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Certificate of Analysis

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Batch No.: 5

Catalog No.: 2532

Print Date: May 25th 2023

Product Name: TFB-TBOA

CAS Number: 480439-73-4

IUPAC Name: (3S)-3-[[3-[[4-(Trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]phenyl]methoxy]-L-aspartic acid

1. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Batch Molecular Formula: Batch Molecular Weight:

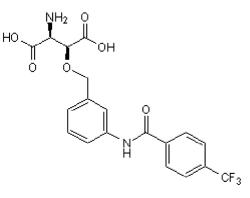
Physical Appearance:

Solubility:

Storage:

Batch Molecular Structure:

 $C_{19}H_{17}F_3N_2O_6.1^{1/2}H_2O$ 453.37 White solid DMSO to 50 mM Store at -20°C



2. ANALYTICAL DATA

HPLC: ¹H NMR: Mass Spectrum: Microanalysis: Shows 98.0% purity Consistent with structure Consistent with structure Carbon Hydrogen Nitrogen Theoretical 50.34 4.45 6.18 Found 49.96 4.54 6.17

Caution - Not Fully Tested • Research Use Only • Not For Human or Veterinary Use

bio-techne.com	North America	China	Europe Middle East Africa	Rest of World
info@bio-techne.com techsupport@bio-techne.com	Tel: (800) 343 7475	info.cn@bio-techne.com Tel: +86 (21) 52380373	Tel: +44 (0)1235 529449	www.tocris.com/distributors Tel:+1 612 379 2956

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Product Name: TFB-TBOA

CAS Number: 480439-73-4

(3S)-3-[[3-[[4-(Trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]amino]phenyl]methoxy]-L-aspartic acid

Description:

IUPAC Name:

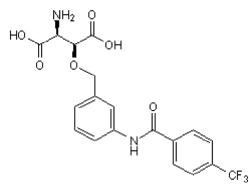
TFB-TBOA is a potent and selective glial glutamate transporter EAAT1 and EAAT2 inhibitor (IC_{50} values are 17, 22 and 300 nM for EAAT2, EAAT1 and EAAT3 respectively). Exhibits selectivity for EAAT1 and EAAT2 over EAAT4 and EAAT5, or a wide range of neuronal receptors and transporters. Attenuates glutamate-stimulated intracellular Na⁺ elevation in astrocytes in vitro (IC_{50} = 43 nM). Induces severe convulsions in vivo.

Physical and Chemical Properties:

Batch Molecular Formula: $C_{19}H_{17}F_3N_2O_6.1^{1/2}H_2O$ Batch Molecular Weight: 453.37 Physical Appearance: White solid

Minimum Purity: ≥98%

Batch Molecular Structure:



Storage: Store at -20°C

Solubility & Usage Info:

DMSO to 50 mM

When purchsed as a 1mg unit, this product is supplied as a lyophilized solid and may be very hard to visualize. Solutions should be made by adding solvent directly to the vial. The vial should then be vortexed vigorously to ensure the product has completely dissolved.

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Stability and Solubility Advice:

Some solutions can be difficult to obtain and can be encouraged by rapid stirring, sonication or gentle warming (in a 45-60°C water bath).

Information concerning product stability, particularly in solution, has rarely been reported and in most cases we can only offer a general guide. *Unless contradicted by product-specific protocols or instructions, our standard recommendations apply:

SOLIDS: Provided storage is as stated on the product label and the vial is kept tightly sealed, the product can be stored for up to 6 months from date of receipt.

SOLUTIONS: We recommend that stock solutions, once prepared, are stored aliquoted in tightly sealed vials at -20°C or below and used within 1 month. Wherever possible solutions should be made up and used on the same day.

References:

Magi *et al* (2012) Physical and functional interaction of NCX1 and EAAC1 transporters leading to glutamate-enhanced ATP production in brain mitochondria. PLoS One **7** e34015. PMID: 22479505.

Bozzo and Chatton (2010) Inhibitory effects of (2S, 3S)-3-[3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzoylamino]benzyloxy]aspartate (TFB-TBOA) on the astrocytic sodium responses to glutamate. Brain Res. 1316 (27). PMID: 20026319.

Shimamoto and Shigeri (2006) Elucidation of glutamate transporter functions using selective inhibitors. CNS Agents Med.Chem. 6 59.

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