

Human Bradykinin RB2/BDKRB2 Antibody

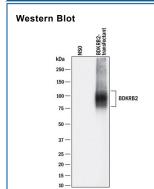
Monoclonal Mouse IgG₁ Clone # 471902 Catalog Number: MAB9434

DESCRIPTION			
Species Reactivity	Human		
Specificity	Detects human RB2/BDKRB2 in direct ELISAs and Western blots.		
Source	Monoclonal Mouse IgG ₁ Clone # 471902		
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant		
Immunogen	NS0 mouse myeloma cell line transfected with human RB2/BDKRB2 Met1-Gln391 Accession # P30411		
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Small pack size (-SP) is supplied either lyophilized or as a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS.		

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

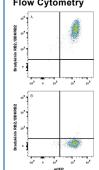
	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Western Blot	1 μg/mL	See Below
Flow Cytometry	0.25 μg/10 ⁶ cells	See Below
Immunohistochemistry	5-25 μg/mL	See Below



Detection of Human

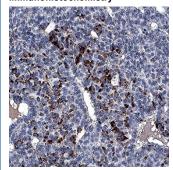
Bradykinin RB2/BDKRB2 by Western Blot. Western blot shows lysates of NS0 mouse myeloma cell line either mock transfected or transfected with human Bradykinin RB2/BDKRB2. PVDF membrane was probed with 1 µg/mL of Mouse Anti-Human Bradykinin RB2/BDKRB2 Monoclonal Antibody (Catalog # MAB9434) followed by HRP-conjugated Anti-Mouse IgG Secondary Antibody (Catalog # HAF018). A specific band was detected for Bradvkinin RB2/BDKRB2 at approximately 80-100 kDa (as indicated). This experiment was conducted under reducing conditions and using Immunoblot Buffer Group 1.

Flow Cytometry



Detection of Bradykinin RB2/BDKRB2 in HEK293 Human Cell Line Transfected with Human Bradykinin RB2/BDKRB2 and eGFP by Flow Cytometry HEK293 human cell line transfected with (A) Human Bradykinin RB2/BDKRB2 or (B) irrelevant protein, and eGFP was stained with Mouse Anti-Human Bradykinin RB2/BDKRB2 Monoclonal Antibody (Catalog # MAB9434) followed by APCconjugated Goat anti-Mouse IgG Secondary Antibody (Catalog # F0101B). Quadrant markers were set based on Mouse IgG1 Isotype Control Antibody (Catalog # MAB002). View our protocol for Staining Membrane-associated Proteins

Immunohistochemistry



Bradykinin RB2/BDKRB2 in Human Liver Cancer Tissue. Bradykinin RB2/BDKRB2 was detected in immersion fixed paraffinembedded sections of human liver cancer tissue using Mouse Anti-Human Bradykinin RB2/BDKRB2 Monoclonal Antibody (Catalog # MAB9434) at 5 µg/mL for 1 hour at room temperature followed by incubation with the Anti-Mouse IgG VisUCyte™ HRP Polymer Antibody (Catalog # VC001). Tissue was stained using DAB (brown) and counterstained with hematoxylin (blue). Specific staining was localized to cytoplasm and cell surfaces. View our protocol for IHC Staining with VisUCyte **HRP Polymer Detection Reagents**

PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Reconstitution Reconstitute at 0.5 mg/mL in sterile PBS.

Shipping The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.

*Small pack size (-SP) is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at -20 to -70 °C

Stability & Storage

Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

- 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.
- 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.
- 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

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BACKGROUND

Bradykinin RB2 (BDKRB2) is a receptor for bradykinin. The 9 aa bradykinin peptide elicits many responses including vasodilation, edema, smooth muscle spasm and pain fiber stimulation. BDKRB2 expression is widespread in normal smooth muscle tissue and neurons. BDKRB2 associates with G proteins that stimulate a phosphatidylinositol-calcium second messenger system. BDKRB2 forms a complex with PECAM1 and GNAQ and interacts with PECAM1. Aging cardiac endothelial cells gradually lose their capacity to express BDKRB2. This loss appears to be parallel with a loss of the angiogenic potential of the aging cells.

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