

Certificate of Analysis

Print Date: Dec 13th 2022

www.tocris.com

Product Name: Kainic acid Catalog No.: 0222 Batch No.: 72

CAS Number: 487-79-6

IUPAC Name: (2S,3S,4S)-Carboxy-4-(1-methylethenyl)-3-pyrrolidineacetic acid

1. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Batch Molecular Formula: $C_{10}H_{15}NO_4.1/4H_2O$

Batch Molecular Weight: 217.73 **Physical Appearance:** White solid

Solubility: 1eq. NaOH to 100 mM

water to 25 mM with gentle warming

Storage: Store at RT

Batch Molecular Structure:

2. ANALYTICAL DATA

TLC: $R_f = 0.4$ (Pyridine:Acetic acid:Water:Butanol [3:8:11:33])

HPLC: Shows 98.7% purity

¹H NMR: Consistent with structure

Mass Spectrum: Consistent with structure

Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]_D = -17.5$ (Concentration = 1, Solvent = Water)

Microanalysis: Carbon Hydrogen Nitrogen

Theoretical 55.16 7.17 6.43 Found 55.2 7.18 6.47

Caution - Not Fully Tested • Research Use Only • Not For Human or Veterinary Use

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Product Information

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IUPAC Name: (2S,3S,4S)-Carboxy-4-(1-methylethenyl)-3-pyrrolidineacetic acid

Description:

Kainic acid, also known as kainate, is a selective agonist of kainate ionotropic glutamate receptors (EC $_{50}$ = 0.6 - 7.4 $\mu M)$ and a partial agonist at AMPA receptors (EC $_{50}$ = 31 μM - 170 $\mu M)$. Kainic acid is used to model epilepsy in vivo and to study the mechanisms of neurodegeneration and neurocytosis induced by excess stimulation by kainic acid. Kainate is shown to be involved in amyloidogenic processing of amyloid precursor protein and A β peptides in Alzheimer's disease. Related compounds include synthetic Kainic acid (Cat. No. 7065), the kainate receptor agonist Domoic acid (Cat. No. 0269) and the antagonist NBQX (... Please see product specific page on www.tocris.com for full description.

Physical and Chemical Properties:

Batch Molecular Formula: C₁₀H₁₅NO₄. ¹/₄H₂O

Batch Molecular Weight: 217.73 Physical Appearance: White solid

Minimum Purity: ≥98%

Batch Molecular Structure:

Storage: Store at RT

Solubility & Usage Info:

1eq. NaOH to 100 mM

water to 25 mM with gentle warming

When purchased as a 1mg unit, this product is supplied as a lyophilized solid and may be very hard to visualize. Solutions should be made by adding solvent directly to the vial. The vial should then be vortexed vigorously to ensure the product has completely dissolved.

Stability and Solubility Advice:

Some solutions can be difficult to obtain and can be encouraged by rapid stirring, sonication or gentle warming (in a 45-60°C water bath).

Information concerning product stability, particularly in solution, has rarely been reported and in most cases we can only offer a general guide. Our standard recommendations are:

SOLIDS: Provided storage is as stated on the product label and the vial is kept tightly sealed, the product can be stored for up to 6 months from date of receipt.

SOLUTIONS: We recommend that stock solutions, once prepared, are stored aliquoted in tightly sealed vials at -20°C or below and used within 1 month. Wherever possible solutions should be made up and used on the same day.

References:

Ourdev et al (2019) Kainate receptor activation enhances amyloidogenic processing of APP in astrocytes. Mol.Neurobiol. **56** 5095. PMID: 30484111.

Watkins and Evans (1981) Excitatory amino acid transmitters. Annu.Rev.Pharmacol.Toxicol. 21 165. PMID: 6112965.

Watkins (1978) Excitatory amino acids. Kainic acid as a Tool in Neurobiology. Edited by E 37.