

# Human Cytosolic β-Glucosidase/GBA3 Antibody

Monoclonal Mouse IgG<sub>2B</sub> Clone # 728702

Catalog Number: MAB59691

DESCRIPTION	
Species Reactivity	Human
Specificity	Detects human Cytosolic β-Glucosidase/GBA3 in direct ELISAs.
Source	Monoclonal Mouse IgG <sub>2B</sub> Clone # 728702
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant
Immunogen	S. frugiperda insect ovarian cell line Sf 21-derived recombinant human Cytosolic β-Glucosidase/GBA3 Thr13-Leu469 Accession # Q9H227
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Small pack size (-SP) is supplied either lyophilized or as a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS.

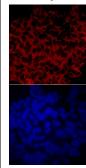
### APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Immunocytochemistry	8-25 μg/mL	See Below

#### DATA

#### Immunocytochemistry



Cytosolic β-Glucosidase/GBA3 in HeLa Human Cell Line.
Cytosolic β-Glucosidase/GBA3 was detected in immersion fixed HeLa
human cervical epithelial carcinoma cell line using Mouse AntiHuman Cytosolic β-Glucosidase/GBA3 Monoclonal Antibody
(Catalog # MAB59691) at 10 μg/mL for 3 hours at room temperature.
Cells were stained using the NorthernLights™ 557-conjugated AntiMouse IgG Secondary Antibody (red, upper panel; Catalog # NL007)
and counterstained with DAPI (blue, lower panel). Specific staining
was localized to cytoplasm. View our protocol for Fluorescent ICC
Staining of Cells on Coverslips.

PREPARATION AND STORAGE		
Reconstitution	Sterile PBS to a final concentration of 0.5 mg/mL.	
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below. *Small pack size (-SP) is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at -20 to -70 °C	
Stability & Storage	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.  12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.  1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.	

## BACKGROUND

There are three beta-glucosidases (GBA) in human genome. GBA1 endodes a lysosomal membrane protein that cleaves the beta-glucosidic linkage of glucosylceramide (1). GBA2 encodes a microsomal beta-glucosidase that catalyzes the hydrolysis of bile acid 3-O-glucosides (2). GBA3 is a cytosolic beta-glucosidase and is predominantly expressed in liver. GBA3 efficiently hydrolyzes beta-D-glucoside and beta-D-galactoside, but not any known physiological beta-glycoside, suggesting that it may be involved in detoxification of plant glycosides (3). GBA3 also has significant neutral glycosylceramidase activity, suggesting that it may be involved in a nonlysosomal catabolic pathway of glucosylceramide metabolism (4). At the protein level, GBA3 shows significant homology (>40%) with Klotho protein that is known for its association with aging process (3, 4).

## References:

- 1. Tybulewicz, V.L. et al. (1992) Nature 357:407.
- 2. Matern, H. et al. (2001) J. Biol. Chem. 276:37929.
- 3. de Graaf, M. et al. (2001) Biochem. J. 356:907.
- 4. Hayashi, Y. et al. (2007) J. Biol. Chem. 282:30889.

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