

DESCRIPTION

Species Reactivity	Mouse
Specificity	Detects mouse FAM3C in direct ELISAs and Western blots. In direct ELISAs and Western blots, no cross-reactivity with recombinant mouse FAM3A, 3B, or 3D is observed.
Source	Monoclonal Rat IgG _{2B} Clone # 372018
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant
Immunogen	Mouse myeloma cell line NS0-derived recombinant mouse FAM3C Gln25-Asp227 Accession # Q91VU0
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Small pack size (-SP) is supplied either lyophilized or as a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS.

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. *General Protocols* are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Western Blot	1 µg/mL	Recombinant Mouse FAM3C

PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Reconstitution	Reconstitute at 0.5 mg/mL in sterile PBS.
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below. *Small pack size (-SP) is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at -20 to -70 °C
Stability & Storage	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied. ● 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution. ● 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

BACKGROUND

FAM3C, also known as D6WSU176e, is a secreted protein belonging to a cytokine-like family. Members of this family share a four helix bundle secondary structure similar to that found in many cytokines. FAM3C is ubiquitously expressed on multiple tissues. The human FAM3C gene has been identified to be a candidate gene for autosomal recessive non-syndromic hearing loss locus 17. The amino acid sequence of mature mouse FAM3C is 97% and 94% identical to that of rat and human FAM3C, respectively.