

Certificate of Analysis

Print Date: Jan 14th 2016 **WWW.tocris.com**

Product Name: Agitoxin 2 Catalog No.: 5195 Batch No.: 1

CAS Number: 168147-41-9

1. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Batch Molecular Formula: $C_{169}H_{278}N_{54}O_{48}S_8$

Batch Molecular Weight: 4090.87

Physical Appearance: White lyophilised solid

Counter Ion: TFA

Solubility: Soluble to 1 mg/ml in water

Storage: Store at -20°C

Peptide Sequence:

Gly-Val-Pro-Ile-Asn-Val-Ser-Cys-Thr-Gly-

Ser-Pro-Gln-Cys-Ile-Lys-Pro-Cys-Lys-Asp-

Ala-Gly-Met-Arg-Phe-Gly-Lys-Cys-Met-Asn-

Arg-Lys-Cys-His-Cys-Thr-Pro-Lys

2. ANALYTICAL DATA

HPLC: Shows 100% purity

Mass Spectrum: Consistent with structure



Product Information

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CAS Number: 168147-41-9

Description:

Potent Shaker K+ channel blocker ($K_i = 0.64$ nM). Also inhibits $K_v 1.3$, $K_v 1.6$ and $K_v 1.1$ K+ channels (K_i values are 4, 37 and 44 pM respectively).

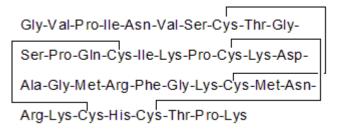
Physical and Chemical Properties:

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Storage: Store at -20°C

Solubility & Usage Info:

Soluble to 1 mg/ml in water

This product is supplied as a lyophilised solid and may be very hard to visualise. Solutions should be made by adding solvent directly to the vial. The vial should then be vortexed vigorously to ensure the product has completely dissolved.

Counter Ion: TFA

Stability and Solubility Advice:

Some solutions can be difficult to obtain and can be encouraged by rapid stirring, sonication or gentle warming (in a 45-60°C water bath).

Peptides in solution are much less stable than in lyophilized form. This is especially true for peptides whose sequences contain amino acids such Cys, Met,Trp, Asn, Gln, and N-terminal Glu.

Therefore we recommend storing peptides in solution for as short a time as possible. Avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles by dividing the peptide solution into aliquots and storing the aliquots at -20°C. Any portion of an aliquot unused after thawing should be discarded.

Peptides stored in solution can occasionally be susceptible to bacterial degradation. We recommend using sterile solutions or passing the peptide solution through a 0.2 μ m filter to remove potential bacterial contamination whenever possible.

References:

Garcia *et al* (1994) Purification and characterization of three inhibitors of voltage-dependent K+ channels from Leiurus quinquestriatus var. hebraeus venom. Biochemistry **33** 6834. PMID: 8204618.

Gross et al (1996) Agitoxin footprinting the shaker potassium channel pore. Neuron 16 399. PMID: 8789954.

Anangi *et al* (2012) Recombinant expression of margatoxin and agitoxin-2 in Pichia pastoris: an efficient method for production of $K_V1.3$ channel blockers. PLoS ONE **7** e52965. PMID: 23300835.