Luminex® Performance Assay

Human TIMP Multiplex Kit

Catalog Number LKT003

For the simultaneous quantitative determination of multiple human Tissue Inhibitors of Metalloproteinase (TIMP) concentrations in cell culture supernates, serum, plasma, urine, saliva, and human milk.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION	PAGE
INTRODUCTION	1
PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY	1
LIMITATIONS OF THE PROCEDURE	2
TECHNICAL HINTS	2
PRECAUTIONS	2
MATERIALS PROVIDED & STORAGE CONDITIONS	3
OTHER SUPPLIES REQUIRED	3
SAMPLE COLLECTION AND STORAGE	4
SAMPLE PREPARATION	4
REAGENT PREPARATION	5
DILUTED MICROPARTICLE COCKTAIL PREPARATION	6
DILUTED BIOTIN ANTIBODY COCKTAIL PREPARATION	6
STREPTAVIDIN-PE PREPARATION	6
INSTRUMENT SETTINGS	6
ASSAY PROCEDURE	7
CALCULATION OF RESULTS	8
TYPICAL DATA	8
CALIBRATION	9
SENSITIVITY	9
PRECISION	10
RECOVERY	11
LINEARITY	12
SPECIFICITY	13
REFERENCES	14

MANUFACTURED AND DISTRIBUTED BY:

USA & Canada | R&D Systems, Inc.

614 McKinley Place NE, Minneapolis, MN 55413, USA TEL: (800) 343-7475 (612) 379-2956 FAX: (612) 656-4400 E-MAIL: info@RnDSystems.com

DISTRIBUTED BY:

UK & Europe | R&D Systems Europe, Ltd.

19 Barton Lane, Abingdon Science Park, Abingdon OX14 3NB, UK TEL: +44 (0)1235 529449 FAX: +44 (0)1235 533420 E-MAIL: info@RnDSystems.co.uk

China | R&D Systems China Co., Ltd.

24A1 Hua Min Empire Plaza, 726 West Yan An Road, Shanghai PRC 200050 TEL: +86 (21) 52380373 FAX: +86 (21) 52371001 E-MAIL: info@RnDSystemsChina.com.cn

INTRODUCTION

Matrix MetalloProteinases (MMPs) are zinc-dependent proteases that catalyze degradation of extracellular matrix proteins, thereby controlling such processes as tissue morphogenesis, cell migration, wound healing, bone remodeling, angiogenesis, and tumor metastasis. MMP activities are modulated on several levels including transcription, pro-enzyme activation, or by their endogenous inhibitors, Tissue Inhibitors of MetalloProteinases (TIMPs) (1). TIMPs are small, secreted proteins that are involved in regulating MMPs during tissue remodeling by both inhibition of active MMPs and by activation of pro-MMPs (1,2). TIMPs inhibit MMPs by forming 1:1, non-covalent complexes with MMPs, thereby blocking access of substrates to the MMP catalytic site (2, 3). TIMPs are highly specific for MMPs in general but not for any particular MMP. While TIMPs share basic structural characteristics, they do have distinct biochemical features, expression patterns, and in vivo effects on cell growth, apoptosis, angiogenesis, and tumorigenesis (1-3). Many physiological functions of TIMPs are closely tied to the functions of MMPs, and an improper balance of MMP and TIMP production correlates with pathological conditions such as arthritis, cardiovascular disorders, tumor growth and metastasis (4). Expression levels of TIMPs may be valuable markers for carcinogenesis as expression is regulated in several cancer types and in some cases, correlates with stages of tumor malignancy or survival (5). In addition, TIMPs have activity that appears to be functionally distinct from MMP inhibitory activity. For example, TIMP-1 was independently discovered as a protein with erythroid-potentiating activity (6), while TIMP-2 suppresses EGF-mediated mitogenic signaling (7).

This kit can be used to simultaneously assess the levels of all four TIMP molecules in a single sample. For ease of use, the TIMP microparticles are pre-mixed in one vial and the biotinylated detection antibodies are pre-mixed as well.

Analyte	Bead Region
TIMP-1	9
TIMP-2	33
TIMP-3	34
TIMP-4	74

PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY

Luminex® Performance Assay multiplex kits are designed for use with the Luminex® 100™, Luminex 200™, or Bio-Rad® Bio-Plex® dual laser, flow-based sorting and detection analyzers.

