

DESCRIPTION

Species Reactivity	Human
Specificity	Detects recombinant human BLAME in ELISAs.
Source	Monoclonal Mouse IgG _{2A} Clone # 250020
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant
Immunogen	Mouse myeloma cell line NS0-derived recombinant human BLAME/SLAMF8 Ala23-Asp233 Accession # Q9P0V8
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Small pack size (-SP) is supplied either lyophilized or as a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS.

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

Human BLAME/SLAMF8 Sandwich Immunoassay		Reagent
ELISA Capture	2-8 µg/mL	Human BLAME/SLAMF8 Antibody (Catalog # MAB19073)
ELISA Detection	0.5-2.0 µg/mL	Human BLAME/SLAMF8 Biotinylated Antibody (Catalog # BAM19074)
Standard		Recombinant Human BLAME/SLAMF8 (Catalog # 1907-BL)

PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Reconstitution	Reconstitute at 0.5 mg/mL in sterile PBS.
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below. *Small pack size (-SP) is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at -20 to -70 °C
Stability & Storage	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied. ● 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution. ● 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

BACKGROUND

BLAME (B-lymphocyte activator macrophage expressed), also known as SLAM family member 8, is a type I transmembrane protein that belongs to the CD2 subset of immunoglobulin superfamily cell receptors. CD2 family proteins function as adhesion molecules and modulators of immune responses (1, 2). Mature human BLAME consists of a 211 amino acid (aa) ECD that contains two Ig V-like domains, a 21 aa transmembrane segment, and a 31 aa cytoplasmic tail that lacks recognizable signaling motifs (3). Within the ECD, human BLAME shares 19% - 26% aa sequence identity with human 2B4, CD2, CD2F-10, CD48, CD58, CD84, CD229, CRACC, NTB-A, and SLAM. It shares 79% aa sequence identity with the ECD of mouse BLAME. BLAME is expressed on dendritic cells and IFN-γ stimulated monocytes. Overexpression of BLAME in bone marrow cells leads to an increase in the peritoneal B1b population of B lymphocytes (3).

References:

1. McNerney, M.E. and V. Kumar (2006) Curr. Top. Microbiol. Immunol. **298**:91.
2. Veillette, A. (2006) Nat. Rev. Immunol. **6**:56.
3. Kingsbury, G.A. *et al.* (2001) J. Immunol. **166**:5675.