

# **Certificate of Analysis**

Print Date: Feb 28th 2024

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Product Name: Kisspeptin 10 (rat) Catalog No.: 4243 Batch No.: 8

CAS Number: 478507-53-8

### 1. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Batch Molecular Formula:  $C_{63}H_{83}N_{17}O_{15}$ Batch Molecular Weight: 1318.45

Physical Appearance: White lyophilised solid

Counter Ion: TFA

**Solubility:** Soluble to 2 mg/ml in water

Storage: Store at -20°C

**Peptide Sequence:** Tyr-Asn-Trp-Asn-Ser-Phe-Gly-Leu-Arg-Tyr-NH<sub>2</sub>

2. ANALYTICAL DATA

HPLC: Shows 98.6% purity

Mass Spectrum: Consistent with structure

3. AMINO ACID ANALYSIS DATA

#### Amino Acid Theoretical Actual Amino Acid Theoretical Actual

Ala			Lys		
Arg	1.00	0.98	Met		
Asx	2.00	1.46	Phe	1.00	1.02
Cys			Pro		
Glx			Ser	1.00	0.96
Gly	1.00	1.01	Thr		
His			Trp	1.00	
lle			Tyr	2.00	2.03
Leu	1.00	1.13	Val		

Caution - Not Fully Tested • Research Use Only • Not For Human or Veterinary Use



## **Product Information**

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Product Name: Kisspeptin 10 (rat) Catalog No.: 4243 8

CAS Number: 478507-53-8

#### **Description:**

Kisspeptin 10 (rat) is an endogenous ligand for the rodent kisspeptin receptor (KISS1, GPR54). Human Analog also available.

#### **Physical and Chemical Properties:**

Batch Molecular Formula: C<sub>63</sub>H<sub>83</sub>N<sub>17</sub>O<sub>15</sub> Batch Molecular Weight: 1318.45

Physical Appearance: White lyophilised solid

#### **Peptide Sequence:**

Tyr-Asn-Trp-Asn-Ser-Phe-Gly-Leu-Arg-Tyr-NH2

Storage: Store at -20°C

### Solubility & Usage Info:

Soluble to 2 mg/ml in water

This product is supplied in lyophilized form. It may appear as a solid, gel or film and be very hard to visualize. Solutions should be made by adding solvent directly to the vial. The vial should then be vortexed vigorously to ensure the product has completely dissolved.

Counter Ion: TFA

#### Stability and Solubility Advice:

Some solutions can be difficult to obtain and can be encouraged by rapid stirring, sonication or gentle warming (in a 45-60°C water bath).

Peptides in solution are much less stable than in lyophilized form. This is especially true for peptides whose sequences contain amino acids such Cys, Met,Trp, Asn, Gln, and N-terminal Glu.

Therefore we recommend storing peptides in solution for as short a time as possible. Avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles by dividing the peptide solution into aliquots and storing the aliquots at -20°C. Any portion of an aliquot unused after thawing should be discarded.

Peptides stored in solution can occasionally be susceptible to bacterial degradation. We recommend using sterile solutions or passing the peptide solution through a 0.2  $\mu$ m filter to remove potential bacterial contamination whenever possible.

#### References:

**Navarro** et al (2004) Developmental and hormonally regulated messenger ribonucleic acid expression of KiSS-1 and its putative receptor, GPR54, in rat hypothalamus and potent luteinizing hormone-releasing activity of KiSS-1 peptide. Endocrinology **145** 4565. PMID: 15242985.

**Stafford** *et al* (2002) Identification and characterization of mouse metastasis-suppressor KiSS1 and its G-protein-coupled receptor. Cancer Res. **62** 5399. PMID: 12359743.

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