

Certificate of Analysis

Print Date: Apr 9th 2025

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Product Name: Orexin B (mouse) Catalog No.: 1457 Batch No.: 7

CAS Number: 202801-92-1

1. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Batch Molecular Formula: C₁₂₆H₂₁₅N₄₅O₃₄S

Batch Molecular Weight: 2936.43

Physical Appearance: White lyophilised solid

Counter Ion: TFA

Solubility: Soluble to 1 mg/ml in water

Storage: Store at -20°C

Peptide Sequence: Arg-Pro-Gly-Pro-Pro-Gly-Leu-Gln-Gly-Arg-

Leu-GIn-Arg-Leu-Leu-GIn-Ala-Asn-Gly-Asn-His-Ala-Ala-Gly-Ile-Leu-Thr-Met-NH₂

2. ANALYTICAL DATA

HPLC: Shows 96.4% purity

Mass Spectrum: Consistent with structure

3. AMINO ACID ANALYSIS DATA

Amino Acid	Theoretical	Actual	Amino Acid	Theoretical	Actual
Ala	3.00	2.91	Lys		
Arg	3.00	2.94	Met	1.00	1.02
Asx	2.00	2.03	Phe		
Cys			Pro	3.00	3.00
Glx	3.00	3.00	Ser		
Gly	5.00	5.04	Thr	1.00	1.05
His	1.00	1.02	Trp		
lle	1.00	0.88	Tyr		
Leu	5.00	4.80	Val		

Caution - Not Fully Tested • Research Use Only • Not For Human or Veterinary Use



Product Information

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CAS Number: 202801-92-1

Description:

Orexin B (mouse) is an endogenous agonist at orexin receptors. May be involved in the regulation of feeding, sleep-wake cycle and other hypothalamic functions. Orexin B exerts excitatory effects on nigral dopaminergic neurons and alleviates motor symptoms in a Parkinson's disease mouse model.

Physical and Chemical Properties:

Batch Molecular Formula: $C_{126}H_{215}N_{45}O_{34}S$

Batch Molecular Weight: 2936.43

Physical Appearance: White lyophilised solid

Peptide Sequence:

Arg-Pro-Gly-Pro-Pro-Gly-Leu-Gln-Gly-Arg-Leu-Gln-Arg-Leu-Leu-Gln-Ala-Asn-Gly-Asn-His-Ala-Ala-Gly-Ile-Leu-Thr-Met-NH₂ Storage: Store at -20°C

Solubility & Usage Info:

Soluble to 1 mg/ml in water

This product is supplied in lyophilized form. It may appear as a solid, gel or film and be very hard to visualize. Solutions should be made by adding solvent directly to the vial. The vial should then be vortexed vigorously to ensure the product has completely dissolved.

Counter Ion: TFA

Stability and Solubility Advice:

Some solutions can be difficult to obtain and can be encouraged by rapid stirring, sonication or gentle warming (in a 45-60°C water bath).

Peptides in solution are much less stable than in lyophilized form. This is especially true for peptides whose sequences contain amino acids such Cys, Met,Trp, Asn, Gln, and N-terminal Glu.

Therefore we recommend storing peptides in solution for as short a time as possible. Avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles by dividing the peptide solution into aliquots and storing the aliquots at -20°C. Any portion of an aliquot unused after thawing should be discarded.

Peptides stored in solution can occasionally be susceptible to bacterial degradation. We recommend using sterile solutions or passing the peptide solution through a 0.2 μ m filter to remove potential bacterial contamination whenever possible.

References:

Bian et al (2021) Orexin-B exerts excitatory effects on nigral dopaminergic neurons and alleviates motor disorders in MPTP parkinsonian mice. Neurosci.Lett. **765** 136291. PMID: 34666119.

Kilduff and Peyron (2000) The hypocretin/orexin ligand-receptor system: implications for sleep and sleep disorders. TiNS 23 359. PMID: 10906799.

Smart (1999) Orexins: a new family of neuropeptides. Br.J.Anaesth. 83 695. PMID: 10690128.

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