

Certificate of Analysis

Print Date: Oct 7th 2019

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Product Name: OXA (17-33) Catalog No.: 5115 Batch No.: 2

CAS Number: 343268-91-7

1. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Batch Molecular Formula: C₇₉H₁₂₅N₂₃O₂₂

Batch Molecular Weight: 1749

Physical Appearance: White lyophilised solid

Net Peptide Content: 84%
Counter Ion: TFA

Solubility: Soluble to 1 mg/ml in water

Storage: Store at -20°C

Peptide Sequence: Tyr-Glu-Leu-Leu-His-Gly-Ala-Gly-Asn-His-

Ala-Ala-Gly-lle-Leu-Thr-Leu-NH₂

2. ANALYTICAL DATA

HPLC: Shows 97.8% purity

Mass Spectrum: Consistent with structure

3. AMINO ACID ANALYSIS DATA

Amino Acid	l heoretical Actual	Amino Acid	l heoretical Actual

Ala	3.00	2.95	Lys		
Arg			Met		
Asx	1.00	1.01	Phe		
Cys			Pro		
Glx	1.00	1.00	Ser		
Gly	3.00	3.06	Thr	1.00	0.99
His	2.00	1.98	Trp		
lle	1.00	1.02	Tyr	1.00	0.99
Leu	4.00	3.99	Val		

Caution - Not Fully Tested • Research Use Only • Not For Human or Veterinary Use



Product Information

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CAS Number: 343268-91-7

Description:

Potent and selective peptide orexin OX_1 receptor agonist (EC₅₀ values are 8.29 and 187 nM for OX_1 and OX_2 receptors respectively). Truncated form of orexin A (Cat. No. 1455).

Physical and Chemical Properties:

Batch Molecular Formula: $C_{79}H_{125}N_{23}O_{22}$

Batch Molecular Weight: 1749

Physical Appearance: White lyophilised solid

Peptide Sequence:

Tyr-Glu-Leu-Leu-His-Gly-Ala-Gly-Asn-His-Ala-Ala-Gly-Ile-Leu-Thr-Leu-NH₂ Storage: Store at -20°C

Solubility & Usage Info:

Soluble to 1 mg/ml in water

This product is supplied as a lyophilized solid and may be very hard to visualize. Solutions should be made by adding solvent directly to the vial. The vial should then be vortexed vigorously to ensure the product has completely dissolved.

Net Peptide Content: 84% (Remaining weight made up of counterions and residual water).

Counter Ion: TFA

Stability and Solubility Advice:

Some solutions can be difficult to obtain and can be encouraged by rapid stirring, sonication or gentle warming (in a 45-60°C water bath).

Peptides in solution are much less stable than in lyophilized form. This is especially true for peptides whose sequences contain amino acids such Cys, Met,Trp, Asn, Gln, and N-terminal Glu.

Therefore we recommend storing peptides in solution for as short a time as possible. Avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles by dividing the peptide solution into aliquots and storing the aliquots at -20°C. Any portion of an aliquot unused after thawing should be discarded.

Peptides stored in solution can occasionally be susceptible to bacterial degradation. We recommend using sterile solutions or passing the peptide solution through a 0.2 μ m filter to remove potential bacterial contamination whenever possible.

References:

German et al (2013) Truncated orexin peptides: structure-activity relationship studies. Med.Chem.Lett. 4 1224. PMID: 24707347.

Darker et al (2001) Structure-activity analysis of truncated orexin-A analogues at the orexin-1 receptor. Bioorg.Med.Chem.Lett. **11** 737. PMID: 11266181.

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