

Human MMP-1 Antibody

Recombinant Monoclonal Goat IgG Clone # 40013F Catalog Number: MAB9011

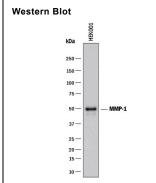
DESCRIPTION		
Species Reactivity	Human	
Specificity	Detects human MMP-1 in direct ELISAs and Western blots.	
Source	Recombinant Monoclonal Goat IgG Clone # 40013F	
Purification	Protein A or G purified from cell culture supernatant	
Immunogen	Mouse myeloma cell line NS0-derived recombinant human MMP-1 Phe20-Asn469 Accession # P03956	
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Small pack size (-SP) is supplied either lyophilized or as a 0.2 μm filtered solution in PBS.	

APPLICATIONS

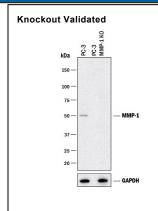
Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample	
Western Blot	5 μg/mL	See Below	
Knockout Validated	' '	MMP-1 is specifically detected in PC-3 human prostate cancer parental cell line but is not detectable in MMP-1 knockout PC-3 cell line.	

DATA



Detection of Human MMP-1 by Western Blot. Western Blot shows lysates of HEK001 human epidermal keratinocyte cell line. PVDF membrane was probed with 5 µg/mL of Goat Anti-Human MMP-1 Monoclonal Antibody (Catalog # MAB9011) followed by HRP-conjugated Anti-Goat IgG Secondary Antibody (Catalog # HAF017). A specific band was detected for MMP-1 at approximately 50 kDa (as indicated). This experiment was conducted under reducing conditions and using Immunoblot Buffer Group 1.



Western Blot Shows Human MMP-1 Specificity by Using Knockout Cell Line. Western blot shows lysates of PC-3 human prostate cancer parental cell line and MMP-1 knockout PC-3 cell line (KO). PVDF membrane was probed with 5 µg/mL of Goat Anti-Human MMP-1 Monoclonal Antibody (Catalog # MAB9011) followed by HRPconjugated Anti-Goat IgG Secondary Antibody (Catalog # HAF017). A specific band was detected for MMP-1 at approximately 50 kDa (as indicated) in the parental PC-3 cell line, but is not detectable in knockout PC-3 cell line. GAPDH (Catalog # AF5718) is shown as a loading control. This experiment was conducted under reducing conditions and using Immunoblot Buffer Group 1.

PREPARATION A	AND STORAGE
---------------	-------------

Reconstitution Reconstitute at 0.5 mg/mL in sterile PBS

Shipping The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.

*Small pack size (-SP) is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at -20 to -70 °C

- 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.
- 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.
- 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution

BACKGROUNI

Matrix metalloproteinases are a family of zinc and calcium dependent endopeptidases with the combined ability to degrade all the components of the extracellular matrix. MMP-1 (interstitial collagenase), can degrade a broad range of substrates including types I, II, III, VII, VIII, and X collagens as well as casein, gelatin, α-1 antitrypsin, myelin basic protein, L-Selectin, pro-TNF, IL-1β, IGFBP-3, IGFBP-5, pro-MMP-2, and pro-MMP-9. A significant role of MMP-1 is the degradation of fibrillar collagens in extracellular matrix remodeling, characterized by the cleavage of the interstitial collagen triple helix into ¾, ¼ fragments. However, as the list of substrates above illustrates, the role of MMP-1 is more diverse than originally envisaged, and may involve enzyme cascades, cytokine regulation, and cell surface molecule modulation. MMP-1 is expressed by fibroblasts, keratinocytes, endothelial cells, monocytes, and macrophages. Structurally, MMP-1 may be divided into several distinct domains; a pro-domain which is cleaved upon activation; a catalytic domain containing the zinc binding site; a short hinge region and a carboxyl terminal (hemopexin-like) domain.

References:

1. Cawston, T.E. (2004) in Interstitial Collagenase. Barrett, A.J. et al. (eds): Handbook of Proteolytic Enzymes, San Diego: Academic Press, p. 472.

Rev. 2/7/2018 Page 1 of 1

