

Mouse TLR1 Antibody

Monoclonal Rat IgG_{2A} Clone # 285923 Catalog Number: MAB1475

Species Reactivity	Mouse		
Specificity Detects mouse TLR1 in direct ELISAs and Western blots. In direct ELISAs, no cross-reactivity with recombinant mous 9, recombinant human IL-1 R8, rmIL-18 Rb, rmMD-1, rmRP105, rmSIGIRR, rmTLR2, 3, 4, or 6 is observed.			
Source	Monoclonal Rat IgG _{2A} Clone # 285923		
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant		
Immunogen	Mouse myeloma cell line NS0-derived recombinant mouse TLR1 Ser25-Asp581 Accession # Q9EPQ1		
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Small pack size (-SP) is supplied either lyophilized or as a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS.		

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Western Blot	1 μg/mL	Recombinant Mouse TLR1 (Catalog # 1476-TR)

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Reconstitution	Reconstitute at 0.5 mg/mL in sterile PBS.	
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below. *Small pack size (-SP) is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at -20 to -70 °C	
Stability & Storage	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.	
	 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied. 	

- 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.
- 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

BACKGROUND

The Toll-like family of molecules are type I transmembrane proteins that serve as pattern recognition receptors for microbial pathogens. There are at least twelve mouse and ten human TLRs that activate the innate immune system following exposure to a variety of microbial species (1, 2). TLRs contain a large number of leucine-rich repeats (LRRs) and a cytoplasmic tail with one Toll/IL-1 receptor (TIR) domain. Mature mouse TLR1 consists of a 557 amino acid (aa) extracellular domain (ECD) with 20 LRRs, a 21 aa transmembrane segment, and a 192 aa cytoplasmic domain (3, 4). Within the ECD, mouse TLR1 shares 60% aa sequence identity with mouse TLR6 and 19%-27% aa sequence identitity with mouse TLR2, -3, -4, -5, -7, -8, -9, -11, -12, and -13. It shares 73% and 86% aa sequence identity with human and rat TLR1, respectively. TLR1 is expressed on the surface of macrophages, dendritic cells, and tonsillar epithelial cells in ligand-independent association with TLR2 (5-8). TLR2 additionally associates with TLR6 to form a functional complex with specificity for distinct but related microbial ligands (9-11). TLR1 and TLR2 cooperate in the recognition of bacterial and protozoal triacylated lipopeptides and glycosylphosphatidylinositols (6, 10-12). Ligand binding induces TLR1 localization to lipid rafts followed by receptor internalization and activation of NFkB (7, 11, 13).

References:

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