**DESCRIPTION**

**Species Reactivity** Human

**Specificity** Detects human Indoleamine 2,3-dioxygenase/IDO in direct ELISAs.

**Source** Monoclonal Mouse IgG, Clone # 700838

**Purification** Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant

**Immunogen** E. coli-derived recombinant human Indoleamine 2,3-dioxygenase/IDO Ala2-Gly403

**Accession #** P14902

**Conjugate** Phycoerythrin

**Excitation Wavelength:** 488 nm

**Emission Wavelength:** 565-605 nm

**Formulation** Supplied in a saline solution containing BSA and Sodium Azide. See Certificate of Analysis for details.

*Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.

**APPLICATIONS**

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

**Recommended Concentration**

**Sample**

**Intracellular Staining by Flow Cytometry** 10 µL/10^6 cells See Below

**DATA**

**Intracellular Staining by Flow Cytometry**

Detection of Indoleamine 2,3-dioxygenase/IDO in Human MDSCs by Flow Cytometry. Human myeloid-derived suppressor cells (MDSCs) treated with 10 ng/mL Recombinant Human IL-6 (Catalog # 206-IL) and 10 ng/mL Recombinant Human GM-CSF (Catalog # 215-GM) for 7 days were stained with Mouse Anti-Human Siglec-3/CD33 APC-conjugated Monoclonal Antibody (Catalog # FAB1137A) and either (A) Mouse Anti-Human Indoleamine 2,3-dioxygenase/IDO PE-conjugated Monoclonal Antibody (Catalog # IC6030P) or (B) Mouse IgG1 Phycoerythrin Isotype Control (Catalog # IC002P). To facilitate intracellular staining, cells were fixed with Flow Cytometry Fixation Buffer (Catalog # FC004) and permeabilized with Flow Cytometry Permeabilization/Wash Buffer I (Catalog # FC005). View our protocol for Staining Intracellular Molecules.

**PREPARATION AND STORAGE**

**Shipping** The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.

**Stability & Storage** Protect from light. Do not freeze.

- 12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied.

**BACKGROUND**

Indoleamine 2,3-dioxygenase (also known as IDO) is a heme-containing intracellular dioxygenase catalyzing the degradation of the essential amino acid L-tryptophan to N-formyl-kynurenine (1). This degradation is the first and rate-limiting step of the L-kynurenine pathway (2). IDO is widely expressed in dendritic cells, macrophages, microglia, eosinophils, fibroblasts, endothelial cells, and most tumor cells. In immune cells, its expression is mainly induced by cytokines such as IFN-γ, IFN-α, IFN-β, and IL-10. IDO has an antimicrobial function due to its decreasing the availability of the essential amino acid tryptophan in inflammatory environments (3). Recent studies have demonstrated that IDO induces immunosuppression during infection, pregnancy, transplantation, autoimmunity, and neoplasia (3-5).

**References:**