

Human Histone Deacetylase 4/HDAC4 Antibody

Monoclonal Mouse IgG_{2A} Clone # 713802

Catalog Number: MAB6205

DESCRIPTION			
Species Reactivity	Human		
Specificity	Detects human Histone Deacetylase 4/HDAC4 in direct ELISAs.		
Source	Monoclonal Mouse IgG _{2A} Clone # 713802		
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant		
Immunogen	E. coli-derived recombinant human Histone Deacetylase 4/HDAC4 Met1-Glu68 Accession # P56524		
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Small pack size (-SP) is supplied either lyophilized or as a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS.		

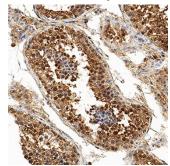
APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Immunohistochemistry	5-25 μg/mL	See Below

DATA

Immunohistochemistry



Histone Deacetylase 4/HDAC4 in Human Testis. Histone Deacetylase 4/HDAC4 was detected in immersion fixed paraffinembedded sections of human testis using Mouse Anti-Human Histone Deacetylase 4/HDAC4 Monoclonal Antibody (Catalog # MAB6205) at 5 µg/mL for 1 hour at room temperature followed by incubation with the Anti-Mouse IgG VisUCyte™ HRP Polymer Antibody (Catalog # VC001). Tissue was stained using DAB (brown) and counterstained with hematoxylin (blue). Specific staining was localized to cytoplasm and nuclei of sperm cells. View our protocol for IHC Staining with VisUCyte HRP Polymer Detection Reagents.

PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Reconstitution Reconstitute at 0.5 mg/mL in sterile PBS.

ShippingThe product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.

*Small pack size (-SP) is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at -20 to -70 °C

- 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.
- 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution
- 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

BACKGROUND

Histone Deacetylase 4 (HDAC4; also HD4) is a founding member of the class IIa subfamily, histone deacetylase family of transcriptional regulators. Although its predicted MW is 119 kDa, it runs anomalously at 140-150 kDa in SDS-PAGE which may be due to extensive phosphorylation plus SUMOylation. It has an N-terminal region that interacts with transcription factors and corepressors, and a C-terminal domain that shows deacetylase activity, thus repressing gene transcription. HDAC4 is found in osteoblasts, cardiac and skeletal muscle cells, and neurons. Human HDAC4 is 1084 amino acids (aa) in length. It contains one coiled-coil region (aa 67-177), a SUMOylation site at Lys559, a histone deacetylation domain (aa 665-993) and one NES (aa 1051-1084). Caspase cleavage after Asp289 generates bioactive 97 and 34 kDa fragments. There is one potential splice variant that shows an alternative start site at Met118 coupled to a five aa insertion after Thr431. Over aa 1-68, human HDAC4 shares 96% aa identity with mouse HDAC4.

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