

Monoclonal Anti-human RXR β /NR2B2 Antibody

ORDERING INFORMATION

Catalog Number: PP-H7341-00

Clone: H7341

GenBank: M84820

Ig Class: mouse IgG_{2A}

Volume: 100 μ L

Concentration: 1 mg/mL

Formulation: A liquid formulation in physiologic saline with 0.1% NaN₃

Storage: ≤ -20 °C

Specificity: human RXR β

Applications: Western Blot
Direct ELISA
Immunoprecipitation

Description

Retinoid X Receptor beta (RXR β ; NR2B2) is a member of the Orphan Nuclear Receptor superfamily. 9-cis retinoic acid can bind to RXR. RXR β expression is widespread in most tissues of the embryo, including the central nervous system. Along with other members of the RXR family, RXR β plays roles in a variety of processes including embryonic patterning and organogenesis, cell proliferation and cell differentiation. RXRs commonly function as heterodimers with other members of the nuclear receptor superfamily.

Preparation

Produced in BALB/c mouse ascites inoculated with a hybridoma of spleen cells of a BALB/c mouse immunized with recombinant human RXR β (amino acids 9 - 187) and mouse myeloma cells (NS-1). The IgG fraction of the ascites fluid was purified by ammonium sulfate fractionation.

Formulation

A liquid formulation in physiologic saline with 0.1% NaN₃.

Storage

This antibody is stable for greater than six months when held at -20 °C in a **manual defrost freezer** or at -70 °C. Upon thawing, the antibody can be stored at $2-8$ °C for at least 1 month without detectable loss of activity. **Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.**

Specificity

This antibody specifically recognizes human RXR β and cross reacts with rat RXR β . This antibody does not recognize human RXR α and human RXR γ . Not yet tested in other species.

Applications

Western Blot - This antibody can be used at 1 μ g/mL under reducing and non-reducing conditions with the appropriate secondary reagents to detect human RXR β .

Direct ELISA - This antibody can be used at 1 μ g/mL with the appropriate secondary reagents to detect human RXR β .

Immunoprecipitation - Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory.

Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application.

Caution: Sodium azide may react with lead and copper plumbing to form explosive metal azides. Flush with large amounts of water during disposal.



Manufactured by:
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