

Human PD-L1/B7-H1 Antibody

Monoclonal Mouse IgG₁ Clone # 130021 Catalog Number: MAB1561

DESCRIPTION			
Species Reactivity	Human		
Specificity	Detects human PD-L1/B7-H1 in direct ELISAs. In direct ELISAs, no cross-reactivity with recombinant human (rh) B7-1, -2, -H2, -H3, -H3b, -H4, rhPD-L2, recombinant mouse B7-H1, recombinant rat (rr) B7-1, or rrB7-2 is observed.		
Source	Monoclonal Mouse IgG ₁ Clone # 130021		
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant		
Immunogen	Mouse myeloma cell line NS0-derived recombinant human PD-L1/B7-H1 Phe19-Thr239 Accession # Q9NZQ7		
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Small pack size (-SP) is supplied either lyophilized or as a 0.2 μm filtered solution in PBS.		

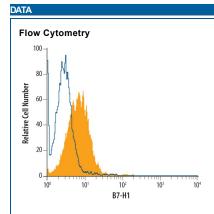
Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.				
	Recommended Concentration	Sample		
Dual RNAscope ISH-IHC Compatible	3-25 μg/mL	Immersion fixed paraffin-embedded sections of human colon cancer		
Flow Cytometry	0.25 μg/10 ⁶ cells	See Below		
Immunohistochemistry	8-25 μg/mL	See Below		
CyTOF-ready	Ready to be labeled using established conjugation methods. No BSA or other carrier proteins that could interfere w conjugation.			



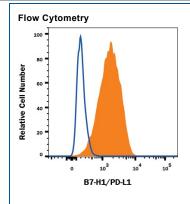
Human PD-L1/B7-H1 Antibody

Monoclonal Mouse IgG₁ Clone # 130021

Catalog Number: MAB1561

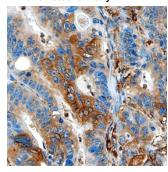


Detection of PD-L1/B7-H1 in Jurkat Human Cell Line by Flow Cvtometry. Jurkat human acute T cell leukemia cell line was stained with Mouse Anti-Human PD-L1/B7-H1 Monoclonal Antibody (Catalog # MAB1561, filled histogram) or isotype control antibody (Catalog # Catalog # MAB002, open histogram), followed by Phycoerythrinconjugated Anti-Mouse IgG F(ab')₂Secondary Antibody (Catalog # Catalog # F0102B). View our protocol for Staining Membrane-associated Proteins.



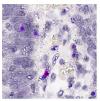
Detection of PD-L1/B7-H1 in MDA-MB-231 Human Cell Line by Flow Cytometry. MDA-MB-231 human breast adenocarcinoma cell line was stained with Mouse Anti-Human PD-L1/B7-H1 Monoclonal Antibody (Catalog # MAB1561, filled histogram) or isotype control antibody (Catalog # Catalog # MAB002, open histogram), followed by Phycoerythrinconjugated Anti-Mouse IgG F(ab')2 Secondary Antibody (Catalog # Catalog # F0102B) Adherent cells were prepared by either manual scraping or with TrypLE Express treatment with similar results. View our protocol for Staining Membraneassociated Proteins

Immunohistochemistry



PD-L1/B7-H1 in Human Colon Cancer, PD-I 1/B7-H1 was detected in formalin fixed paraffinembedded sections of human colon cancer using Mouse Anti-Human PD-L1/B7-H1 Monoclonal Antibody (Catalog # MAB1561) at 15 μg/mL overnight at 4 °C. Tissue was stained using the Anti-Mouse HRP-DAB Cell & Tissue Staining Kit (brown; Catalog # Catalog # CTS002) and counterstained with hematoxylin (blue). Specific staining was observed in the cytoplasm. View our protocol for Chromogenic IHC Staining of Paraffin-embedded Tissue Sections.

In-situ Hybridization





In Situ Hybridization (ISH) Immunohistochemistry (IHC)

Human Colon Cancer. Formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissue sections of human colon cancer were probed for PDL1 mRNA (ACD RNAScope Probe, catalog # 600861; Fast Red chromogen, ACD catalog # 322360). Adjacent tissue section was processed for immunohistochemistry using mouse anti-human PDL1 monoclonal antibody (R&D Systems catalog # Catalog # MAB1561) at 5ug/mL with overnight incubation at 4 degrees Celsius followed by incubation with anti-mouse IgG VisUCyte HRP Polymer Antibody (Catalog # Catalog # VC001) and DAB chromogen (yellow-brown). Tissue was counterstained with hematoxylin (blue). Specific staining was localized to lymphocytes.

Detection of PD-L1/B7-H1 in

PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Reconstitution Reconstitute at 0.5 mg/mL in sterile PBS. For liquid material, refer to CoA for concentration.

Shipping

Lyophilized product is shipped at ambient temperature. Liquid small pack size (-SP) is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store immediately at the temperature recommended below.

Stability & Storage

Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

- 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.
- 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.
- 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

Rev. 5/23/2024 Page 2 of 3



Human PD-L1/B7-H1 Antibody

Monoclonal Mouse IgG₁ Clone # 130021

Catalog Number: MAB1561

BACKGROUND

Human B7 homolog 1 (B7-H1), also called programmed death ligand 1 (PD-L1) and programmed cell death 1 ligand 1 (PDCD1L1), is a member of the growing B7 family of immune proteins that provide signals for both stimulating and inhibiting T cell activation. Other family members include B7-1, B7-2, B7-H2, PDL2 and B7-H3. B7 proteins are members of the immunoglobulin (Ig) superfamily. Their extracellular domains contain 2 Ig-like domains and all members have short cytoplasmic domains. Among the family members, there is about 20-25% amino acid identity. Human and mouse B7-H1 share approximately 70% amino acid sequence identity. B7-H1 has been identified as one of two ligands for programmed death-1 (PD-1), a member of the CD28 family of immunoreceptors. The B7-H1 gene encodes a 291 amino acid (aa) type I membrane precursor protein with a putative 18 as signal peptide, a 220 aa extracellular domain, a 21 aa transmembrane region, and a 31 aa cytoplasmic domain. Human B7-H1 is constitutively expressed in several organs such as heart, skeletal muscle, placenta and lung, and in lower amounts in thymus, spleen, kidney and liver. B7-H1 expression is upregulated in a small fraction of activated T and B cells and a much larger fraction of activated monocytes. B7-H1 expression is also induced in dendritic cells and keratinocytes after IFN-γ stimulation. Interaction of B7-H1 with PD-1 results in inhibition of TCR-mediated proliferation and cytokine production. The B7-H1:PD-1 pathway is involved in the negative regulation of some immune responses and may play an important role in the regulation of peripheral tolerance.

References:

- 1. Nishimura, H. and T. Honjo (2001) Trends Immunol. 22:265.
- 2. Freeman, G.J. et al. (2000) J. Exp. Med. 192:1027.
- 3. Latchman, Y. et al. (2001) Nat. Immunol. 2:261.