

## **Certificate of Analysis**

Print Date: Jul 24th 2024

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Product Name: Calcitonin (salmon) Catalog No.: 1159 Batch No.: 10

CAS Number: 47931-85-1 EC Number: 256-342-8

## 1. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Batch Molecular Formula:**  $C_{145}H_{240}N_{44}O_{48}S_2$ 

Batch Molecular Weight: 3431.9

Physical Appearance: White lyophilised solid

Counter Ion: Acetate

**Solubility:** Soluble to 1 mg/ml in water

Storage: Store at -20°C

Peptide Sequence: Cys-Ser-Asn-Leu-Ser-Thr-Cys-Val-Leu-Gly-

Lys-Leu-Ser-Gln-Glu-Leu-His-Lys-Leu-Gln-Thr-Tyr-Pro-Arg-Thr-Asn-Thr-Gly-Ser-Gly-

Thr-Pro-NH<sub>2</sub>

2. ANALYTICAL DATA

**HPLC:** Shows 98.6% purity

Mass Spectrum: Consistent with structure

3. AMINO ACID ANALYSIS DATA

Amino Acid Theoretical Actual			Amino Acid Theoretical Actual		
Ala			Lys	2.00	2.01
Arg	1.00	1.00	Met		
Asx	2.00	2.09	Phe		
Cys	2.00	Not Detected	Pro	2.00	2.02
Glx	3.00	2.98	Ser	4.00	3.95
Gly	3.00	2.95	Thr	5.00	4.91
His	1.00	0.91	Trp		
lle			Tyr	1.00	1.05
Leu	5.00	5.03	Val	1.00	0.99

Caution - Not Fully Tested • Research Use Only • Not For Human or Veterinary Use

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CAS Number: 47931-85-1 EC Number: 256-342-8

**Description:** 

Stimulates bone formation by osteoblasts and inhibits bone resorption.

**Physical and Chemical Properties:** 

Batch Molecular Formula:  $C_{145}H_{240}N_{44}O_{48}S_2$ 

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**Peptide Sequence:** 

Cys-Ser-Asn-Leu-Ser-Thr-Cys-Val-Leu-Gly-Lys-Leu-Ser-Gln-Glu-Leu-His-Lys-Leu-Gln-Thr-Tyr-Pro-Arg-Thr-Asn-Thr-Gly-Ser-Gly-Thr-Pro-NH2 **Storage:** Store at -20°C

Solubility & Usage Info:

Soluble to 1 mg/ml in water

This product is supplied in lyophilized form. It may appear as a solid, gel or film and be very hard to visualize. Solutions should be made by adding solvent directly to the vial. The vial should then be vortexed vigorously to ensure the product has completely dissolved.

Counter Ion: Acetate

**Stability and Solubility Advice:** 

Some solutions can be difficult to obtain and can be encouraged by rapid stirring, sonication or gentle warming (in a 45-60°C water bath).

Peptides in solution are much less stable than in lyophilized form. This is especially true for peptides whose sequences contain amino acids such Cys, Met,Trp, Asn, Gln, and N-terminal Glu.

Therefore we recommend storing peptides in solution for as short a time as possible. Avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles by dividing the peptide solution into aliquots and storing the aliquots at -20°C. Any portion of an aliquot unused after thawing should be discarded.

Peptides stored in solution can occasionally be susceptible to bacterial degradation. We recommend using sterile solutions or passing the peptide solution through a 0.2  $\mu$ m filter to remove potential bacterial contamination whenever possible.

## References:

van Rossum et al (1997) Neuroanatomical localization, pharmacological characterization and functions of CGRP, related peptides and their receptors. Neurosci.Biobehav.Rev. 21 649. PMID: 9353797.

Poyner (1995) Pharmacology of receptors for calcitonin gene-related peptide and amylin. TiPS 16 424. PMID: 8578616.

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