Analyte-specific antibodies are pre-coated onto color-coded microparticles. Microparticles, standards and samples are pipetted into wells and the immobilized antibodies bind the analytes of interest. After washing away any unbound substances, a biotinylated antibody cocktail specific to the analytes of interest is added to each well. Following a wash to remove any unbound biotinylated antibodies, streptavidin-phycoerythrin conjugate (Streptavidin-PE), which binds to the captured biotinylated detection antibodies, is added to each well. A final wash removes unbound Streptavidin-PE. The microparticles are resuspended in buffer and read using the Luminex or Bio-Plex analyzer. One laser is microparticle-specific and determines which analyte is being detected. The other laser determines the magnitude of the phycoerythrin-derived signal, which is in direct proportion to the amount of analyte bound.

LIMITATIONS OF THE PROCEDURE

- FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES.
- The kit should not be used beyond the expiration date on the kit label.
- Do not mix or substitute reagents with those from other lots or sources.
- If samples fall outside the dynamic range of the assay, further dilute the samples with the appropriate Calibrator Diluent and repeat the assay.
- Any variation in standard diluent, operator, pipetting technique, washing technique, incubation time or temperature, and kit age can cause variation in binding.
- Variations in sample collection, processing, and storage may cause sample value differences.
- This assay is designed to eliminate interference by other factors present in biological samples. Until all factors have been tested in the Luminex Performance Assay, the possibility of interference cannot be excluded.
- Discrepancies may exist in values obtained for the same analytes utilizing different technologies.
- Luminex Performance Assays afford the user the benefit of multianalyte analysis of TIMPs in a single complex sample. A single multipurpose diluent is used to optimize recovery, linearity, and reproducibility. Such a multipurpose diluent may not optimize any single analyte to the same degree that a unique diluent selected for analysis of that analyte can optimize conditions. Therefore, some performance characteristics may be more variable than those for assays designed specifically for single analyte analysis.
- Only the analytes listed on the Standard Value Card can be measured with this kit.

TECHNICAL HINTS

- When mixing or reconstituting protein solutions, always avoid foaming.
- To avoid cross-contamination, change pipette tips between additions of each standard level, between sample additions, and between reagent additions. Also, use separate reservoirs for each reagent.
- To ensure accurate results, proper adhesion of plate sealers during incubation steps is necessary.
- Protect microparticles and Streptavidin-PE from light at all times to prevent photobleaching.
- For best results, adjust the vacuum strength on the plate washer to between 15 and 40 cm of mercury.

PRECAUTIONS

Some components in this kit contain ProClin® which may cause an allergic skin reaction. Avoid breathing mist.

Wear protective gloves, clothing, eye, and face protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Please refer to the MSDS on our website prior to use.

MATERIALS PROVIDED & STORAGE CONDITIONS

Store the unopened kit at 2-8 °C. Do not use past kit expiration date.

			STORAGE OF OPENED, DILUTED,		
PART	PART #	DESCRIPTION	OR RECONSTITUTED MATERIAL		
TIMP Standard Cocktail	893262	2 vials of recombinant human TIMPs in a buffered protein base with preservatives; lyophilized.	Discard after use. Use a fresh standard for each assay.		
TIMP Microparticle Cocktail	893260	0.60 mL of a 10X concentrated human TIMP microparticle cocktail with preservatives.	May be stored for up to 1 month at 2-8 °C.* Once diluted, any unused microparticle		
Microparticle Diluent 5	895575	6 mL of a buffered protein base with preservatives.	cocktail must be discarded.		
TIMP Biotin Antibody Cocktail	893261	0.60 mL of a 10X concentrated human TIMP biotin antibody cocktail with preservatives.			
Biotin Antibody Diluent 2	895832	5.5 mL of a buffered protein base with preservative.			
Calibrator Diluent RD6-48	895579	2 vials (21 mL/vial) of a buffered protein base with preservatives.	May be stored for up to 1 month at 2-8 °C.*		
Streptavidin-PE	892525	0.07 mL of a 100-fold concentrated streptavidin-phycoerythrin conjugate with preservatives.	May be stored for up to 1 month at 2-8 °C.		
Wash Buffer Concentrate	895003	21 mL of a 25-fold concentrated solution of buffered surfactant with preservative. May turn yellow over time.			
Microplate	640763	1 filter-bottomed 96-well microplate used as a	a vessel for the assay.		
Mixing Bottles	895505	2 empty 8 mL bottles used for mixing micropa	rticles with Microparticle Diluent.		
Plate Sealers	640445	6 adhesive foil strips.			
Standard Value Card	749850	1 card listing the Standard reconstitution volume and working standard concentrations for this lot of standard.			

