

DESCRIPTION

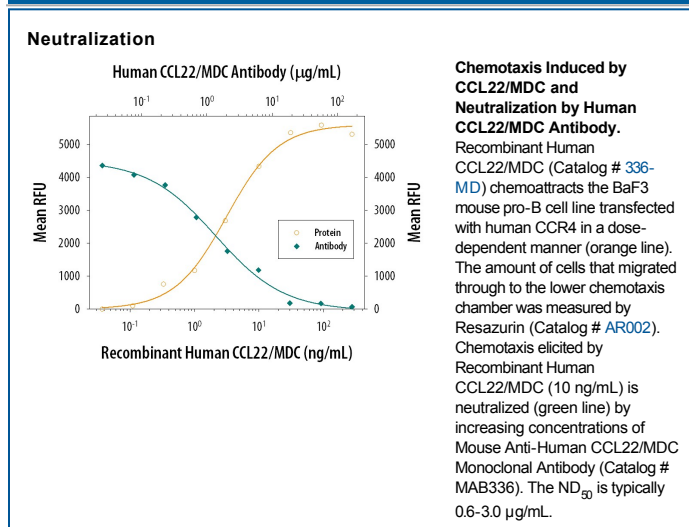
Species Reactivity	Human
Specificity	Detects human CCL22/MDC in ELISAs and Western blots. In ELISAs, no cross-reactivity with recombinant mouse CCL17, recombinant human (rh) CCL17, or rhCCL21 is observed.
Source	Monoclonal Mouse IgG _{2B} Clone # 57226
Purification	Protein A or G purified from ascites
Immunogen	<i>E. coli</i> -derived recombinant human CCL22/MDC Gly25-Gln93 Accession # O00626.1
Endotoxin Level	<0.10 EU per 1 µg of the antibody by the LAL method.
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Small pack size (-SP) is supplied as a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS.

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. *General Protocols* are available in the *Technical Information* section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Western Blot	1 µg/mL	Recombinant Human CCL22/MDC (Catalog # 336-MD)
Human CCL22/MDC Sandwich Immunoassay		Reagent
ELISA Capture	2-8 µg/mL	Human CCL22/MDC Antibody (Catalog # MAB336)
ELISA Detection Standard	0.1-0.4 µg/mL	Human CCL22/MDC Biotinylated Antibody (Catalog # BAF336) Recombinant Human CCL22/MDC (Catalog # 336-MD)
Neutralization		Measured by its ability to neutralize CCL22/MDC-induced chemotaxis in the BaF3 mouse pro-B cell line transfected with human CCR4. The Neutralization Dose (ND ₅₀) is typically 0.6-3.0 µg/mL in the presence of 10 ng/mL Recombinant Human CCL22/MDC.

DATA



PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Reconstitution	Reconstitute at 0.5 mg/mL in sterile PBS.
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below. *Small pack size (-SP) is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at -20 to -70 °C
Stability & Storage	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied. • 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution. • 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

BACKGROUND

CCL22, also named stimulated T cell chemotactic protein (STCP-1) and MDC, is a CC chemokine initially isolated from clones of monocyte-derived macrophages. Human CCL22 cDNA encodes a precursor protein of 93 amino acid residues with a 24 amino acid residue predicted signal peptide that is cleaved to yield a 69 amino acid residue mature 8 kDa protein. At the amino acid sequence level, CCL22 shows less than 35% identity to other CC chemokine family members. Human CCL22 is expressed in dendritic cells, macrophages and activated monocytes. In addition, CCL22 expression is also detected in the tissues of thymus, lymph node and appendix. The gene for human CCL22 has been mapped to chromosome 16 rather than chromosome 17 where the genes for many human CC chemokines are clustered. Recombinant or chemically synthesized mature CCL22 has been shown to induce chemotaxis or Ca²⁺ mobilization in dendritic cells, IL-2 activated NK cells, and activated T lymphocytes. A CD8⁺ T lymphocyte-derived secreted soluble activity that suppresses infection by primary non-syncytium-inducing and syncytium-inducing HIV-1 isolates and the T cell line-adapted isolate HIV-1_{IIIB}, has been identified as CCL22. Based on amino-terminal sequence analysis, the major CD8⁺ T lymphocyte-derived CCL22 protein yielded an amino-terminal sequence of YGANM, which is two amino acid residues shorter than the predicted mature CCL22. The difference in potency between the two mature CCL22 isoforms has not been determined.

References:

1. Godiska, R. *et al.* (1997) *J. Exp. Med.* **185**:1595.
2. Chang, M-S. *et al.* (1997) *J. Biol. Chem.* **272**:25229.
3. Pal, R. *et al.* (1997) *Science* **278**:5338.