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Animal-Free™ Recombinant Human GDF-15

Catalog Number: Qk017

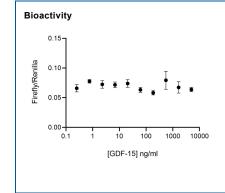
RDSYSTEMS

DESCRIPTION	
Source	<i>E. coli</i> -derived human GDF-15 protein Accession # Q99988.3
Predicted Molecular Mass	25 kDa (dimer)

SPECIFICATIONS	
SDS-PAGE	Dimeric GDF-15 protein only
Endotoxin Level	<0.10 EU per 1 μ g of the protein by the LAL method.
Mass Spectrometry	Single species with expected mass
Formulation	Lyophilized from acetonitrile/TFA See Certificate of Analysis for details.

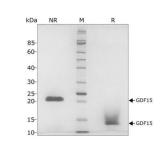
PREPARATION AND STORAGE		
Reconstitution	Resuspend in 10 mM HCl at >100 µg/ml, prepare single use aliquots, add carrier protein if desired	
Shipping	The product is shipped lyophilized at ambient temperture, on ice blocks or dry ice. Shipping at ambient temperture does not affect the bioactivity or stability of the protein. Upon reciept, store immediately at the conditions stated below.	
Stability & Storage	BulkLotPrefix assignment required for Storage Info	

DATA



Recombinant Human GDF-15. Animal-Free Protein Bioactivity GDF15 signals through GRAL and co-receptor RET leading to RET phosphorylation and signaling through the ERK and AKT pathway (reviewed in Emmerson et al., 2018). Bioactivity is determined using a luciferase reporter assay in HEK293T cells. Cells are treated (in triplicate) with a serial dilution of GDF15 or Qk010 TGF_{β1} for 6 hours. Firefly luciferase activity is measured and normalized to the control Renilla luciferase activity.

SDS-PAGE



Recombinant Human GDF-15, Animal-Free Protein SDS-PAGE GDF15 migrates as a single band at 24 kDa in non-reducing (NR) and 13 kDa as a single monomeric species upon reduction (R). No contaminating protein of R). No contaminating protein of R). No contaminating protein of R) and protein (7 μ g) was resolved using 15% w/v SDS-PAGE in reduced (+ β -mercaptothanol, R) and nonreduced conditions (NR) and stained with Coomassie Brilliant Blue R250.

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BACKGROUND

RDsystems

Growth Differentiation Factor 15 (GDF-15), also called Macrophage Inhibitory Cytokine 1 (MIC-1), Placental Transforming Growth Factor β , Prostate-derived Factor, and Placental Bone Morphogenetic Protein, is a divergent member of the TGF- β superfamily (1, 2). Human GDF-15 shares 66% and 68% amino acid sequence identity with the rat and mouse proteins, respectively (3). GDF-15 is highly expressed in placenta and brain, and it is expressed at lower levels in kidney, pancreas, prostate, and colon. Similar to other TGF- β family proteins, the GDF-15 proprotein is cleaved at a dibasic cleavage site (RxxR) to release the mature protein (4). The C-terminal domain of GDF-15 contains seven characteristic conserved cysteline residues necessary for the formation of the cysteline knot and the single interchain disulfide bond (5). Biologically active GDF-15 is a disulfide-linked homodimer of the mature protein and signals through the heterodimeric receptor composed of TGF- β RI/ALK-5 and TGF- β RII (6). GDF-15 has been shown to have various functions, including inhibition of TNF- α production from lipopolysaccharide-stimulated macrophages and the induction of cartilage formation (1, 5). GDF-15 also promotes neuronal survival, and hypothalamic expression of GDF-15 causes appetite suppression via modulation of Neuropeptide Y and Pro-opiomelanocortin levels (7-9). GDF-15 is cardioprotective via inhibition of platelet activation, limiting atherosclerosis, inhibiting CXCL1-induced neutrophil adhesion, regulating angiogenesis, and inhibiting norepinephrine-induced mycardial hypertrophy (6, 10-15).

References:

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PRODUCT SPECIFIC NOTICES

The above product was manufactured, tested and released by R&D System's contract manufacturer, Qkine Ltd, at 1 Murdoch House, Cambridge, UK, CB5 8HW. The product is for research use only and not for the diagnostic or theraputic use.

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