^{*}Provided this is within the expiration date of the kit.

OTHER SUPPLIES REQUIRED

- Luminex 100, Luminex 200, or Bio-Rad Bio-Plex analyzer with X-Y platform.
- Microplate vacuum manifold (Millipore Multiscreen™ Vacuum Manifold Catalog # MAVM096 or equivalent).
- Pipettes and pipette tips.
- Deionized or distilled water.
- Multi-channel pipette, manifold dispenser, or automated dispensing unit.
- 50 mL and 500 mL graduated cylinders.
- Horizontal orbital microplate shaker (0.12" orbit) capable of maintaining a speed of 500 ± 50 rpm.
- Microcentrifuge.
- Polypropylene test tubes for dilution of standards and samples.

SAMPLE COLLECTION AND STORAGE

The sample collection and storage conditions listed below are intended as general guidelines. Sample stability has not been evaluated.

Cell Culture Supernates - Remove particulates by centrifugation and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at \leq -20 °C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Serum - Use a serum separator tube (SST) and allow samples to clot for 30 minutes at room temperature before centrifuging for 15 minutes at 1000 x g. Remove serum and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at \leq -20 °C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Plasma - Collect plasma using EDTA or heparin as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge for 15 minutes at 1000 x g within 30 minutes of collection. Assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at \leq -20 °C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Note: Citrate plasma has not been validated for use in this assay.

Urine - Aseptically collect the first urine of the day (mid-stream), voided directly into a sterile container. Centrifuge to remove particulate matter, assay immediately or aliquot and store at \leq -20 °C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Saliva - Collect saliva using a collection device such as a Salivette[®] or equivalent. Assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at \leq -20 °C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Note: Saliva collector must not have any protein binding or filtering capabilities.

Human Milk - Assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at \leq -20 °C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

SAMPLE PREPARATION

Use polypropylene tubes.

Serum/plasma samples require a 50-fold dilution. A suggested 50-fold dilution is 10 μ L of sample + 490 μ L of Calibrator Diluent RD6-48. Mix thoroughly.

Human milk samples require a 200-fold dilution. A suggested 200-fold dilution is 10 μ L of sample + 190 μ L of Calibrator Diluent RD6-48. After this initial 20-fold dilution, combine 20 μ L of the diluted sample + 180 μ L of Calibrator Diluent RD6-48 for a final 200-fold dilution. Mix thoroughly.

Urine samples require a 5-fold dilution. A suggested 5-fold dilution is 50 μ L of sample + 200 μ L of Diluted Calibrator Diluent RD6-48. Mix thoroughly.

Saliva samples require a 100-fold dilution. A suggested 100-fold dilution is 10 μ L of sample + 990 μ L of Diluted Calibrator Diluent RD6-48. Mix thoroughly.

Cell culture supernate samples require a 10-fold dilution. A suggested 10-fold dilution is $25 \mu L$ of sample + $225 \mu L$ of Diluted Calibrator Diluent RD6-48. Mix thoroughly.

REAGENT PREPARATION

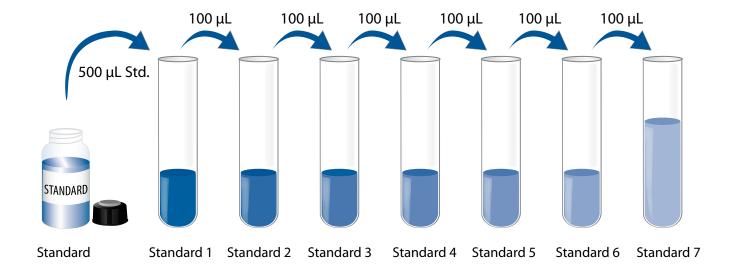
Bring all reagents to room temperature before use.

Wash Buffer - If crystals have formed in the concentrate, warm to room temperature and mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved. Add 20 mL of Wash Buffer Concentrate to deionized or distilled water to prepare 500 mL of Wash Buffer.

Diluted Calibrator Diluent RD6-48 - Add 20 mL of Calibrator Diluent RD6-48 to 10 mL of deionized or distilled water.

