



Certificate of Analysis

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Product Name: JMV 449 Catalog No.: 1998 Batch No.: 10

CAS Number: 139026-66-7

1. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Batch Molecular Formula: $C_{38}H_{66}N_8O_7$ Batch Molecular Weight: 746.96

Physical Appearance: White lyophilised solid

Counter Ion: Acetate

Solubility: Soluble to 0.80 mg/ml in water

Storage: Store at -20°C

Peptide Sequence: Lys($\Psi(CH_2-NH)$)-Lys-Pro-Tyr-IIe-Leu

2. ANALYTICAL DATA

HPLC: Shows 99.5% purity

Mass Spectrum: Consistent with structure

3. AMINO ACID ANALYSIS DATA

Amino Acid Theoretical Actual Amino Acid Theoretical Actual

Ala			Lys	2.00	Not Detected
Arg			Met		
Asx			Phe		
Cys			Pro	1.00	0.99
Glx			Ser		
Gly			Thr		
His			Trp		
lle	1.00	1.01	Tyr	1.00	1.01
Leu	1.00	0.99	Val		

Caution - Not Fully Tested • Research Use Only • Not For Human or Veterinary Use



Product Information

Print Date: Nov 22nd 2024

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Product Name: JMV 449 Catalog No.: 1998 10

CAS Number: 139026-66-7

Description:

JMV 449 is a potent, metabolically stable neurotensin receptor agonist peptide ($IC_{50} = 0.15$ nM for inhibition of [125 I]-NT binding to neonatal mouse brain; $EC_{50} = 1.9$ nM for contraction of guinea pig ileum). Produces long-lasting hypothermic, neuroprotective and analgesic effects in mice following central administration in vivo.

Physical and Chemical Properties:

Batch Molecular Formula: C₃₈H₆₆N₈O₇ Batch Molecular Weight: 746.96

Physical Appearance: White lyophilised solid

Peptide Sequence:

Lys(Ψ(CH₂-NH))-Lys-Pro-Tyr-lle-Leu

Storage: Store at -20°C

Solubility & Usage Info:

Soluble to 0.80 mg/ml in water

This product is supplied in lyophilized form. It may appear as a solid, gel or film and be very hard to visualize. Solutions should be made by adding solvent directly to the vial. The vial should then be vortexed vigorously to ensure the product has completely dissolved.

Counter Ion: Acetate

Stability and Solubility Advice:

Some solutions can be difficult to obtain and can be encouraged by rapid stirring, sonication or gentle warming (in a 45-60°C water bath).

Peptides in solution are much less stable than in lyophilized form. This is especially true for peptides whose sequences contain amino acids such Cys, Met,Trp, Asn, Gln, and N-terminal Glu.

Therefore we recommend storing peptides in solution for as short a time as possible. Avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles by dividing the peptide solution into aliquots and storing the aliquots at -20°C. Any portion of an aliquot unused after thawing should be discarded.

Peptides stored in solution can occasionally be susceptible to bacterial degradation. We recommend using sterile solutions or passing the peptide solution through a 0.2 μ m filter to remove potential bacterial contamination whenever possible.

References:

Torup *et al* (2003) Neuroprotective effect of the neurotensin analogue JMV-449 in a mouse model of permanent middle cerebral ischaemia. Neurosci.Lett. *351* 173. PMID: 14623134.

Dubuc et al (1992) JMV 449: a pseudopeptide analogue of neurotensin-(8-13) with highly potent and long-lasting hypothermic and analgesic effects in the mouse. Eur.J.Pharmacol. **219** 327. PMID: 1425958.

Lugrin et al (1991) Reduced peptide bond pseudopeptide analogues of neurotensin: binding and biological activities, and in vitro metabolic stability. Eur.J.Pharmacol. 205 191. PMID: 1812009.

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