448441]

Zhang N, Zhang Z, He R et al. GLAST-CreER(T2) mediated deletion of GDNF increases brain damage and exacerbates long-term stroke outcomes after focal ischemic stroke in mouse model *Glia* 2020-06-04 [PMID: 32497340]

Fournier LA, Phadke RA, Salgado M et Al. Overexpression of the schizophrenia risk gene C4 in PV cells drives sex-dependent behavioral deficits and circuit dysfunction *iScience* 2024-08-30 [PMID: 39310747]

Wang X, Zhang Q, Bao R et Al. Deletion of Nampt in Projection Neurons of Adult Mice Leads to Motor Dysfunction, Neurodegeneration, and Death *Cell Rep* 2018-06-12 [PMID: 28854367]

Jun Noguchi, Satoshi Watanabe, Tomofumi Oga, Risa Isoda, Keiko Nakagaki, Kazuhisa Sakai, Kayo Sumida, Kohei Hoshino, Koichi Saito, Izuru Miyawaki, Eriko Sugano, Hiroshi Tomita, Hiroaki Mizukami, Akiya Watakabe, Tetsuo Yamamori, Noritaka Ichinohe Altered projection-specific synaptic remodeling and its modification by oxytocin in an idiopathic autism marmoset model *Communications Biology* 2024-05-27 [PMID: 38802535]

Scaduto P, Lauterborn JC, Cox CD et al. Functional excitatory to inhibitory synaptic imbalance and loss of cognitive performance in people with Alzheimer's disease neuropathologic change *Acta neuropathologica* 2022-12-20 [PMID: 36538112] (FLOW, Human)

Details:

Dilution used in flow 1:80

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HAF007	Goat anti-Mouse IgG Secondary Antibody [HRP]
NB7539	Goat anti-Mouse IgG (H+L) Secondary Antibody [HRP]
NBP1-96778	Mouse IgG2a Isotype Control (M2A)

Limitations

This product is for research use only and is not approved for use in humans or in clinical diagnosis. Primary Antibodies are guaranteed for 1 year from date of receipt.

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