Standard - Reconstitute the Standard Cocktail with Calibrator Diluent RD6-48 (*for serum*, plasma, and human milk samples) or Diluted Calibrator Diluent RD6-48 (*for cell culture supernate*, saliva, and urine samples). Refer to the Standard Card for the reconstitution volume and assigned values. Allow the standard to sit for a minimum of 15 minutes with gentle agitation prior to making dilutions.

Use polypropylene tubes. Pipette 500 μ L of the reconstituted Standard into the Standard 1 tube. Pipette 200 μ L of the appropriate Calibrator Diluent into the remaining tubes. Use Standard 1 to produce a 3-fold dilution series (below). Mix each tube thoroughly before the next transfer. Standard 1 serves as the high standard. The appropriate Calibrator Diluent serves as the blank.



DILUTED MICROPARTICLE COCKTAIL PREPARATION

- 1. Centrifuge the Microparticle Cocktail vial for 30 seconds at 1000 x g prior to removing the cap.
- 2. Gently vortex the vial to resuspend the microparticles, taking precautions not to invert the vial.
- 3. Dilute the Microparticle Cocktail in the mixing bottle provided.

Number of Wells Used	Microparticle Cocktail	+	Microparticle Diluent 5
96	500 μL	+	5.0 mL
72	375 μL	+	3.75 mL
48	250 μL	+	2.5 mL
24	125 μL	+	1.25 mL

Note: Protect microparticles from light during handling. Diluted microparticles cannot be stored. Prepare microparticles within 30 minutes of use.

DILUTED BIOTIN ANTIBODY COCKTAIL PREPARATION

- 1. Centrifuge the Biotin Antibody vial for 30 seconds at 1000 x g prior to removing the cap.
- 2. Gently vortex the vial, taking precautions not to invert the vial.
- 3. Dilute the Biotin Antibody Cocktail in Biotin Antibody Diluent. Mix gently.

Number of Wells Used	Biotin Antibody Cocktail	+	Biotin Antibody Diluent 2
96	500 μL	+	5.0 mL
72	375 μL	+	3.75 mL
48	250 μL	+	2.5 mL
24	125 μL	+	1.25 mL

STREPTAVIDIN-PE PREPARATION

Use a polypropylene amber bottle or a polypropylene tube wrapped with aluminum foil. Protect Streptavidin-PE from light during handling and storage.

- 1. Centrifuge the Streptavidin-PE vial for 30 seconds at 1000 x g prior to removing the cap.
- 2. Gently vortex the vial, taking precautions not to invert the vial.
- 3. Dilute the 100X Streptavidin-PE to a 1X concentration by adding 55 μ L of Streptavidin-PE to 5.5 mL of 1X Wash Buffer.

INSTRUMENT SETTINGS

Adjust the probe height setting on the Luminex analyzer to avoid puncturing the membrane. Refer to the instrument manual.

- a) Assign the bead region for each analyte being measured (see page 1)
- b) 50 events/bead
- c) Minimum events: 0
- d) Flow rate: 60 μL/minute (fast)
- e) Sample size: 50 µL
- f) Doublet Discriminator gates at approximately 7500 and 15,500
- g) Collect Median Fluorescence Intensity (MFI)

Note: For the Bio-Rad Bio-Plex analyzer, set the gates at 4300 and 10,000. The CAL2 setting for the Bio-Rad Bio-Plex analyzer should be set at the low RP1 target value.

ASSAY PROCEDURE

Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature before use. It is recommended that all samples and standards be assayed in duplicate.

Note: Protect microparticles and Streptavidin-PE from light at all times.

- 1. Prepare all reagents, working standards, and samples as directed in the previous sections.
- 2. Pre-wet the filter-bottomed microplate by filling each well with 100 μ L of Wash Buffer. Remove the liquid through the filter at the bottom of the plate using a vacuum manifold designed to accommodate a microplate.

Note: After each final wash cycle and subsequent reagent addition, blot the bottom of the plate with a paper towel to prevent wicking.

