

Species Reactivity	Human	
Specificity	Detects both the pro and active forms of human MMP-3 in direct ELISAs. In direct ELISAs, 50-100% cross-reactivity with recombinant mouse MMP-3 is observed, 10% cross-reactivity with recombinant human (rh) MMP-10 is observed and no cross-reactivity with rhMMP-1, -2, -7, -8, -9, -12 or -13 is observed.	
Source	Monoclonal Mouse IgG ₁ Clone # 50647	
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant	
Immunogen	Chinese hamster ovary cell line CHO-derived recombinant human MMP-3 Tyr18-Cys477 Accession # P08254	
Conjugate	Phycoerythrin Excitation Wavelength: 488 nm Emission Wavelength: 565-605 nm	
Formulation	Supplied in a saline solution containing BSA and Sodium Azide. See Certificate of Analysis for details.	

*Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.

APPLICATIONS			
Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.			
	Recommended Concentration	Sample	



BACKGROUND

Matrix metalloproteinases are a family of zinc and calcium dependent endopeptidases with the combined ability to degrade all the components of the extracellular matrix. MMP-3 (stromelysin-1), can degrade a broad range of substrates including collagen α chains, aggrecan, laminin, fibronectin, elastin, casein, α -1 antitrypsin, myelin basic protein, IL-1 β , IGFBP-3, pro MMP-1, pro MMP-7, pro MMP-9 and pro MMP-13. MMP-3 does not cleave the triple helical region of interstitial collagens, a characteristic which distinguishes the stromelysins from the collagenases. The MMP-3 substrate repertoire extends beyond extracellular matrix proteins and implicates MMP-3 in roles other than direct tissue remodelling, for instance, enzyme cascades and cytokine regulation. MMP-3 is expressed by fibroblasts, chrondrocytes, osteoblasts, endothelial cells, smooth muscle cells and macrophages. Structurally, MMP-3 may be divided into several distinct domains; a pro-domain which is cleaved upon activation; a catalytic domain containing the zinc binding site; a short hinge region and a carboxyl terminal (hemopexin-like) domain.

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