



Certificate of Analysis

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Product Name: BIM 23042 Catalog No.: 3237 Batch No.: 6

CAS Number: 111857-96-6

1. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Batch Molecular Formula: $C_{63}H_{73}N_{11}O_9S_2$

Batch Molecular Weight: 1192.46

Physical Appearance: White lyophilised solid

Net Peptide Content: 79% Counter Ion: TFA

Solubility: Soluble to 1 mg/ml in 0.1% acetic acid

Storage: Desiccate at -20°C

Peptide Sequence:

D-Nal-Cys-Tyr-D-Trp-Lys-Val-Cys-Nal-NH2

2. ANALYTICAL DATA

HPLC: Shows 98.6% purity

Mass Spectrum: Consistent with structure

3. AMINO ACID ANALYSIS DATA

Amino Acid Theoretical Actual			Amino Acid Theoretical Actual		
Ala			Lys	1.00	1.04
Arg			Met		
Asx			Phe		
Cys	2.00	Detected	Pro		
Glx			Ser		
Gly			Thr		
His			Trp	1.00	Detected
lle			Tyr	1.00	1.02
Leu			Val	1.00	0.94

Caution - Not Fully Tested • Research Use Only • Not For Human or Veterinary Use

www.tocris.com/distributors Tel:+1 612 379 2956



Product Information

Print Date: Jun 24th 2019

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Product Name: BIM 23042 Catalog No.: 3237 Batch No.: 6

CAS Number: 111857-96-6

Description:

Selective neuromedin B receptor (NMB-R, BB₁) antagonist (K_i values are 216 and 18,264 nM for BB₁ and BB₂ receptors respectively). Displays no activity at a range of other receptors.

Physical and Chemical Properties:

Batch Molecular Formula: $C_{63}H_{73}N_{11}O_9S_2$ Batch Molecular Weight: 1192.46

Physical Appearance: White lyophilised solid

Peptide Sequence:

D-Nal-Cys-Tyr-D-Trp-Lys-Val-Cys-Nal-NH₂

Storage: Desiccate at -20°C

Solubility & Usage Info:

Soluble to 1 mg/ml in 0.1% acetic acid

This product is supplied as a lyophilized solid and may be very hard to visualize. Solutions should be made by adding solvent directly to the vial. The vial should then be vortexed vigorously to ensure the product has completely dissolved.

Net Peptide Content: 79% (Remaining weight made up of counterions and residual water).

Counter Ion: TFA

Stability and Solubility Advice:

Some solutions can be difficult to obtain and can be encouraged by rapid stirring, sonication or gentle warming (in a 45-60°C water bath).

Peptides in solution are much less stable than in lyophilized form. This is especially true for peptides whose sequences contain amino acids such Cys, Met,Trp, Asn, Gln, and N-terminal Glu.

Therefore we recommend storing peptides in solution for as short a time as possible. Avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles by dividing the peptide solution into aliquots and storing the aliquots at -20°C. Any portion of an aliquot unused after thawing should be discarded.

Peptides stored in solution can occasionally be susceptible to bacterial degradation. We recommend using sterile solutions or passing the peptide solution through a 0.2 μ m filter to remove potential bacterial contamination whenever possible.

References:

Milusheva et al (1998) Role of different bombesin receptor subtypes mediating contractile activity in cat upper gastrointestinal tract. Peptides **19** 549. PMID: 9533644.

Ryan et al (1996) Pharmacological profiles of two bombesin analogues in cells transfected with human neuromedin B receptors. Eur.J.Pharmacol. **306** 307. PMID: 8813645.

Orbuch et al (1993) Discovery of a novel class of neuromedin B receptor antagonists, substituted somatostatin analogues. Mol.Pharmacol. **44** 841. PMID: 7901752.

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