

**DESCRIPTION**

<b>Species Reactivity</b>	Canine
<b>Specificity</b>	Detects canine IL-10 in ELISAs. In ELISAs, this antibody does not cross-react with recombinant feline IL-10, recombinant human (rh) IL-10, recombinant mouse (rm) IL-10, recombinant porcine IL-10, rhIL-10 sR, rmlIL-10 sR, or recombinant rat IL-10.
<b>Source</b>	Monoclonal Mouse IgG <sub>1</sub> Clone # 138111
<b>Purification</b>	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant
<b>Immunogen</b>	<i>E. coli</i> -derived recombinant canine IL-10 Ser20-Ile179 Accession # XP_855560
<b>Formulation</b>	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Small pack size (-SP) is supplied either lyophilized or as a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS.

**APPLICATIONS**

**Please Note:** Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. *General Protocols* are available in the *Technical Information* section on our website.

<b>Canine IL-10 Sandwich Immunoassay</b>		<b>Reagent</b>
<b>ELISA Capture</b>	2-8 µg/mL	Canine IL-10 Antibody (Catalog # <a href="#">MAB7351</a> )
<b>ELISA Detection</b>	0.1-0.4 µg/mL	Canine IL-10 Biotinylated Antibody (Catalog # <a href="#">BAF735</a> )
<b>Standard</b>		Recombinant Canine IL-10 (Catalog # <a href="#">735-CL</a> )

**PREPARATION AND STORAGE**

<b>Reconstitution</b>	Reconstitute at 0.5 mg/mL in sterile PBS.
<b>Shipping</b>	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below. *Small pack size (-SP) is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at -20 to -70 °C
<b>Stability &amp; Storage</b>	<b>Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.</li> <li>● 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.</li> <li>● 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.</li> </ul>

**BACKGROUND**

IL-10, initially designated cytokine synthesis inhibitory factor (CSIF), was originally identified as a product of murine T helper 2 (Th2) clones that inhibited the cytokine production by Th1 clones. The canine homologue of mouse IL-10 has been cloned. Canine IL-10 shares 80% amino acid sequence homology with human IL-10 and 72% sequence homology with mouse IL-10. IL-10 is a pleiotropic cytokine that can exert either immunostimulatory or immunosuppressive effects on a variety of cell types. It is a potent immunosuppressant of macrophage functions. *In vitro*, IL-10 can inhibit the accessory function and antigen-presenting capacity of monocytes by, among other effects, downregulating class II MHC expression. Thus, IL-10 can inhibit monocyte/macrophage-dependent, antigen stimulated cytokine synthesis (especially IFN-γ) by human PBMNC and NK, and mouse Th1 cells. Additionally, IL-10 is a potent inhibitor of monocyte/macrophage activation and its resultant cytotoxic effects. As an immunostimulatory cytokine, IL-10 can act on B cells to enhance their viability, cell proliferation, Ig secretion, and class II MHC expression. Aside from B lymphocytes, IL-10 is also a growth co-stimulator for thymocytes and mast cells, as well as an enhancer of cytotoxic T cell development.

**References:**

1. Moore, K.W. *et al.* (1993) *Annu. Rev. Immunol.* 11:165.