

DESCRIPTION

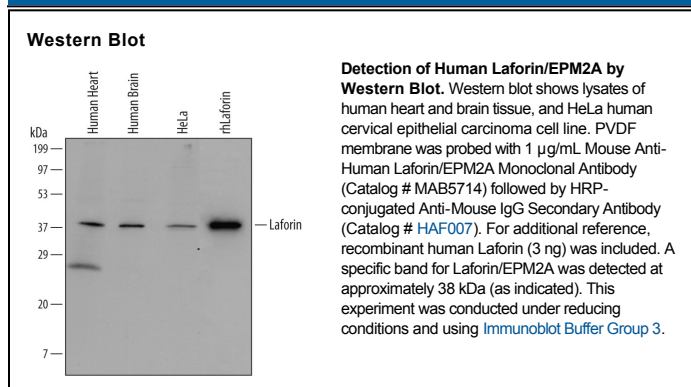
Species Reactivity	Human
Specificity	Detects human Laforin/EPM2A in Western blots.
Source	Monoclonal Mouse IgG _{2B} Clone # 523435
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant
Immunogen	<i>E. coli</i> -derived recombinant human Laforin/EPM2A Met1-Leu331 Accession # AAH70047
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Small pack size (-SP) is supplied as a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS.

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. *General Protocols* are available in the *Technical Information* section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Western Blot	1 µg/mL	See Below

DATA



PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Reconstitution	Reconstitute at 0.5 mg/mL in sterile PBS.
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below. *Small pack size (-SP) is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at -20 to -70 °C
Stability & Storage	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied. ● 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution. ● 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

BACKGROUND

Laforin, also known as Lafora PTPase and EPM2A, is a 38 kDa member of the protein tyrosine phosphatase family. Human Laforin is 331 aa in length and contains one carbohydrate binding type-20 (CBM20) domain (aa 1-124) and one tyrosine-protein phosphatase domain (aa 243-311). Multiple splicing variants produce four isoforms of human Laforin, which is most highly expressed in heart, skeletal muscle, kidney, pancreas and brain. It functions as a dual specificity protein phosphatase and may be involved in the control of glycogen metabolism. Mutations in Laforin cause progressive myoclonic epilepsy type 2, also known as Lafora disease.