

## DESCRIPTION

<b>Species Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Specificity</b>	Detects human Lck in direct ELISAs. In direct ELISAs, no cross-reactivity with recombinant rat Lck is observed.
<b>Source</b>	Monoclonal Mouse IgG <sub>2A</sub> Clone # 693010
<b>Purification</b>	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant
<b>Immunogen</b>	<i>E. coli</i> -derived recombinant human Lck Met1-Val66 Accession # P06239
<b>Conjugate</b>	Alexa Fluor 647 Excitation Wavelength: 650 nm Emission Wavelength: 668 nm
<b>Formulation</b>	Supplied 0.2 mg/mL in a saline solution containing BSA and Sodium Azide. See Certificate of Analysis for details.  *Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.

## APPLICATIONS

**Please Note:** Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. *General Protocols* are available in the *Technical Information* section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
<b>Intracellular Staining by Flow Cytometry</b>	0.25-1 µg/10 <sup>6</sup> cells	Human peripheral blood lymphocytes fixed with paraformaldehyde and permeabilized with saponin

## PREPARATION AND STORAGE

<b>Shipping</b>	The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.
<b>Stability &amp; Storage</b>	<b>Protect from light. Do not freeze.</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied.</li> </ul>

## BACKGROUND

Lck (p56lck) is a 56 kDa cytosolic phosphoprotein within the Src family of non-receptor tyrosine kinases. The 509 amino acid (aa) human Lck contains an SH3 domain (aa 61-121), an SH2 domain (aa 127-224) and a protein kinase domain (aa 251-259). Within aa 2-66, human Lck shares 89% aa sequence identity with mouse and rat Lck. A short (363 aa) isoform contains alternate sequence starting at aa 348, while a 539 aa isoform contains inserted sequence after aa 321. Lck interacts with T cell CD4 and CD8 molecules and plays a pivotal role in regulating T cell activation. It can be overexpressed in cancers and functions as an oncogene.

## PRODUCT SPECIFIC NOTICES

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