

## DESCRIPTION

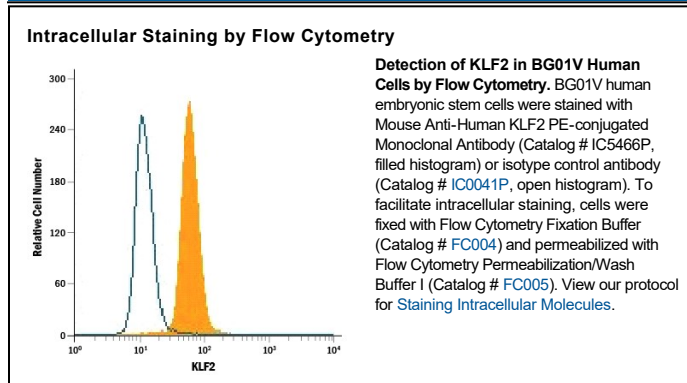
<b>Species Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Specificity</b>	Detects human KLF2 in direct ELISAs. In direct ELISAs, less than 10% cross-reactivity with recombinant human (rh) KLF17 and no cross-reactivity with rhKLF1, 4, 5, 6, 10, 12, recombinant mouse KLF4 or 15 is observed.
<b>Source</b>	Monoclonal Mouse IgG <sub>2B</sub> Clone # 665333
<b>Purification</b>	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant
<b>Immunogen</b>	<i>E. coli</i> -derived recombinant human KLF2 Pro71-Pro168 (predicted) Accession # Q9Y5W3
<b>Conjugate</b>	Phycoerythrin Excitation Wavelength: 488 nm Emission Wavelength: 565-605 nm
<b>Formulation</b>	Supplied in a saline solution containing BSA and Sodium Azide. See Certificate of Analysis for details.  *Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.

## APPLICATIONS

**Please Note:** Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. *General Protocols* are available in the *Technical Information* section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
<b>Intracellular Staining by Flow Cytometry</b>	10 µL/10 <sup>6</sup> cells	See Below

## DATA



## PREPARATION AND STORAGE

<b>Shipping</b>	The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.
<b>Stability &amp; Storage</b>	<b>Protect from light. Do not freeze.</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● 12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied.</li> </ul>

## BACKGROUND

KLF2 (Krüppel-Like Factor 2), also known as LKLF, is a lung-associated, 37 kDa member of the Krüppel C2H2-type zinc-finger protein family. KLF2 is found in airway epithelium, endothelium, monocytes, T and B cells. It is a transcription factor that regulates multiple genes, many of which are involved in cell migration. Human KLF2 is 355 amino acids (aa) in length. It contains an activation domain (aa 1-110), an inhibitory domain (aa 111-267), and three C2H2-type zinc-finger regions (aa 272-354). There is one potential splice form that shows a premature truncation after Asp224. Over aa 71-168, human KLF2 is 82% aa identical to mouse KLF2.