

DESCRIPTION

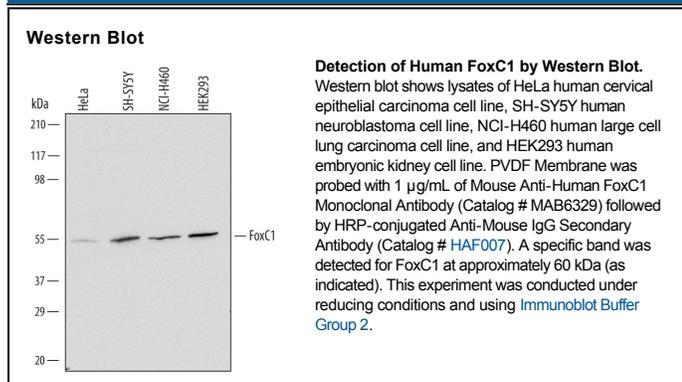
Species Reactivity	Human
Specificity	Detects human FoxC1 in direct ELISAs and Western blots.
Source	Monoclonal Mouse IgG ₁ Clone # 625905
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant
Immunogen	<i>E. coli</i> -derived recombinant human FoxC1 Gln208-Gln322 Accession # Q12948
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Small pack size (-SP) is supplied as a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS.

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. *General Protocols* are available in the *Technical Information* section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Western Blot	1 µg/mL	See Below

DATA



PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Reconstitution	Reconstitute at 0.5 mg/mL in sterile PBS.
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below. *Small pack size (-SP) is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at -20 to -70 °C
Stability & Storage	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied. ● 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution. ● 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

BACKGROUND

Human FoxC1 (forkhead box C1), also called FKHL7 (forkhead-like 7) or FREAC3 (forkhead-related activator 3) is a 553 amino acid (aa) intracellular phosphoprotein that belongs to a large family of nuclear transcription factors that share a common forkhead/winged helix DNA binding domain. FoxC1 is essential for formation of mesodermal tissues; mutations underlie Axenfeld-Rieger malformations of the eye. The human FoxC1 sequence includes a DNA binding domain at aa 77-168 and an inhibitory domain between aa 268-245. Phosphorylation within this inhibitory region causes a protein gel mobility shift. Human FoxC1 shares 92% and 91% aa identity with mouse and rat FoxC1, respectively.