

Human GDNF Antibody

Monoclonal Mouse IgG_{2B} Clone # 27109 Catalog Number: MAB2122

DESCRIPTION	
Species Reactivity	Human
Specificity	Detects human GDNF in direct ELISA.
Source	Monoclonal Mouse IgG _{2B} Clone # 27109
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant
Immunogen	E. coli-derived recombinant human GDNF Arg109-lle211 Accession # P39905
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Small pack size (-SP) is supplied either lyophilized or as a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS.

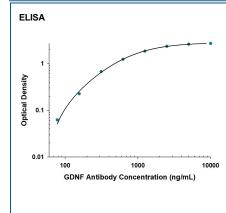
APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

ELISA

This antibody functions as an ELISA capture antibody when paired with human anti GDNF Polyclonal Antibody (Catalog # AF512). This product is intended for assay development on various assay platforms requiring antibody pairs.

DATA



Human GDNF ELISA Standard Curve. Recombinant Human GDNF protein was serially diluted 2-fold and captured by Mouse Anti-Human GDNF Monoclonal Antibody (Catalog # MAB2122) coated on a Clear Polystyrene Microplate (Catalog # DY990). Goat Anti-Human GDNF Antigen Affinity-purified Polyclonal Antibody (Catalog # AF512) was biotinylated and incubated with the protein captured on the plate. Detection of the standard curve was achieved by incubating Streptavidin-HRP (Catalog # DY998) followed by Substrate Solution (Catalog # DY999) and stopping the enzymatic reaction with Stop Solution (Catalog # DY994)

PREPARATION AND STORAGE

 Reconstitution
 Reconstitute at 0.5 mg/mL in sterile PBS.

 Shipping
 The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.

 *Small pack size (-SP) is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at -20 to -70 °C

Stability & Storage

Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

- 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.
- 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.
- 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

BACKGROUND

Glial Cell Line-derived Neurotrophic Factor (GDNF) is a neurotrophic factor that has been shown to promote the survival of various neuronal subpopulations in both the central as well as the peripheral nervous systems at different stages of their development. Neuronal subpopulations that have been shown to be affected by GDNF include motoneurons, midbrain dopaminergic neurons, Purkinje cells, and sympathetic neurons.

Native GDNF, a disulfide-linked homodimeric glycoprotein, is a novel member of the TGF-β superfamily. Human GDNF cDNA encodes a 211 amino acid residue prepropeptide that is processed to yield a dimeric protein. Mature human GDNF was predicted to contain two 134 amino acid residue subunits. NS0 expressed mature human GDNF lacks 31 residues from the amino-terminus of the predicted sequence. This glycosylated recombinant mature human GDNF still contains the seven conserved Cys residues found in all members of the TGF-β superfamily and is biologically active. The GDNF sequence contains two potential glycosylation sites and insect cell-expressed recombinant rat GDNF proteins are glycosylated. Mature rat and human GDNF exhibit approximately 93% amino acid sequence identity and show considerable species cross-reactivity. Cells known to express GDNF include Sertoli cells, type 1 astrocytes, Schwann cells, neurons, pinealocytes, and skeletal muscle cells.

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