

Certificate of Analysis

Print Date: Jan 3rd 2023

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Product Name: Thrombin Receptor Agonist Peptide Catalog No.: 1185 Batch No.: 20

CAS Number: 137339-65-2

1. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Batch Molecular Formula: C₈₁H₁₁₈N₂₀O₂₃

Batch Molecular Weight: 1739

Physical Appearance: White lyophilised solid

Counter Ion: TFA

Solubility: Soluble to 0.90 mg/ml in water

Storage: Store at -20°C

Peptide Sequence: Ser-Phe-Leu-Leu-Arg-Asn-Pro-Asn-Asp-Lys-

Tyr-Glu-Pro-Phe

2. ANALYTICAL DATA

HPLC: Shows 95.8% purity

Mass Spectrum: Consistent with structure

3. AMINO ACID ANALYSIS DATA

Amino Acid	Theoretical	Actual	Amino Acid	Theoretical	Actua
Ala			Lys	1.00	1.00
Arg	1.00	0.99	Met		
Asx	3.00	2.97	Phe	2.00	1.99
Cys			Pro	2.00	2.01
Glx	1.00	1.01	Ser	1.00	0.67
Gly			Thr		
His			Trp		
lle			Tyr	1.00	1.06
Leu	2.00	1.98	Val		

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Product Information

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Product Name: Thrombin Receptor Agonist Peptide Catalog No.: 1185 20

CAS Number: 137339-65-2

Description:

Thrombin Receptor Agonist Peptide is an agonist at the thrombin receptor; causes platelet aggregation (EC $_{50}$ = 4 μ M) and secretion.

Physical and Chemical Properties:

Batch Molecular Formula: $C_{81}H_{118}N_{20}O_{23}$

Batch Molecular Weight: 1739

Physical Appearance: White lyophilised solid

Peptide Sequence:

Ser-Phe-Leu-Leu-Arg-Asn-Pro-Asn-Asp-Lys-Tyr-Glu-Pro-Phe **Storage:** Store at -20°C

Solubility & Usage Info:

Soluble to 0.90 mg/ml in water

This product is supplied as a lyophilized solid and may be very hard to visualize. Solutions should be made by adding solvent directly to the vial. The vial should then be vortexed vigorously to ensure the product has completely dissolved.

Counter Ion: TFA

Stability and Solubility Advice:

Some solutions can be difficult to obtain and can be encouraged by rapid stirring, sonication or gentle warming (in a 45-60°C water bath).

Peptides in solution are much less stable than in lyophilized form. This is especially true for peptides whose sequences contain amino acids such Cys, Met,Trp, Asn, Gln, and N-terminal Glu.

Therefore we recommend storing peptides in solution for as short a time as possible. Avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles by dividing the peptide solution into aliquots and storing the aliquots at -20°C. Any portion of an aliquot unused after thawing should be discarded.

Peptides stored in solution can occasionally be susceptible to bacterial degradation. We recommend using sterile solutions or passing the peptide solution through a 0.2 μ m filter to remove potential bacterial contamination whenever possible.

References:

Vassallo *et al* (1992) Structure-function relationships in the activation of platelet thrombin receptors by receptor-derived peptides. J.Biol.Chem. **267** 6081. PMID: 1313429.

Huang *et al* (1991) 'Thrombin' receptor-directed ligand accounts for activation by thrombin of platelet phospholipase C and accumulation of 3-phosphorylated phosphoinositides. J.Biol.Chem. **266** 18435. PMID: 1655750.

Vu et al (1991) Molecular cloning of a functional thrombin receptor reveals a novel proteolytic mechanism of receptor activation. Cell 64 1057. PMID: 1672265.

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