

Mouse CXCL1/GROα/KC/CINC-1 Antibody

Recombinant Monoclonal Rabbit IgG Clone # 1174A Catalog Number: MAB4532

DESCRIPTION	
Species Reactivity	Mouse
Specificity	Detects mouse CXCL1/GROa/KC/CINC-1 in direct ELISAs.
Source	Recombinant Monoclonal Rabbit IgG Clone # 1174A
Purification	Protein A or G purified from cell culture supernatant
Immunogen	E. coli-derived recombinant mouse CXCL1/GROα/KC/CINC-1 Asn29-Lys96 Accession # P12850
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Small pack size (-SP) is supplied either lyophilized or as a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS.

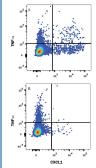
APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Intracellular Staining by Flow Cytometry	0.25-1 μg/10 ⁶ cells	See Below

DATA

Intracellular Staining by Flow Cytometry



Detection of CXCL1/GRO α /KC/CINC-1 in Mouse Splenocytes by Flow Cytometry. Mouse splenocytes either (A) treated with 1 μ g/mL LPS and Brefeldin A for 4 hours or (B) untreated were stained with Rabbit Anti-Mouse CXCL1/GRO α /KC/CINC-1 Monoclonal Antibody (Catalog # MAB4532) followed by Phycoerythrin-conjugated Anti-Rabbit IgG Secondary Antibody (Catalog # F0110) and Rat Anti-Mouse TNF- α Fluoresceinconjugated Monoclonal Antibody (Catalog # IC410F). To facilitate intracellular staining, cells were fixed and permeabilized with FlowX FoxP3 Fixation & Permeabilization Buffer Kit (Catalog # FC012).

PR	REPA	RATIO	N AND	STOR	RAGE

Reconstitution Reconstitute at 0.5 mg/mL in sterile PBS.

ShippingThe product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.

*Small pack size (-SP) is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at -20 to -70 °C

- 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.
- 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution
- 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

BACKGROUND

KC, a member of the alpha (CXC) chemokine subfamily, was initially identified as an immediate early gene induced in mouse fibroblasts by platelet-derived growth factor. KC cDNA encodes a 96 amino acid (aa) residue precursor protein with a predicted secretory signal peptide that is removed to yield the mature protein. The protein sequence of mouse KC shows approximately 63% identity to that of mouse MIP-2. KC is also approximately 60% identical to the human GROs. It has been suggested that mouse KC and MIP-2 are the orthologs of the human GROs and rat CINCs. In addition to mouse fibroblasts, KC is expressed in macrophages and endothelial cells. Mouse KC is a potent neutrophil attractant and activator. The functional receptor for KC has been identified as CXCR2. Based on the pattern of KC expression in a number of inflammatory disease models, KC appears to have an important role in inflammation. KC was found to be involved in monocyte arrest on atherosclerotic endothelium and may also play a pathophysiological role in Alzheimer's disease. Many chemokines are substrates for selective proteolysis at the amino-terminus by various proteases including dipeptidyl peptidase IV or matrix metalloproteases, resulting in truncated chemokine isoforms with different (both enhanced or reduced) bioactivities. The naturally occurring 68 aa N-terminal truncated isoform of mouse KC is reported to be a more potent synergistic growth stimulant for CFU-GM.

Rev. 7/3/2018 Page 1 of 1

