

Human ESAM Antibody

Monoclonal Mouse IgG_{2B} Clone # 1021723 Catalog Number: MAB42042

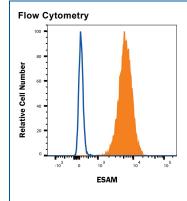
DESCRIPTION	
Species Reactivity	Human
Specificity	Detects human ESAM in direct ELISAs.
Source	Monoclonal Mouse IgG _{2B} Clone # 1021723
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant
Immunogen	Mouse myeloma cell line NS0-derived recombinant human ESAM Gln30-Ala247 Accession # Q96AP7
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Small pack size (-SP) is supplied either lyophilized or as a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS.

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Flow Cytometry	0.25 μg/10 ⁶ cells	HUVEC human umbilical vein endothelial cells
CyTOF-ready	Ready to be labeled using established conjugation.	conjugation methods. No BSA or other carrier proteins that could interfere with

DATA



Detection of ESAM in HUVECs by Flow Cytometry, HUVEC human umbilical vein endothelial cells were stained with Mouse Anti-Human ESAM Monoclonal Antibody (Catalog #MAB42042, filled histogram) or Mouse IgG2B isotype control antibody (Catalog # MAB0041, open histogram) followed by Phycoerythrin-conjugated Anti-Mouse IgG Secondary Antibody (Catalog # F0102B). Staining was performed using our Staining Membrane-associated Proteins

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Reconstitution Reconstitute at 0.5 mg/mL in sterile PBS. Shipping The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.

*Small pack size (-SP) is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at -20 to -70 °C

Stability & Storage Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

- 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.
- 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.
- 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution

BACKGROUND

Endothelial cell-selective adhesion molecule (ESAM) is a 55 kDa type I transmembrane glycoprotein that belongs to the JAM family of immunoglobulin superfamily molecules (1, 2). Human ESAM is synthesized as a 390 amino acid (aa) protein composed of a 29 aa signal peptide, a 216 aa extracellular region, a putative 26 aa transmembrane segment, and a 119 aa cytoplasmic domain. The extracellular region contains one V-type and one C2-type Ig domain and is involved in homophilic adhesion (1). In the cytoplasmic domain, there is a docking site for the multifunctional adaptor protein MAGI-1 (3). The extracellular region of human ESAM shows 90%, 74%, 69%, and 67% aa identity with monkey, canine, mouse, and rat extracellular ESAM, respectively. ESAM is expressed on endothelial cells, activated platelets, and megakaryocytes and can be found associated with cell-to-cell junctions. Whether ESAM is restricted to a particular junctional type is not clear (1, 2). ESAM deficient mice have no defect in vascularization but do have reduced angiogenic potential. This may be due to a decreased migratory response to FGF-2 (4).

References:

- 1. Hirata, K-I. et al. (2001) J. Biol. Chem. 276:16223.
- 2. Nasdala, I. et al. (2002) J. Biol. Chem. 277:16294.
- 3. Wegmann, F. et al. (2004) Exp. Cell Res. 300:121.
- 4. Ishida, T. et. al. (2003) J. Biol. Chem. 278:34598.

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