

# **Human Siglec-6/CD327 Antibody**

Recombinant Monoclonal Mouse IgG<sub>1</sub> Clone # 767335R Catalog Number: MAB28591

DESCRIPTION	
Species Reactivity	Human
Specificity	Detects human Siglec-6/CD327 in direct ELISAs.
Source	Recombinant Monoclonal Mouse IgG <sub>1</sub> Clone # 767335R
Purification	Protein A or G purified from cell culture supernatant
Immunogen	Chinese hamster ovary cell line CHO-derived recombinant human Siglec-6/CD327 Gln27-Ser331 Accession # 043699
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Small pack size (-SP) is supplied either lyophilized or as a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS.

#### APPLICATIONS

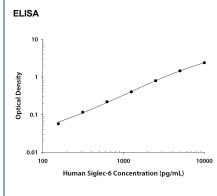
Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

**ELISA** 

This antibody functions as an ELISA capture antibody when paired with Sheep Anti-Human Siglec-6/CD327 Antigen Affinity-purified Polyclonal Antibody (Catalog # AF2859).

This product is intended for assay development on various assay platforms requiring antibody pairs. We recommend the Human Siglec-6/CD327 DuoSet ELISA Kit (Catalog # DY2859-05) for convenient development of a sandwich ELISA.

## DATA



Human Siglec-6/CD327 ELISA Standard Curve, Recombinant Human Siglec-6/CD327 protein was serially diluted 2-fold and captured by Mouse Anti-Human Siglec-6/CD327 Monoclonal Antibody (Catalog # MAB28591) coated on a Clear Polystyrene Microplate (Catalog # DY990). Sheep Anti-Human Siglec-6/CD327 Antigen Affinity-purified Polyclonal Antibody (Catalog # AF2859) was biotinylated and incubated with the protein captured on the plate. Detection of the standard curve was achieved by incubating Streptavidin-HRP (Catalog # DY998) followed by Substrate Solution (Catalog # DY999) and stopping the enzymatic reaction with Stop Solution (Catalog # DY994).

### PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Reconstitution Reconstitute at 0.5 mg/mL in sterile PBS.

Shipping The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.

\*Small pack size (-SP) is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at -20 to -70 °C

Stability & Storage Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

- 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.
- 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.
- 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

### BACKGROUND

Siglecs (Sialic acid binding Ig-like Lectins) are I-type (Ig-type) lectins that belong to the Ig superfamily. They are characterized by an N-terminal Ig-like V-type domain which mediates sialic acid binding, followed by varying numbers of Ig-like C2-type domains (1-4). Eleven human Siglecs (Siglec-1 through 11) have been cloned and characterized. Within these eleven, there are at least two groups, one of which is termed the CD33-related group. CD33-related Siglecs include CD33/Siglec-3 and Siglec-5 through 11 (1, 3). To date, no Siglec has been shown to recognize any cell surface ligand other than sialic acid. This suggests that interactions with glycans containing this carbohydrate are important in mediating the biological functions of Siglecs. The cDNA of human Siglec-6 (also known as OB-BP1 and CD33L), encodes a putative 442 amino acid (aa) protein that contains a 15 aa signal peptide, a 321 aa extracellular region, a 21 aa transmembrane region (TM), and an 85 aa cytoplasmic tail (5, 6). The extracellular region contains one N-terminal V-type Ig-like domain followed by two Ig-like C2-type domains. The cytoplasmic domain has one immunoreceptor tyrosine-based inhibition motif (ITIM). At least three additional isoforms exist, all of which encode an additional 11 aa's at the N-terminus, likely due to the utilization of an alternate start site. Two of the three isoforms also show splicing. One isoform shows a 16 aa in-frame deletion in the second C2-like domain, while the other shows a deletion of the TM and cytoplasmic region, thus potentially generating a soluble form (6-9). Siglec-6 is found on B cells and in placenta, and would seem to have a restricted specificity for the sialy! Tn antigen (6, 10).

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