

Mouse Siglec-F Antibody

Monoclonal Rat IgG_{2B} Clone # 238023 Catalog Number: MAB1706

Species Reactivity	Mouse			
Specificity	Detects mouse Siglec-F in direct ELISAs and Western blots. In direct ELISAs and Western blots, no cross-reactivity with recombinan Siglec-5, -7, -9, -10, or recombinant mouse Siglec-2, or -3 is observed.			
Source	Monoclonal Rat IgG _{2B} Clone # 238023			
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant			
Immunogen	Mouse myeloma cell line NS0-derived recombinant mouse Siglec-F Asp18-Thr437 (predicted) Accession # Q920G3			
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Small pack size (-SP) is supplied either lyophilized or as a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS.			

APP		

Trade Note: Optimal alliations of out and be determined by each application. Constant records and available in the recommendation occurs on our website.		
	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Western Blot	1 μg/mL	Recombinant Mouse Siglec-F Fc Chimera (Catalog # 1706-SF)

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Reconstitution	Reconstitute at 0.5 mg/mL in sterile PBS.	
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.	
	*Small pack size (-SP) is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at -20 to -70 °C	
Stability & Storage	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.	

12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.

- 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.
- 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution

BACKGROUND

Siglecs (1) (sialic acid binding Ig-like lectins) are I-type (Ig-type) lectins (2) belonging to the Ig superfamily. They are characterized by an N-terminal Ig-like V-type domain which mediates sialic acid binding (3), followed by varying numbers of Ig-like C2-type domains (1, 4). Eleven human Siglecs have been cloned and characterized (1, 4). They are sialoadhesin/CD169/Siglec-1, CD22/Siglec-2, CD33/Siglec-3, Myelin-Associated Glycoprotein (MAG/Siglec-4a) and Siglec 5 to 11 (4-6). To date, no Siglec has been shown to recognized any cell surface ligand other than sialic acids, suggesting that interactions with glycans containing this carbohydrate are important in mediating the biological functions of Siglecs. Siglec 5 to 11 share a high degree of sequence similarity with CD33/Siglec-3 both in their extracellular and intracellular regions. They are collectively referred to as CD33-related Siglecs. One remarkable feature of the CD33-related Siglecs is their differential expression pattern within the hematopoietic system (4, 5). This fact, together with the presence of two conserved immunoreceptor tyrosine-based inhibition motifs (ITIMs) in their cytoplasmic tails, suggests that CD33-related Siglecs are involved in the regulation of cellular activation within the immune system. Mouse Siglec-F cDNA encodes a 569 amino acid polypeptide with a hydrophobic signal peptide, an N-terminal Ig-like V-type domain, three Ig-like C2-type domains, a transmembrane region and a cytoplasmic tail (7). The expression of Siglec-F is restricted to the cells of myelomonocytic lineage. Mouse Siglec-F is likely an ortholog of human Siglec-5. Unlike many human CD33-related Siglecs, which show similar binding to both α2,3- and α2,6-linked sialic acids, mouse Siglec-F preferentially recognize α2,3-linked sialic acid.

References:

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- Powell, L.D. et al. (1995) J. Biol. Chem. 270:14243.
- May, A.R. et al. (1998) Mol. Cell 1998. 1:719.
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