

DESCRIPTION

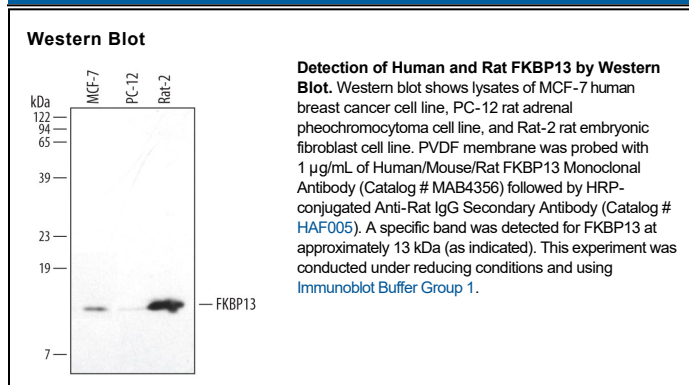
Species Reactivity	Human/Mouse/Rat
Specificity	Detects endogenous human, mouse, and rat FKBP13 at 13 kDa in Western blots. In Western blots, this antibody does not cross-react with recombinant human FKBP12, FKBP12.6, FKBP25, FKBP38, FKBP51, or FKBP52.
Source	Monoclonal Rat IgG _{2B} Clone # 422617
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant
Immunogen	<i>E. coli</i> -derived recombinant human FKBP13 Ala22-Leu142 Accession # P26885
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Small pack size (-SP) is supplied either lyophilized or as a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS.

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. [General Protocols](#) are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Western Blot	1 µg/mL	See Below

DATA



PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Reconstitution	Reconstitute at 0.5 mg/mL in sterile PBS.
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below. *Small pack size (-SP) is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at -20 to -70 °C
Stability & Storage	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied. 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution. 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

BACKGROUND

FK506 binding protein, 13 kDa molecular weight (FKBP13), also called FKBP2, is a peptidyl-prolyl isomerase that catalyzes the transition between *cis*- and *trans*-proline residues critical for proper folding of proteins. The macrolide immunosuppressant FK506 is a potent FKBP13 inhibitor. FKBP13 is strongly induced by calcium ionophores and agents that cause endoplasmic reticulum stress, such as tunicamycin. FKBP13 is membrane-associated and tightly bound to the cytoskeletal protein Band 4.1 in erythrocytes, suggesting a role in maintaining structural proteins.