

Rat GM-CSF Alexa Fluor® 750-conjugated Antibody

Monoclonal Mouse IgG_{2B} Clone # 83308

Catalog Number: IC5181S

00 µg

DESCRIPTION	
Species Reactivity	Rat
Specificity	Detects rat GM-CSF in direct ELISAs and Western blots. In direct ELISAs and Western blots, no cross-reactivity with recombinant GM-CSF from mouse, human, or pig is observed.
Source	Monoclonal Mouse IgG _{2B} Clone # 83308
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant
Immunogen	E. coli-derived recombinant rat GM-CSF Ala1-Lys127 Accession # P48750
Conjugate	Alexa Fluor 750 Excitation Wavelength: 749 nm Emission Wavelength: 775 nm
Formulation	Supplied 0.2 mg/mL in a saline solution containing BSA and Sodium Azide. See Certificate of Analysis for details.
	*Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Shee (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.

		Recommended Concentration	Sample
Intracellular Staining by Flow Cytometry		0.25-1 µg/10 ⁶ cells	Rat splenocytes fixed with paraformaldehyde and permeabilized with saponin
PREPARATION AND S	STORAGE		
PREPARATION AND S		l with polar packs. Upon	receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.
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BACKGROUND

APPLICATIONS

GM-CSF was initially characterized as a factor that can support the *in vitro* colony formation of granulocyte-macrophage progenitors. It is also a growth factor for erythroid, megakaryocyte, and eosinophil progenitors. GM-CSF is produced by a number of different cell types (including T cells, B cells, macrophages, mast cells, endothelial cells, fibroblasts, and adipocytes) in response to cytokine or inflammatory stimuli. On mature hematopoietic cells, GM-CSF is a survival factor for and activates the effector functions of granulocytes, monocytes/macrophages, and eosinophils (1, 2). GM-CSF promotes a Th1 biased immune response, angiogenesis, allergic inflammation, and the development of autoimmunity (3-5). It shows clinical effectiveness in ameliorating chemotherapy-induced neutropenia, and GM-CSF transfected tumor cells are utilized as cancer vaccines (6, 7). The 22 kDa glycosylated GM-CSF, similar to IL-3 and IL-5, is a cytokine with a core of four bundled α-helices (8-10). Mature rat GM-CSF shares 56%-69% amino acid sequence identity with canine, feline, human, mouse, and porcine GM-CSF. GM-CSF certs its biological effects through a heterodimeric receptor complex composed of GM-CSF Rα/CD116 and the signal transducing common β chain (CD131) which is also a component of the high-affinity receptors for IL-3 and IL-5 (11, 12). In addition, GM-CSF binds a naturally occurring soluble form of GM-CSF Rα (13). Rat GM-CSF is active on mouse cells, although mouse GM-CSF is only weakly active on rat cells (14, 15).

References:

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