- 3. Resuspend the diluted Microparticle Cocktail by inversion or vortexing. Add 50 μ L of the Microparticle Cocktail to each well of the pre-wet filter-bottomed microplate.
- 4. Add 50 μ L of Standard or sample* per well. Pipette assay within 15 minutes. Securely cover with a foil plate sealer. Incubate for 2 hours at room temperature on a horizontal orbital microplate shaker (0.12" orbit) set at 500 \pm 50 rpm.
- 5. Using a vacuum manifold device designed to accommodate a microplate, wash by removing the liquid, filling each well with Wash Buffer (100 μ L) and removing the liquid again. All of the liquid must be removed through the filter at the bottom of the plate to avoid any loss of microparticles. Complete removal of liquid is essential for good performance. Perform the wash procedure three times.
- 6. Add 50 μ L of diluted Biotin Antibody Cocktail to all wells. Securely cover with a foil plate sealer and incubate for 1 hour at room temperature on the shaker set at 500 \pm 50 rpm.
- 7. Repeat the wash as in step 5.
- 8. Add 50 μ L of diluted Streptavidin-PE to all wells. Securely cover with a foil plate sealer and incubate for 30 minutes at room temperature on the shaker set at 500 \pm 50 rpm.
- 9. Repeat the wash as in step 5.
- 10. Resuspend the microparticles by adding 100 μ L of Wash Buffer to each well. Incubate for 2 minutes on the shaker set at 500 \pm 50 rpm.
- 11. Read within 90 minutes using the Luminex or BioRad Analyzer.

^{*}Samples require dilution. See Sample Preparation section.

CALCULATION OF RESULTS

Use the Standard concentrations on the Standard Value Card and calculate 3-fold dilutions for the remaining levels. Average the duplicate readings for each standard and sample and subtract the average blank Median Fluorescence Intensity (MFI).

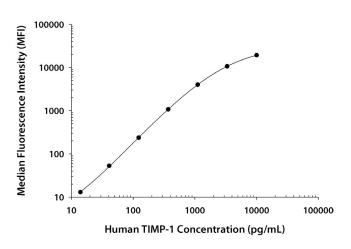
Create a standard curve for each analyte by reducing the data using computer software capable of generating a five parameter logistic (5-PL) curve-fit.

Since samples have been diluted, the concentration read from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.

TYPICAL DATA

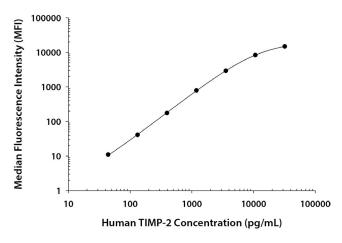
These standard curves are provided only for demonstration. Standard curves must be generated each time an assay is run, utilizing values from the included Standard Value Card.

TIMP-1



Standard	(pg/mL)	MFI	Average	Corrected
Blank	0	2	2	_
		2		
Standard 1	10,000	19,160	19,228	19,226
		19,295		
Standard 2	3333	10,409	10,628	10,626
		10,847		
Standard 3	1111	3885	4008	4006
		4131		
Standard 4	370	1050	1076	1074
		1102		
Standard 5	123	231	239	237
		247		
Standard 6	41	53	55	53
		57		
Standard 7	14	14	15	13
		16		

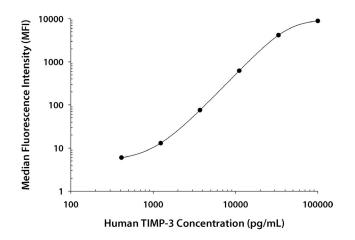
TIMP-2



Standard	(pg/mL)	MFI	Average	Corrected
Blank	0	4	5	_
		5		
Standard 1	32,000	14,127	14,804	14,799
		15,480		
Standard 2	10,667	7820	8336	8331
		8852		
Standard 3	3556	2848	2929	2924
		3009		
Standard 4	1185	770	796	791
		822		
Standard 5	395	178	180	175
		181		
Standard 6	132	44	46	41
		47		
Standard 7	44	15	16	11
		16		

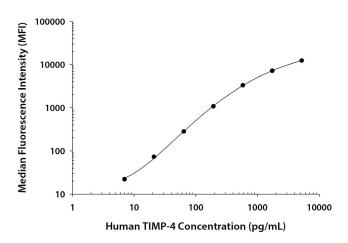
TYPICAL DATA CONTINUED

TIMP-3



Standard	(pg/mL)	MFI	Average	Corrected
Blank	0	2	2	_
		2		
Standard 1	100,000	9678	9702	9700
		9725		
Standard 2	33,333	4591	4650	4648
		4709		
Standard 3	11,111	461	489	487
		516		
Standard 4	3704	67	69	67
		71		
Standard 5	1235	16	17	15
		17		
Standard 6	412	6	7	5
		8		

