

Certificate of Analysis

www.tocris.com

Product Name: c-JUN peptide

Catalog No.: 1989

Batch No.: 9

CAS Number: 610273-01-3

1. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Batch Molecular Formula:	C ₁₂₁ H ₂₁₀ N ₃₆ O ₃₄ S
Batch Molecular Weight:	2743.55
Physical Appearance:	White lyophilised solid
Counter Ion:	Acetate
Solubility:	Soluble to 1 mg/ml in water
Storage:	Store at -20°C
Peptide Sequence:	Ile-Leu-Lys-Gln-Ser-Met-Thr-Leu-Asn-Leu- Ala-Asp-Pro-Val-Gly-Ser-Leu-Lys-Pro-His- Leu-Arg-Ala-Lys-Asn

2. ANALYTICAL DATA

HPLC:	Shows 96.9% purity
Mass Spectrum:	Consistent with structure

3. AMINO ACID ANALYSIS DATA

Amino Acid Theoretical Actual			Amino Acid Theoretical Actual		
Ala	2.00	1.93	Lys	3.00	3.02
Arg	1.00	1.01	Met	1.00	0.98
Asx	3.00	3.05	Phe		
Cys			Pro	2.00	1.98
Glx	1.00	1.00	Ser	2.00	2.02
Gly	1.00	1.00	Thr	1.00	1.01
His	1.00	1.00	Trp		
Ile	1.00	0.90	Tyr		
Leu	5.00	4.99	Val	1.00	1.00

Caution - Not Fully Tested • Research Use Only • Not For Human or Veterinary Use

bio-techne.com
info@bio-techne.com
techsupport@bio-techne.com

North America
Tel: (800) 343 7475

China
info.cn@bio-techne.com
Tel: +86 (21) 52380373

Europe Middle East Africa
Tel: +44 (0)1235 529449

Rest of World
www.tocris.com/distributors
Tel: +1 612 379 2956

Product Name: c-JUN peptide**Catalog No.:** 1989**9**

CAS Number: 610273-01-3

Description:

c-JUN peptide is a peptide comprising residues 33 - 57 of the JNK binding (δ) domain of human c-Jun. Disrupts JNK/c-Jun interaction leading to inhibition of serum-induced c-Jun phosphorylation, up-regulation of p21^{cip/waf} and modulation of inflammatory gene expression. Specifically induces apoptosis in HeLa tumor cells.

Physical and Chemical Properties:Batch Molecular Formula: C₁₂₁H₂₁₀N₃₆O₃₄S

Batch Molecular Weight: 2743.55

Physical Appearance: White lyophilised solid

Peptide Sequence:

Ile-Leu-Lys-Gln-Ser-Met-Thr-Leu-Asn-Leu-
Ala-Asp-Pro-Val-Gly-Ser-Leu-Lys-Pro-His-
Leu-Arg-Ala-Lys-Asn

Storage: Store at -20°C**Solubility & Usage Info:**

Soluble to 1 mg/ml in water

This product is supplied in lyophilized form. It may appear as a solid, gel or film and be very hard to visualize. Solutions should be made by adding solvent directly to the vial. The vial should then be vortexed vigorously to ensure the product has completely dissolved.

Counter Ion: Acetate**Stability and Solubility Advice:**

Some solutions can be difficult to obtain and can be encouraged by rapid stirring, sonication or gentle warming (in a 45-60°C water bath).

Peptides in solution are much less stable than in lyophilized form. This is especially true for peptides whose sequences contain amino acids such as Cys, Met, Trp, Asn, Gln, and N-terminal Glu.

Therefore we recommend storing peptides in solution for as short a time as possible. Avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles by dividing the peptide solution into aliquots and storing the aliquots at -20°C. Any portion of an aliquot unused after thawing should be discarded.

Peptides stored in solution can occasionally be susceptible to bacterial degradation. We recommend using sterile solutions or passing the peptide solution through a 0.2 µm filter to remove potential bacterial contamination whenever possible.

References:

Holzberg *et al* (2003) Disruption of the c-JUN-JNK complex by a cell-permeable peptide containing the c-JUN d domain induces apoptosis and affects a distinct set of interleukin-1 induced inflammatory genes. *J.Biol.Chem.* **278** 40213. PMID: 12832416.

Caution - Not Fully Tested • Research Use Only • Not For Human or Veterinary Use

bio-techne.com

info@bio-techne.com

techsupport@bio-techne.com

North America

Tel: (800) 343 7475

China

info.cn@bio-techne.com

Tel: +86 (21) 52380373

Europe Middle East Africa

Tel: +44 (0)1235 529449

Rest of World

www.tocris.com/distributors

Tel: +1 612 379 2956