

# Certificate of Analysis

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**Product Name:** Calcitonin (human)

**Catalog No.:** 6031

**Batch No.:** 9

CAS Number: 21215-62-3

## 1. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Batch Molecular Formula:** C<sub>151</sub>H<sub>226</sub>N<sub>40</sub>O<sub>45</sub>S<sub>3</sub>  
**Batch Molecular Weight:** 3417.87  
**Physical Appearance:** White lyophilised solid  
**Counter Ion:** TFA  
**Solubility:** Soluble to 2 mg/ml in water  
**Storage:** Store at -20°C  
**Peptide Sequence:**  
Cys-Gly-Asn-Leu-Ser-Thr-Cys-Met-Leu-Gly-  
 Thr-Tyr-Thr-Gln-Asp-Phe-Asn-Lys-Phe-His-  
 Thr-Phe-Pro-Gln-Thr-Ala-Ile-Gly-Val-Gly-Ala-  
 Pro-NH<sub>2</sub>

## 2. ANALYTICAL DATA

**HPLC:** Shows 97.4% purity  
**Mass Spectrum:** Consistent with structure

## 3. AMINO ACID ANALYSIS DATA

Amino Acid Theoretical Actual			Amino Acid Theoretical Actual		
Ala	2.00	2.03	Lys	1.00	1.01
Arg	0.00	Not Detected	Met	1.00	0.98
Asx	3.00	3.03	Phe	3.00	3.02
Cys	2.00	Not Detected	Pro	2.00	1.99
Glx	2.00	2.04	Ser	1.00	0.95
Gly	4.00	3.94	Thr	5.00	4.92
His	1.00	0.90	Trp	0.00	Not Detected
Ile	1.00	1.00	Tyr	1.00	1.02
Leu	2.00	2.03	Val	1.00	1.03

Caution - Not Fully Tested • Research Use Only • Not For Human or Veterinary Use

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CAS Number: 21215-62-3

**Description:**

Calcitonin (human) is an endogenous calcitonin receptor agonist. Lowers systemic blood calcium levels and inhibits bone resorption.

**Physical and Chemical Properties:**Batch Molecular Formula: C<sub>151</sub>H<sub>226</sub>N<sub>40</sub>O<sub>45</sub>S<sub>3</sub>

Batch Molecular Weight: 3417.87

Physical Appearance: White lyophilised solid

**Peptide Sequence:**

Cys-Gly-Asn-Leu-Ser-Thr-Cys-Met-Leu-Gly-  
Thr-Tyr-Thr-Gln-Asp-Phe-Asn-Lys-Phe-His-  
Thr-Phe-Pro-Gln-Thr-Ala-Ile-Gly-Val-Gly-Ala-  
Pro-NH<sub>2</sub>

**Storage:** Store at -20°C**Solubility & Usage Info:**

Soluble to 2 mg/ml in water

This product is supplied in lyophilized form. It may appear as a solid, gel or film and be very hard to visualize. Solutions should be made by adding solvent directly to the vial. The vial should then be vortexed vigorously to ensure the product has completely dissolved.

**Counter Ion:** TFA**Stability and Solubility Advice:**

Some solutions can be difficult to obtain and can be encouraged by rapid stirring, sonication or gentle warming (in a 45-60°C water bath).

Peptides in solution are much less stable than in lyophilized form. This is especially true for peptides whose sequences contain amino acids such as Cys, Met, Trp, Asn, Gln, and N-terminal Glu.

Therefore we recommend storing peptides in solution for as short a time as possible. Avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles by dividing the peptide solution into aliquots and storing the aliquots at -20°C. Any portion of an aliquot unused after thawing should be discarded.

Peptides stored in solution can occasionally be susceptible to bacterial degradation. We recommend using sterile solutions or passing the peptide solution through a 0.2 µm filter to remove potential bacterial contamination whenever possible.

**References:**

**Bower and Hay** (2016) Amylin structure-function relationships and receptor pharmacology: implications for amylin mimetic drug development. *Br.J.Pharmacol.* **173** 1883. PMID: 27061187.

**Lee et al** (2016) Calcitonin and amylin receptor peptide interaction mechanisms. *J.Biol.Chem.* **291** 16416. PMID: 27474777.

**Foster** (1968) Calcitonin. A review of experimental and clinical investigations. *Postgrad.Med.J.* **44** 411. PMID: 4871775.

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