

Human MFAP3L Antibody

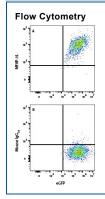
Monoclonal Mouse IgG_{2B} Clone # 1059143 Catalog Number: MAB113251

DESCRIPTION	
Species Reactivity	Human
Specificity	Detects human MFAP3L in direct ELISA.
Source	Monoclonal Mouse IgG _{2B} Clone # 1059143
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant
Immunogen	Human embryonic kidney cell, HEK293-derived human MFAP3L Met1-Met149 Accession # 075121
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Small pack size (-SP) is supplied either lyophilized or as a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS.

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Flow Cytometry	0.25 μg/10 ⁶ cells	HEK293 cells transfected with hMFAP-3L and eGFP

DATA



Detection of MFAP3L in HEK293 cells transfected with hMFAP-3L and eGFP cells by Flow Cytometry, HEK293 cells transfected with hMFAP-3L and eGFP were stained with either (A) Mouse Anti-Human MFAP3L Monoclonal Antibody (Catalog # MAB113251) or (B) Mouse IgG2A Isotype Control (Catalog # MAB003). View our protocol for Staining Membrane-associated Proteins.

PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Shipping The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.	Reconstitution	Reconstitute at 0.5 mg/mL in sterile PBS.
*Small pack size (-SP) is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at -20 to -70 °C	Shipping	

Stability & Storage

Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

- 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied
- 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.
- 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

BACKGROUND

Microbibrillar-Associated Protein 3-Like (MFAP3L), also known as NYD-sp9, is part of the microfibrillar-associated protein family (MFAPs). MFAPs are non-fibrillin, extracellular matrix glycoproteins that interact with fibrillin and were originally characterized in microfibrillar assembly (1, 2). In humans, there several subfamily members with varying amino acid (aa) sequence homology and functions (1, 2). Among the family, MFAP2 and MFAP5 are more closely related and while MFAP1, 3 and 4 share no structural or sequence homology with MFAP2, MFAP5 or with each other (1, 2). Human MFAP3L shows 71% amino acid (aa) sequence homology to MFAP3, but not other MFAPs (3). Mature, human MFAP3L consists of an extracellular domain (ECD) containing N-linked glycosylation sites, a transmembrane domain, and a cytoplasmic domain with a conserved SH2 motif (3). The ECD of human MFAP3L shares 89% and 90% aa sequence identity with mouse and rat MFAP3L, respectively. MFAPs have the unique ability to interact with TGF-β family growth factors, Notch and Notch ligands and multiple elastic fiber proteins, in addition to interacting with fibrillin (1, 2). MFAPs are expressed in a wide variety of tissues and, along with microfibril assembly, they play roles in the regulation of tissue homeostasis, cell survival, and tumor progression (1, 2). MFAP3L is often located within colorectal cancer (CRC) cells, which metastasize by activation of the nuclear ERK pathway via MFAP3L phosphorylation (3). Regulation of this MFAP3L activity could have pharmaceutical effects on CRC tumor progression (3).

References:

- 1. Zhu, S. et al. (2020) J Cell Physio. 236:41.
- 2. Mecham, R.P. et al. (2015) Matrix Biol. 47:13.
- 3. Lou, X. et al. (2014) BBA. 1842:1423.

Rev. 1/17/2023 Page 1 of 1

