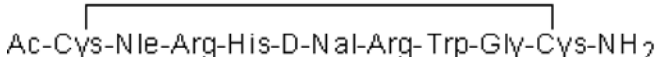


**Product Name:** HS 024  
**CAS Number:** 212370-59-7

**Catalog No.:** 1832      **Batch No.:** 7

**1. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

**Batch Molecular Formula:** C<sub>58</sub>H<sub>79</sub>N<sub>19</sub>O<sub>10</sub>S<sub>2</sub>  
**Batch Molecular Weight:** 1266.5  
**Physical Appearance:** White lyophilised solid  
**Counter Ion:** TFA  
**Solubility:** Soluble to 0.50 mg/ml in water  
**Storage:** Store at -20°C  
**Peptide Sequence:** 

**2. ANALYTICAL DATA**

**HPLC:** Shows 98.9% purity  
**Mass Spectrum:** Consistent with structure

**3. AMINO ACID ANALYSIS DATA**

Amino Acid	Theoretical	Actual	Amino Acid	Theoretical	Actual
Ala			Lys		
Arg	2.00	1.88	Met		
Asx			Phe		
Cys	2.00	Detected	Pro		
Glx			Ser		
Gly	1.00	0.99	Thr		
His	1.00	1.13	Trp	1.00	Detected
Ile			Tyr		
Leu			Val		

Caution - Not Fully Tested • Research Use Only • Not For Human or Veterinary Use

**Product Name:** HS 024

**Catalog No.:** 1832

**Batch No.:** 7

CAS Number: 212370-59-7

**Description:**

HS 024 is a highly potent melanocortin MC<sub>4</sub> receptor antagonist (K<sub>i</sub> values are 0.29, 18.6, 5.45 and 3.29 nM for cloned human MC<sub>4</sub>, MC<sub>1</sub>, MC<sub>3</sub> and MC<sub>5</sub> receptors respectively). Increases food intake, and blocks α-MSH- and MTII-induced hypotension and bradycardia in rats, following central administration in vivo.

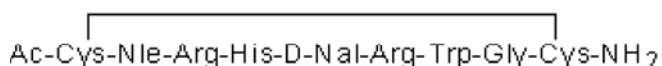
**Physical and Chemical Properties:**

Batch Molecular Formula: C<sub>58</sub>H<sub>79</sub>N<sub>19</sub>O<sub>10</sub>S<sub>2</sub>

Batch Molecular Weight: 1266.5

Physical Appearance: White lyophilised solid

**Peptide Sequence:**



**Storage:** Store at -20°C

**Solubility & Usage Info:**

Soluble to 0.50 mg/ml in water

This product is supplied as a lyophilized solid and may be very hard to visualize. Solutions should be made by adding solvent directly to the vial. The vial should then be vortexed vigorously to ensure the product has completely dissolved.

**Counter Ion:** TFA

**Stability and Solubility Advice:**

Some solutions can be difficult to obtain and can be encouraged by rapid stirring, sonication or gentle warming (in a 45-60°C water bath).

Peptides in solution are much less stable than in lyophilized form. This is especially true for peptides whose sequences contain amino acids such as Cys, Met, Trp, Asn, Gln, and N-terminal Glu.

Therefore we recommend storing peptides in solution for as short a time as possible. Avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles by dividing the peptide solution into aliquots and storing the aliquots at -20°C. Any portion of an aliquot unused after thawing should be discarded.

Peptides stored in solution can occasionally be susceptible to bacterial degradation. We recommend using sterile solutions or passing the peptide solution through a 0.2 μm filter to remove potential bacterial contamination whenever possible.

**References:**

**Jonsson et al** (2002) Food conversion is transiently affected during 4-week chronic administration of melanocortin agonist and antagonist in rats. *J.Endocrinol.* **173** 517. PMID: 12065241.

**Jonsson et al** (2001) Melanocortin receptor agonist transiently increases oxygen consumption in rats. *Neuroreport* **12** 3703. PMID: 11726778.

**Kask et al** (1998) Discovery of a novel superpotent and selective melanocortin-4 receptor antagonist (HS024): evaluation *in vitro* and *in vivo*. *Endocrinology* **139** 5006. PMID: 9832440.

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**bio-techne.com**

info@bio-techne.com

techsupport@bio-techne.com

**North America**

Tel: (800) 343 7475

**China**

info.cn@bio-techne.com

Tel: +86 (21) 52380373

**Europe Middle East Africa**

Tel: +44 (0)1235 529449

**Rest of World**

www.tocris.com/distributors

Tel:+1 612 379 2956