TIMP-4



Standard	(pg/mL)	MFI	Average	Corrected
Blank	0	6	8	_
		8		
Standard 1	5200	12,286	12,326	12,318
		12,365		
Standard 2	1733	6940	7141	7133
		7342		
Standard 3	578	3289	3303	3295
		3316		
Standard 4	193	1079	1082	1074
		1084		
Standard 5	64	270	289	281
		307		
Standard 6	21	79	81	73
		83		
Standard 7	7	28	30	22
		31		

CALIBRATION

This assay is calibrated against highly purified recombinant human TIMPs produced at R&D Systems.

SENSITIVITY

Forty-one assays were run and the minimum detectable dose (MDD) was determined by adding two standard deviations to the MFI of twenty zero standard replicates and calculating the corresponding concentration.

Analyte	Mean (pg/mL)	Range (pg/mL)
TIMP-1	1.54	0.6-3.43
TIMP-2	14.7	4.6-40.1
TIMP-3	86	20-253
TIMP-4	1.29	0.28-3.80

PRECISION

Intra-assay Precision (Precision within an assay)

Three samples of known concentration were tested twenty times on one plate to assess intra-assay precision.

Inter-assay Precision (Precision between assays)

Three samples of known concentration were tested in forty-eight separate assays to assess inter-assay precision.

TIMP-1

	Intra-Assay Precision			Inter-Assay Precision		
Sample	1	2	3	1	2	3
n	20	20	20	48	48	48
Mean (pg/mL)	40	395	3242	47	359	3078
Standard deviation	4.0	18	210	7.2	36	257
CV (%)	10.0	4.6	6.5	15.3	10.0	8.3

TIMP-2

	Intra-Assay Precision			Inter-Assay Precision		
Sample	1	1 2 3			2	3
n	20	20	20	48	48	48
Mean (pg/mL)	562	3538	13,046	577	3146	13,483
Standard deviation	29	119	543	76	260	1089
CV (%)	5.2	3.4	4.2	13.2	8.3	8.1

TIMP-3

	Intra-Assay Precision			Inter-Assay Precision		
Sample	1	2	3	1	2	3
n	20	20	20	48	48	48
Mean (pg/mL)	2416	15,047	29,412	2029	15,944	29,298
Standard deviation	145	733	627	316	1550	2644
CV (%)	6.0	4.9	2.1	15.6	9.7	9.0

TIMP-4

	Intra-Assay Precision			Inter-Assay Precision		
Sample	1	2	3	1	2	3
n	20	20	20	48	48	48
Mean (pg/mL)	36	126	1239	37	121	1219
Standard deviation	2.3	5.0	86	4.9	12	114
CV (%)	6.4	4.0	6.9	13.2	9.9	9.4

RECOVERY

The recovery of TIMPs spiked to levels throughout the range of the assay in various matrices was evaluated.

TIMP-1

Sample Type	Average % Recovery	Range
Cell culture supernates	101	64-126%
Urine	92	66-121%

TIMP-2

Sample Type	Average % Recovery	Range
Cell culture supernates	94	62-128%
Serum	84	65-118%
EDTA plasma	82	52-120%
Heparin plasma	83	69-104%
Urine	85	59-118%

TIMP-3

Sample Type	Average % Recovery	Range
Cell culture supernates	106	60-133%
Serum	93	76-122%
EDTA plasma	96	85-128%
Heparin plasma	108	96-140%
Urine	104	82-126%

TIMP-4

Sample Type	Average % Recovery	Range
Cell culture supernates	100	82-119%
Serum	94	85-105%
EDTA plasma	92	83-103%
Heparin plasma	91	75-109%
Urine	99	72-124%

LINEARITY

To assess the linearity of the assay, samples containing and/or spiked with high concentrations of TIMPs were serially diluted with Calibrator Diluent to produce samples with values within the dynamic range of the assay.

