

DESCRIPTION

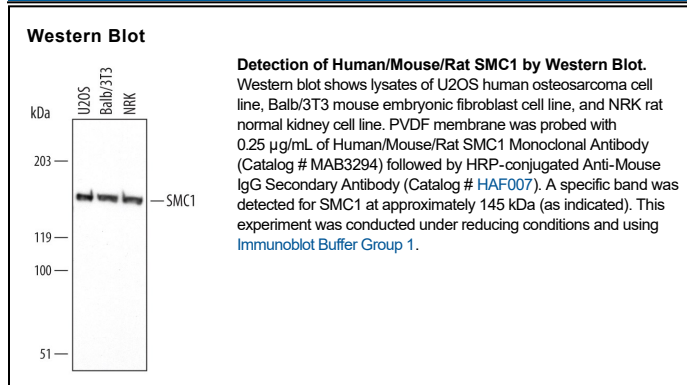
Species Reactivity	Human/Mouse/Rat
Specificity	Detects human, mouse and rat SMC1 in Western blots.
Source	Monoclonal Mouse IgG _{2B} Clone # 317705
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant
Immunogen	<i>E. coli</i> -derived recombinant human SMC1 Met837-Gln1233 Accession # Q14683
Endotoxin Level	<0.10 EU per 1 µg of the antibody by the LAL method.
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Small pack size (-SP) is supplied either lyophilized or as a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS.

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. *General Protocols* are available in the *Technical Information* section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Western Blot	0.25 µg/mL	See Below

DATA



PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Reconstitution	Reconstitute at 0.5 mg/mL in sterile PBS.
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below. *Small pack size (-SP) is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at -20 to -70 °C
Stability & Storage	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied. • 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution. • 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

BACKGROUND

Structural Maintenance of Chromosome 1 (SMC1) is an ATPase which, with SMC3, forms a heterodimeric complex. These dimers form a V-shaped molecule with two long coiled-coil arms, each having an ATP-binding domain at its distal end. The SMC1/SMC3 heterodimer plays an important role in sister chromatid cohesion during metaphase, associates with the nuclear matrix and centrosome during interphase and localizes to kinetochores, spindles and spindle poles during mitosis. SMC1 is also a component of the DNA damage response and participates in the cellular response to DNA damage through its phosphorylation on Ser 957 and 966.