

Human ADAM10 Antibody

Monoclonal Mouse IgG_{2B} Clone # 172023 Catalog Number: MAB14271

DESCRIPTION	
Species Reactivity	Human
Specificity	Detects human ADAM10 in direct ELISAs.
Source	Monoclonal Mouse IgG _{2B} Clone # 172023
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant
Immunogen	Spodoptera frugiperda, Sf 21 (baculovirus)-derived human ADAM10 protein Thr214-Glu672, with a C-terminal 10-His tag Accession # 014672
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Small pack size (-SP) is supplied either lyophilized or as a 0.2 μm filtered solution in PBS.

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

ELISA

This antibody functions as an ELISA capture antibody when paired with Mouse Anti-Human ADAM10 Monoclonal

Antibody (Catalog # MAB14272).

This product is intended for assay development on various assay platforms requiring antibody pairs.

PREPARATION AND STORAGE	
Reconstitution	Reconstitute at 0.5 mg/mL in sterile PBS.
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below. *Small pack size (-SP) is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at -20 to -70 °C
Stability & Storage	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied. 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution. 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

ADAM10 (also known as Kuzbanian, mammalian disintegrin metalloprotease, myelin-associated metalloproteinase) is a member of the ADAM family that contains a disintegrin and metalloprotease-like domain (1, 2). Like other membrane-anchored ADAMs, ADAM10 consists of the following domains, pro with a cysteine switch and furin cleavage sequence, catalytic with the zinc-binding site and Met-turn expected for reprolysins, disintegrin-like, cysteine-rich, EGF-like, transmembrane, and cytoplasmic. ADAM10 is highly conserved, with 97% amino acid identity between mouse, rat, bovine and human and 45% identity between mouse and Drosophila. The active enzyme processes notch, notch ligand delta, and amyloid protein precursor at the alpha site, playing an important role in neurogenesis (3, 4). It also processes the 26 kDa membrane-anchored pro-tumor necrosis factor-α (TNF-α) to the 17 kDa mature TNF-α (5). It cleaves myelin basic protein and type IV collagen (6, 7). ADAM10 is widely expressed in tissues and resides both on the cell surface and in the cell (8, 9).

References:

- Rooke, et al. (1996) Science 273:1227.
- Pan and Rubin (1997) Cell 90:271.
- Qi, et al. (1999) Science 283:91. 3.
- Lammich, et al. (1999) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 96:3922.
- Rosendahl, et al. (1997) J. Biol. Chem. 272:24588.
- Chantry, et al. (1989) J. Biol. Chem. 264:21603. 6.
- Millichip, et al. (1998) Biochem. Biophys. Res. Comm. 245:594.
- Chantry and Glynn (1990) Biochem. J. 268:245. 8.
- Fahrenholz, et al. (2000) Ann. N.Y. Acad. Sci. 920:215.