TIMP-1

		Cell culture supernates	Serum	EDTA plasma	Heparin plasma	Urine
1:2	Average % of Expected	96	106	104	105	101
1.2	Range (%)	78-115	94-124	96-120	96-120	83-122
1.4	Average % of Expected	95	112	105	105	103
1:4	Range (%)	80-119	98-125	96-120	95-115	79-123
1.0	Average % of Expected	92	115	103	104	101
1:8	Range (%)	72-112	95-137	90-118	88-117	82-129

TIMP-2

		Cell culture supernates	Serum	EDTA plasma	Heparin plasma	Urine
1:2	Average % of Expected	103	96	94	97	105
1.2	Range (%)	81-128	83-108	86-100	84-113	89-127
1.4	Average % of Expected	106	102	100	93	107
1:4	Range (%)	76-131	88-116	92-108	66-122	92-131
1.0	Average % of Expected	102	103	102	94	104
1:8	Range (%)	53-128	89-119	94-113	71-122	84-123

TIMP-3

		Cell culture supernates	Serum	EDTA plasma	Heparin plasma	Urine
1.2	Average % of Expected	100	91	86	86	91
1:2	Range (%)	84-116	78-111	71-108	78-109	79-109
1.4	Average % of Expected	96	84	78	75	83
1:4	Range (%)	69-129	72-108	65-102	66-98	75-103
1.0	Average % of Expected	88	83	79	74	80
1:8	Range (%)	65-123	70-102	70-100	64-93	68-102

TIMP-4

		Cell culture supernates	Serum	EDTA plasma	Heparin plasma	Urine
1:2	Average % of Expected	98	91	89	90	98
1.2	Range (%)	82-120	79-109	74-102	78-101	76-115
1.4	Average % of Expected	94	88	89	90	96
1:4	Range (%)	78-115	74-103	79-100	79-107	79-106
1:8	Average % of Expected	88	85	86	86	93
1.0	Range (%)	67-109	73-98	73-101	73-96	79-109

SPECIFICITY

This assay recognizes both natural and recombinant human TIMPs.

Cross-reactivity - The factors listed below were prepared at 200 ng/mL in Calibrator Diluent, assayed, and measured less than 0.5% cross-reactivity unless otherwise noted.

Recombinant human:	Recombinant mouse:	Recombinant rat:
6Ckine	ADAM9	TIMP-1
ADAM9	ADAM10	
ADAM10	ADAM15	
ADAM15	Lipocalin-2	
ADAM33	MMP-2	
ADAMTS1	MMP-3	
ADAMTSL-1	MMP-7	
ADAMTSL-2	MMP-9	
Lipocalin-1	MMP-12	
Lipocalin-2	TACE	
MMP-1	TIMP-1	
MMP-2*	TIMP-2	
MMP-3		
MMP-7		
MMP-9		
MMP-9/TIMP-1 complex*		
MMP-10		
MMP-12		
MMP-13		
MMP-14		
MMP-16		
TACE (ADAM17)		

^{*}Recombinant human MMP-9/TIMP-1 complex cross-reacts approximately 2.39% with TIMP-1 and recombinant human MMP-2 cross-reacts approximately 0.6% with TIMP-2.

Additionally, none of the multiplex partners showed cross-reactivity or interference in the pre-mixed microparticles or biotin-antibodies.

SPECIFICITY CONTINUED

Interference - Preparations of the factors on the previous page were prepared at 200 ng/mL in a mid-range recombinant human TIMP standard and assayed for interference. The following factors interfered:

TIMP-1

Recombinant Factor	Concentration (ng/mL)
Human MMP-9	> 66.67

TIMP-2

Recombinant Factor	Concentration (ng/mL)
Human MMP-9/TIMP-1	> 66.67
Mouse MMP-2	> 0.823

TIMP-3

Recombinant Factor	Concentration (ng/mL)
Human MMP-3	> 66.67
Human MMP-7	> 66.67
Human TACE	> 22.22
Mouse MMP-12	> 22.22
Mouse TACE	> 22.22

TIMP-4

Recombinant Factor	Concentration (ng/mL)
Human TACE	> 22.22
Mouse ADAM10	> 66.67

REFERENCES

- 1. Baker, A.H. et al. (2002) J. Cell Sci. 115:3719.
- 2. Brew, K. et al. (2000) Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1477:267.
- 3. Visse, R. and H. Nagasse (2003) Circ. Res. 92:827.
- 4. Nagase, H. et al. (2006) Cardiovasc. Res. 69:562.
- 5. Jiang, Y. et al. (2002) Oncogene **21**:2245.
- 6. Gasson, J.C. et al. (1985) Nature 315:768.
- 7. Hoegy, S.E. et al. (2001) J. Biol. Chem. 276:3203.

All trademarks and registered trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

©2013 R&D Systems, Inc.