

## DESCRIPTION

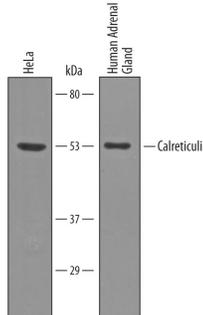
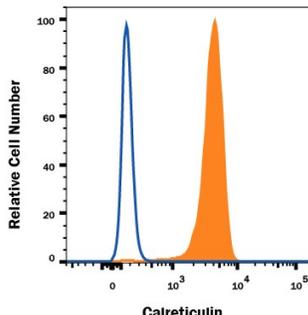
|                           |   |
|---------------------------|---|
| <b>Species Reactivity</b> | Human   |
| <b>Specificity</b>        | Detects human Calreticulin in direct ELISAs and Western blots.  |
| <b>Source</b>             | Monoclonal Mouse IgG <sub>2B</sub> Clone # 326203   |
| <b>Purification</b>       | Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant  |
| <b>Immunogen</b>          | <i>E. coli</i> -derived recombinant human Calreticulin<br>Met1-Asn180<br>Accession # P27797   |
| <b>Formulation</b>        | Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details.<br>*Small pack size (-SP) is supplied as a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS. |

## APPLICATIONS

**Please Note:** Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. *General Protocols* are available in the *Technical Information* section on our website.

|   | Recommended Concentration  | Sample    |
|---|--|-----------|
| <b>Western Blot</b>                             | 2 µg/mL  | See Below |
| <b>Intracellular Staining by Flow Cytometry</b> | 0.25 µg/10 <sup>6</sup> cells  | See Below |
| <b>CyTOF-ready</b>                              | Ready to be labeled using established conjugation methods. No BSA or other carrier proteins that could interfere with conjugation. |           |

## DATA

|  |   |
|--|---|
| <p><b>Western Blot</b></p>  <p><b>Detection of Human Calreticulin by Western Blot.</b> Western blot shows lysates of HeLa human cervical epithelial carcinoma cell line and human adrenal gland tissue. PVDF membrane was probed with 2 µg/mL of Mouse Anti-Human Calreticulin Monoclonal Antibody (Catalog # MAB3898) followed by HRP-conjugated Anti-Mouse IgG Secondary Antibody (Catalog # HAF007). A specific band was detected for Calreticulin at approximately 55 kDa (as indicated). This experiment was conducted under reducing conditions and using Immunoblot Buffer Group 8.</p> | <p><b>Intracellular Staining by Flow Cytometry</b></p>  <p><b>Detection of Calreticulin in HeLa Human Cell Line by Flow Cytometry.</b> HeLa human cervical epithelial carcinoma cell line was stained with Mouse Anti-Human Calreticulin Monoclonal Antibody (Catalog # MAB3898, filled histogram) or isotype control antibody (Catalog # MAB0041, open histogram), followed by Allophycocyanin-conjugated Anti-Mouse IgG Secondary Antibody (Catalog # F0101B). To facilitate intracellular staining, cells were fixed with Flow Cytometry Fixation Buffer (Catalog # FC004) and permeabilized with Flow Cytometry Permeabilization/Wash Buffer I (Catalog # FC005). View our protocol for <i>Staining Intracellular Molecules</i>.</p> |
|--|---|

## PREPARATION AND STORAGE

|                                |  |
|--------------------------------|--|
| <b>Reconstitution</b>          | Reconstitute at 0.5 mg/mL in sterile PBS.  |
| <b>Shipping</b>                | The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.<br>*Small pack size (-SP) is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at -20 to -70 °C   |
| <b>Stability &amp; Storage</b> | <b>Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.</li> <li>● 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.</li> <li>● 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.</li> </ul> |

## BACKGROUND

Human Calreticulin is a 55-60 kDa, 400 amino acid, variably glycosylated intra- and extracellular Ca<sup>++</sup>-binding lectin that is ubiquitously expressed. It consists of three domains: a 180 aa N-terminal globular region, a 111 aa P-, or proline rich domain, and a 109 aa C-terminus. The 180 aa N-terminus (aa 18-197) is termed Vasostatin. It is unclear if it is ever generated naturally via proteolytic processing. Vasostatin domain has many functions. It binds to RNA (aa 18-27), has autocatalytic phosphorylase activity (aa 77-197), binds to a KxFFKR motif on steroid hormone receptors, and serves as a lectin-type chaperone for ER-localized molecules. It also shows antiangiogenic activity, presumably by binding to laminin carbohydrates and blocking endothelial cell adhesion and proliferation. Human Calreticulin is 94% aa identical to mouse and rat Calreticulin.