

DESCRIPTION

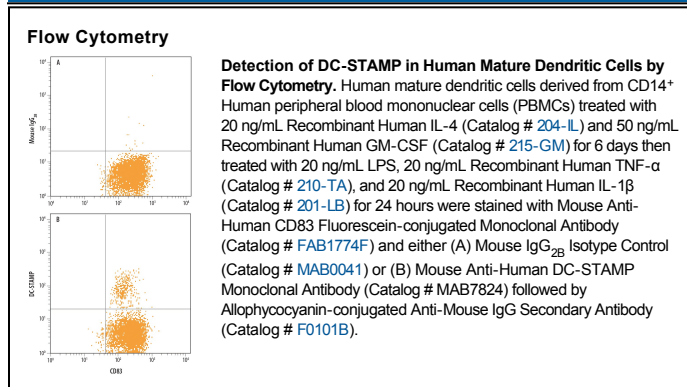
Species Reactivity	Human
Specificity	Detects human DC-STAMP in direct ELISAs. In direct ELISAs, no cross-reactivity with recombinant mouse DC-STAMP is observed.
Source	Monoclonal Mouse IgG _{2B} Clone # 788524
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant
Immunogen	<i>E. coli</i> -derived recombinant human DC-STAMP Asp314-Thr376 Accession # Q9H295
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Small pack size (-SP) is supplied as a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS.

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. *General Protocols* are available in the *Technical Information* section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Flow Cytometry	2.5 µg/10 ⁶ cells	See Below
CyTOF-ready	Ready to be labeled using established conjugation methods. No BSA or other carrier proteins that could interfere with conjugation.	

DATA



PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Reconstitution	Sterile PBS to a final concentration of 0.5 mg/mL.
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below. *Small pack size (-SP) is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at -20 to -70 °C
Stability & Storage	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied. ● 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution. ● 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

BACKGROUND

DC-STAMP, also known as TM7SF4, is an approximately 50 kDa glycoprotein with seven transmembrane segments. It is expressed on the surface of dendritic cells and monocytes as well as on osteoclasts and their progenitors. DC-STAMP binds CTGF/CCN2 and cooperates with TRANCE/RANK L for inducing osteoclast differentiation and fusion into multinucleated cells. It contains a cytoplasmic immunoreceptor tyrosine-based inhibitory motif (ITIM) and associates with FC gamma RIII/CD16. Within aa 314-376, human DC-STAMP shares approximately 75% aa sequence identity with mouse and rat DC-STAMP.