

DESCRIPTION

Species Reactivity	Human
Specificity	Detects human Hepassocin/FGL1 in direct ELISA.
Source	Monoclonal Mouse IgG ₁ Clone # 1052936
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant
Immunogen	Mouse myeloma cell line NS0-derived recombinant human Hepassocin/FGL1 Met1-Ile312 Accession # BAB70690
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Small pack size (-SP) is supplied either lyophilized or as a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS.

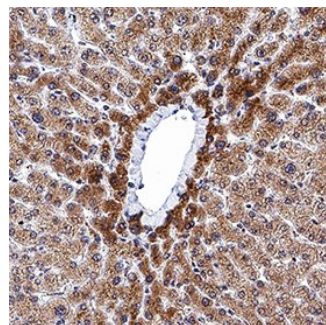
APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. [General Protocols](#) are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Immunocytochemistry	8-25 µg/mL	Immersion fixed HepG2 human hepatocellular carcinoma cell line (positive) and K562 human chronic myelogenous leukemia cell line (negative)
Immunohistochemistry	5-25 µg/mL	Immersion fixed paraffin-embedded sections of human liver.

DATA

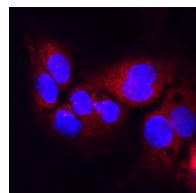
Immunohistochemistry



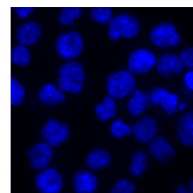
Detection of Hepassocin/FGL1 in Human Liver.

Hepassocin/FGL1 was detected in immersion fixed paraffin-embedded sections of human liver using Mouse Anti-Human Hepassocin/FGL1 Monoclonal Antibody (Catalog # MAB112302) at 5 µg/mL for 1 hour at room temperature followed by incubation with the Anti-Mouse IgG VisUCyte™ HRP Polymer Antibody (Catalog # VC001). Before incubation with the primary antibody, tissue was subjected to heat-induced epitope retrieval using VisUCyte Antigen Retrieval Reagent-Basic (Catalog # VCTS021). Tissue was stained using DAB (brown) and counterstained with hematoxylin (blue). Specific staining was localized to cytoplasm in hepatocytes. View our protocol for [IHC Staining with VisUCyte HRP Polymer Detection Reagents](#).

Immunocytochemistry



HepG2 (Positive) cells



K562 (Negative) cells

Detection of Hepassocin/FGL1 in HepG2 Human hepatocellular carcinoma cell line (positive) and K562 Human chronic myelogenous leukemia cell line (negative).

Hepassocin/FGL1 was detected in immersion fixed HepG2 human hepatocellular carcinoma cell line (positive) and K562 human chronic myelogenous leukemia cell line (negative) using Mouse Anti-Human Hepassocin/FGL1 Monoclonal Antibody (Catalog # MAB112302) at 8 µg/mL for 3 hours at room temperature. Cells were stained using the NorthernLights™ 557-conjugated Anti-Mouse IgG Secondary Antibody (red; Catalog # NL007) and counterstained with DAPI (blue). Specific staining was localized to cytoplasm. View our protocol for [Fluorescent ICC Staining of Cells on Coverslips](#).

PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Reconstitution	Reconstitute at 0.5 mg/mL in sterile PBS.
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below. *Small pack size (-SP) is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at -20 to -70 °C
Stability & Storage	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied. • 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution. • 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

BACKGROUND

Hepassocin, also known as hepatocyte-derived fibrinogen-related protein 1 (HFREP-1) and FGL1, is a liver-specific secreted protein belonging to the fibronogen superfamily, whose members share a fibrinogen domain at their C-termini. Hepassocin may play a role in the development of hepatocellular carcinomas.