

**DESCRIPTION**

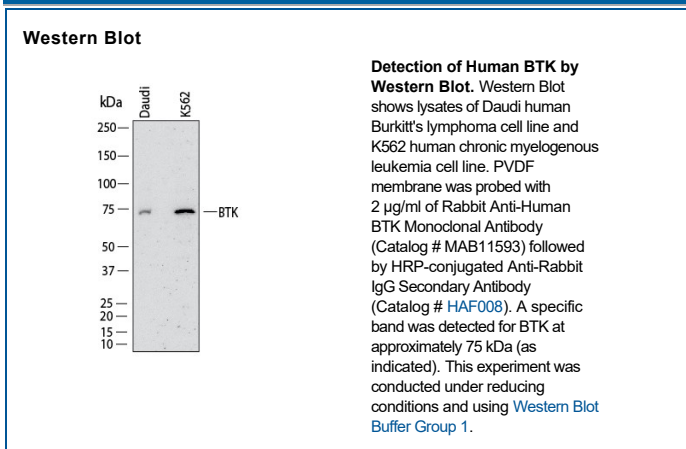
<b>Species Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Specificity</b>	Detects recombinant human BTK-SH2 in Direct ELISA.
<b>Source</b>	Recombinant Monoclonal Rabbit IgG Clone # 3005A
<b>Purification</b>	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant
<b>Immunogen</b>	<i>E. coli</i> -derived recombinant human BTK Glu280-Val377 Accession # Q06187
<b>Formulation</b>	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose.

**APPLICATIONS**

**Please Note:** Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. *General Protocols* are available in the *Technical Information* section on our website.

	<b>Recommended Concentration</b>	<b>Sample</b>
<b>Western Blot</b>	2 µg/mL	Daudi human Burkitt's lymphoma cell line and K562 human chronic myelogenous leukemia cell line

**DATA**



**PREPARATION AND STORAGE**

<b>Reconstitution</b>	Reconstitute lyophilized material at 0.2 mg/ml in sterile PBS. For liquid material, refer to CoA for concentration.
<b>Shipping</b>	Lyophilized product is shipped at ambient temperature. Liquid small pack size (-SP) is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store immediately at the temperature recommended below.
<b>Stability &amp; Storage</b>	<b>Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.</li> <li>• 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.</li> <li>• 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.</li> </ul>

**BACKGROUND**

Bcr tyrosine kinase (BTK) is a 75 kDa cytoplasmic protein tyrosine kinase that is widely expressed in hematopoietic cells. BTK is required for B cell receptor signaling and B cell development. Defects in BTK result in X-linked agammaglobulinemia which is characterized by a severely decreased level of circulating antibodies. Like other Tec family kinases, BTK contains a Pleckstrin homology domain, a Tec homology domain, an SH3 domain, an SH2 domain, and a protein kinase domain. Association of the BTK SH2 domain with the B cell linker protein (BLNK) is required for the activation of PLCγ by BTK. Within the SH2 domain (aa 280-377), human BTK shares 99% aa sequence identity with mouse and rat BTK.