RD SYSTEMS a biotechne brand

Monoclonal Mouse IgG_{2B} Clone # 350207 Catalog Number: MAB29373

DESCRIPTION		
Species Reactivity	Human	
Specificity	Detects human Clusterin in direct ELISAs.	
Source	Monoclonal Mouse IgG _{2B} Clone # 350207	
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant	
Immunogen	Mouse myeloma cell line NS0-derived recombinant human Clusterin Asp23-Arg227 (beta) & Ser228-Glu449 (alpha) Accession # NP_001822	
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Small pack size (-SP) is supplied either lyophilized or as a 0.2 μm filtered solution in PBS.	

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

ELISA

DATA

This antibody functions as an ELISA detection antibody when paired with Mouse Anti-Human Clusterin Monoclonal Antibody (Catalog # MAB29372).

This product is intended for assay development on various assay platforms requiring antibody pairs. We recommend the Human Clusterin DuoSet ELISA Kit (Catalog # DY5874) for convenient development of a sandwich ELISA or the Human Clusterin Quantikine ELISA Kit (Catalog # DCLU00) for a complete optimized ELISA.



PREPARATION AND S	STORAGE
Reconstitution	Reconstitute at 0.5 mg/mL in sterile PBS.
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below. *Small pack size (-SP) is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at -20 to -70 °C
Stability & Storage	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied. 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution. 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

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Human Clusterin Antibody

Monoclonal Mouse IgG_{2B} Clone # 350207 Catalog Number: MAB29373

BACKGROUND

Clusterin, also known as Apolipoprotein J, Sulfated Glycoprotein 2 (SGP-2), TRPM-2, and SP-40,40, is a secreted multifunctional protein that was named for its ability to induce cellular clustering. It binds a wide range of molecules and may function as a chaperone of misfolded extracellular proteins. It also participates in the control of cell proliferation, apoptosis, and carcinogenesis (1, 2). Clusterin is predominantly expressed in adult testis, ovary, adrenal gland, liver, heart, and brain and in many epithelial tissues during embryonic development (3). Human Clusterin is synthesized as a precursor that contains two coiled coil domains, three nuclear localization signals (NLS), and one heparin binding domain (4 - 6). Intracellular cleavages of the precursor remove the signal peptide and generate comparably sized α and β chains which are secreted as an 80 kDa N-glycosylated disulfide-linked heterodimer (7, 8). Mature human Clusterin shares 77% amino acid sequence identity with mouse and rat Clusterin. High µg/mL concentrations of Clusterin circulate predominantly as a component of high density lipoprotein particles, and these are internalized and degraded through interactions with LRP-2/Megalin (9, 10). In human, an alternately spliced 50 kDa isoform of Clusterin (nCLU) lacks the signal peptide ard memains intracellular (5, 11). This molecule is neither glycosylated nor cleaved into α and β chains (11). In the cytoppas, nCLU destabilizes the actin cytoskeleton and inhibits NFkB activation (12, 13). Cellular exposure to ionizing radiation promotes the translocation of nCLU to the nucleus where it interacts with Ku70 and promotes apoptosis (5, 11). This function contrasts with the cytoprotective effect of secreted Clusterin (14). During colon cancer tumor progression there is a downregulation of the intracellular form and an upregulation of the glycosylated secreted form (11).

References:

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