

Certificate of Analysis

Print Date: Mar 22nd 2022

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Product Name: Angiotensin I (human, mouse, rat) Catalog No.: 1563 Batch No.: 6

CAS Number: 484-42-4

1. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Batch Molecular Formula: C₆₂H₈₉N₁₇O₁₄

Batch Molecular Weight: 1296.5

Physical Appearance: White lyophilised solid

Counter Ion: Acetate

Solubility: Soluble to 1 mg/ml in water

Storage: Store at -20°C

Peptide Sequence: Asp-Arg-Val-Tyr-IIe-His-Pro-Phe-His-Leu

2. ANALYTICAL DATA

HPLC: Shows 99.7% purity

Mass Spectrum: Consistent with structure

3. AMINO ACID ANALYSIS DATA

Amino Acid Theoretical Actual	Amino Acid Theoretical Actual
Allillo Acid Theoretical Actual	Allillo Acid Theoretical Actual

Ala			Lys		
Arg	1.00	0.97	Met		
Asx	1.00	1.01	Phe	1.00	1.02
Cys			Pro	1.00	1.02
Glx			Ser		
Gly			Thr		
His	2.00	2.00	Trp		
lle	1.00	0.94	Tyr	1.00	0.99
Leu	1.00	1.01	Val	1.00	0.98

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Product Information

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Product Name: Angiotensin I (human, mouse, rat) Catalog No.: 1563 Batch No.: 6

CAS Number: 484-42-4

Description:

Angiotensin I (human, mouse, rat) is an endogenous peptide substrate for angiotensin converting enzyme (ACE) and ACE2; precursor to the vasoconstrictor peptide angiotensin II (Cat. No. 1158).

Physical and Chemical Properties:

Batch Molecular Formula: C₆₂H₈₉N₁₇O₁₄ Batch Molecular Weight: 1296.5

Physical Appearance: White lyophilised solid

Peptide Sequence:

Asp-Arg-Val-Tyr-IIe-His-Pro-Phe-His-Leu

Storage: Store at -20°C

Solubility & Usage Info:

Soluble to 1 mg/ml in water

This product is supplied as a lyophilized solid and may be very hard to visualize. Solutions should be made by adding solvent directly to the vial. The vial should then be vortexed vigorously to ensure the product has completely dissolved.

Counter Ion: Acetate

Stability and Solubility Advice:

Some solutions can be difficult to obtain and can be encouraged by rapid stirring, sonication or gentle warming (in a 45-60°C water bath).

Peptides in solution are much less stable than in lyophilized form. This is especially true for peptides whose sequences contain amino acids such Cys, Met,Trp, Asn, Gln, and N-terminal Glu.

Therefore we recommend storing peptides in solution for as short a time as possible. Avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles by dividing the peptide solution into aliquots and storing the aliquots at -20°C. Any portion of an aliquot unused after thawing should be discarded.

Peptides stored in solution can occasionally be susceptible to bacterial degradation. We recommend using sterile solutions or passing the peptide solution through a 0.2 μ m filter to remove potential bacterial contamination whenever possible.

References:

Erdos and Skidgel (1990) Renal metabolism of angiotensin I and II. Kidney Int. Suppl. 30 S24. PMID: 2175370.

Manabe et al (1989) Endothelium-dependent contractions induced by angiotensin I and angiotensin II in canine cerebral artery. J.Pharmacol.Exp.Ther. **251** 317. PMID: 2795464.

Erdo (1976) Conversion of angiotensin I to angiotensin II. Am.J.Med. 60 749. PMID: 190881.

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