

DESCRIPTION

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| Species Reactivity | Human |
| Specificity | Detects human Peptide YY in direct ELISAs. |
| Source | Monoclonal Mouse IgG _{2B} Clone # 1011014 |
| Purification | Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant |
| Immunogen | Human Peptide YY synthetic peptide |
| Formulation | Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Small pack size (-SP) is supplied either lyophilized or as a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS. |

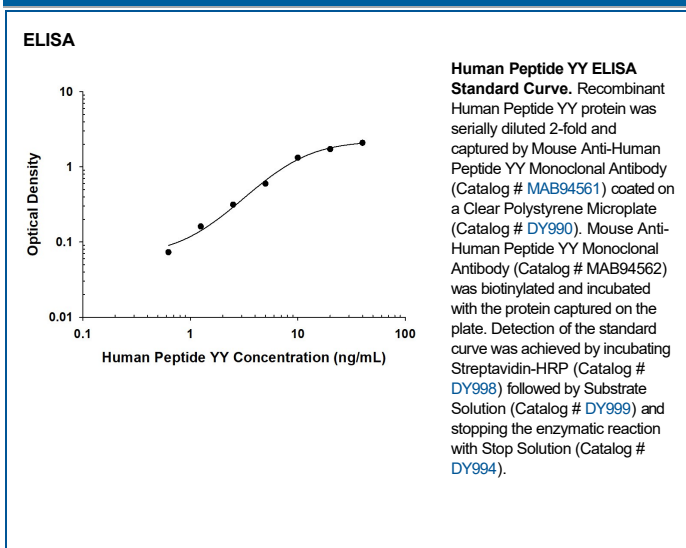
APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. [General Protocols](#) are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

ELISA This antibody functions as an ELISA detection antibody when paired with Mouse Anti-Human Peptide YY Monoclonal Antibody (Catalog # [MAB94561](#)).

This product is intended for assay development on various assay platforms requiring antibody pairs.

DATA



PREPARATION AND STORAGE

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| Reconstitution | Reconstitute at 0.5 mg/mL in sterile PBS. |
| Shipping | The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below. *Small pack size (-SP) is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at -20 to -70 °C |
| Stability & Storage | Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied. • 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution. • 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution. |

BACKGROUND

Peptide YY (PYY), a secretory peptide, is expressed by L cells (enteroendocrine cells) in the small and large intestine, Islet of Langerhans cells, testis, and in some central and peripheral neurons. Because PYY is released from L cells after feeding, it is thought to produce a satiety signal. While the regulation of appetite by PYY and GLP-1 have been studied extensively, recent evidence supports a role for PYY in Islet of Langerhans beta cell survival. PYY secretion is also modulated by gut microbiota, and levels of colonic PYY have reduced in rats with DSS-induced colitis, and in humans with inflammatory bowel disease (IBD), while circulating PYY increased in IBD.